

# Data evaluation, integration and analysis II

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# Statistics for data quality

$$R_{merge} = \frac{\sum_{hkl} \sum_i^n |I_i(hkl) - \langle I(hkl) \rangle|}{\sum_{hkl} \sum_i^n I_i(hkl)}$$

$$R_{meas} = \frac{\sum_{hkl} \sqrt{\frac{n}{n-1}} \sum_i^n |I_i(hkl) - \langle I(hkl) \rangle|}{\sum_{hkl} \sum_i^n I_i(hkl)}$$

Rrim

$$R_{pim} = \frac{\sum_{hkl} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1}} \sum_i^n |I_i(hkl) - \langle I(hkl) \rangle|}{\sum_{hkl} \sum_i^n I_i(hkl)}$$

Merging and standard uncertainties

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_i w_i \sigma_i^2}{n \sum_i w_i} \quad \sigma \approx \frac{\sigma_i}{\sqrt{n}}$$

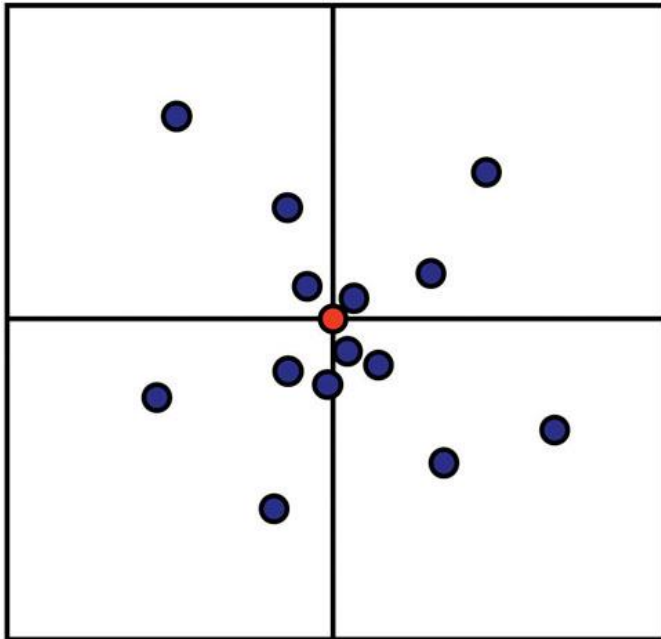
Correlation between two half datasets

$$R_{anom} = \frac{\sum_{hkl} |I(hkl) - I(\overline{hkl})|}{\sum_{hkl} \langle I(hkl) \rangle}$$

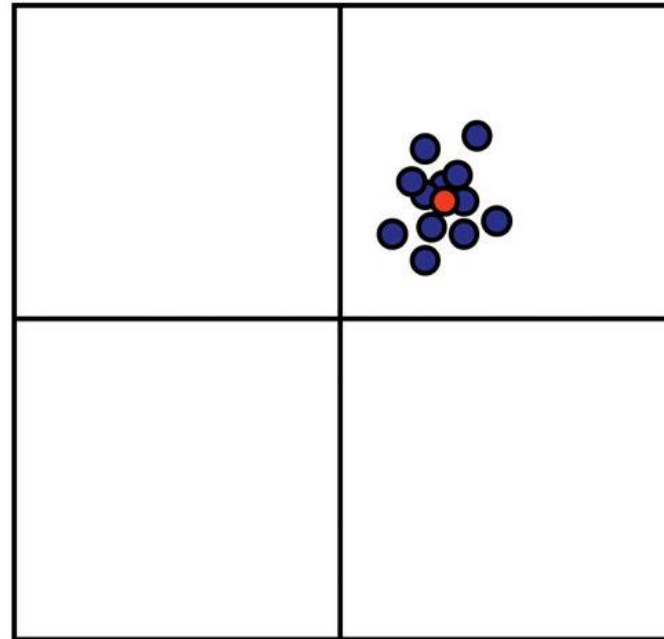
$$CC1/2 = \frac{\sum_i^n ((x_i - \langle x \rangle)(y_i - \langle y \rangle))}{\sqrt{\sum_i^n (x_i - \langle x \rangle)^2 \sum_i^n (y_i - \langle y \rangle)^2}}$$

# Accuracy vs precision

Spread of observation around the true value



Internal consistency



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# Anomalous signal indicators

Anomalous signal-to-noise ratio:  $\frac{\Delta F}{\sigma_{\Delta F}}$

Anomalous signal:  $\frac{\langle \Delta F \rangle}{\langle F \rangle}$  Expected:  $\frac{\langle \Delta F \rangle}{\langle F \rangle} = \frac{\sqrt{2N_A} \delta f''}{\sqrt{N_p} Z_{eff}}$

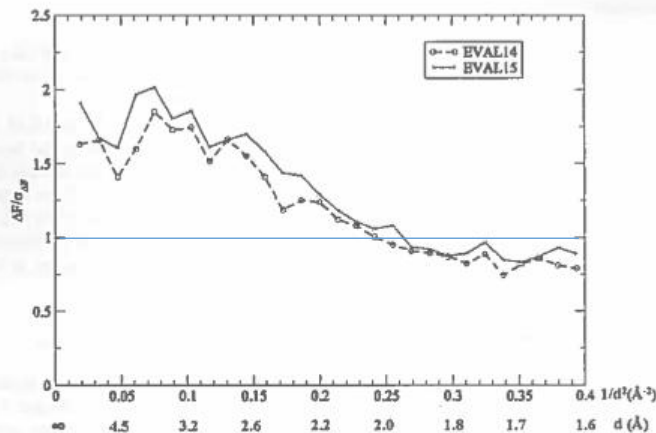


Fig. 3.14 The anomalous signal-to-noise ratio  $\Delta F/\sigma_{\Delta F}$  of the glucose isomerase data versus resolution.

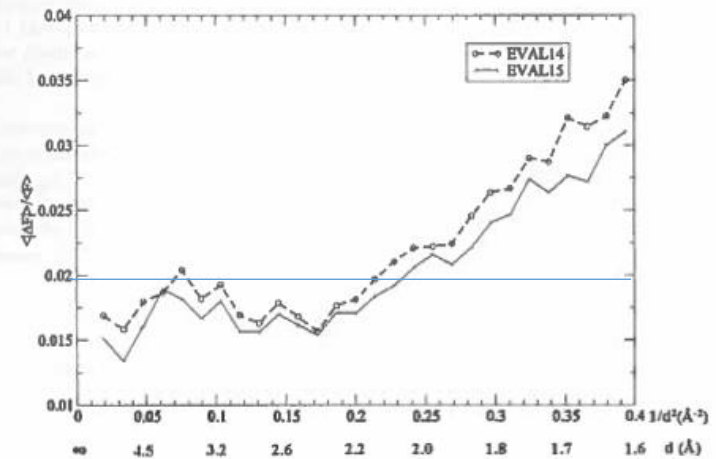
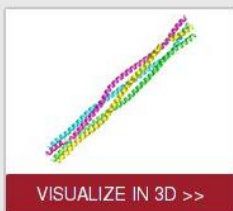


Fig. 3.15  $\langle \Delta F \rangle / \langle F \rangle$  as a function of resolution.

Data evaluation, integration and analysis II

# More noisy data

X-Ray Diffraction data from *M. musculus* SYCP3 residues 105-248, source of 6DD8 structure



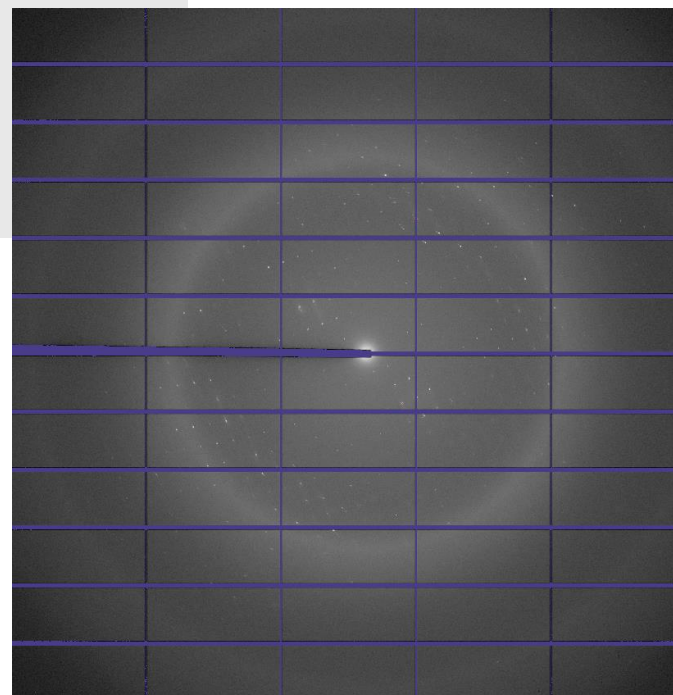
Data DOI: [10.15785/SBGRID/583](https://doi.org/10.15785/SBGRID/583) | ID: 583

Publication DOI: [10.7554/eLife.40372](https://doi.org/10.7554/eLife.40372)

6DD8 Coordinates: [Viewer](#), [PDB \(RCSB\)](#) ([PDBe](#)), [MMDb](#)

[Corbett Laboratory](#), University of California, San Diego

Release Date: Jan. 25, 2019



Pilatus3 6M detector at APS 24-ID-C  
Rotation increment 0.4°

# Statistics

Completeness and Rmerge for Shells  
 Forbid: EDGEVER EDGEROT BADUNIF MAXSHIFT  
 Allow: GOOD WEAK NEGATIVE  
 Require: NONE

limit reso 30.79 2.6 inside limit theta 0.91 10.86 inside  
 theta from 0.0 to 10.855

Sh	Theta	Reso	Meas	Equi	Obs	Mis	Lost	Total	Perc	Cum	Uni1	Uni2+	Nrsym	Redun	Rsym	Rmeas	Rpin	Chi2
1	5.01	5.602	6932	910	7842	48	170	8060	97.3	97.3	18	2102	13284	6.32	0.270	0.298	0.124	428223.25
2	6.32	4.446	7254	836	8090	0	52	8142	99.4	98.3	14	2105	13981	6.64	0.435	0.474	0.186	1985.25
3	7.24	3.884	6932	1028	7960	0	178	8138	97.8	98.2	27	2038	13077	6.42	0.480	0.522	0.204	641.12
4	7.98	3.529	6938	926	7864	0	60	7924	99.2	98.4	23	2011	13233	6.58	0.536	0.584	0.227	167.30
5	8.60	3.276	7346	784	8130	0	52	8182	99.4	98.6	19	2078	14144	6.81	0.629	0.682	0.260	54.97
6	9.14	3.083	6850	1080	7930	0	130	8060	98.4	98.6	18	2024	12863	6.36	0.670	0.730	0.286	29.18
7	9.63	2.928	6830	1138	7968	0	104	8072	98.7	98.6	43	2004	12647	6.31	0.681	0.741	0.288	42.58
8	10.07	2.801	7178	980	8158	0	56	8214	99.3	98.7	31	2067	13608	6.58	0.877	0.953	0.368	13.14
9	10.48	2.693	7156	862	8018	0	22	8040	99.7	98.8	13	2043	13654	6.68	1.078	1.168	0.445	7.13
10	10.86	2.600	7116	778	7894	0	98	7992	98.8	98.8	22	2005	13612	6.79	1.297	1.407	0.538	5.14
=====																		
10.86	2.600	70532	9322	79854	48	922	80824	98.8	98.8	228	20477	134103	6.55	0.410	0.448	0.178	42720.21	

Intensity distribution for Shells, unmerged and merged  
 Forbid: EDGEVER EDGEROT BADUNIF MAXSHIFT  
 Allow: GOOD WEAK NEGATIVE  
 Require: NONE

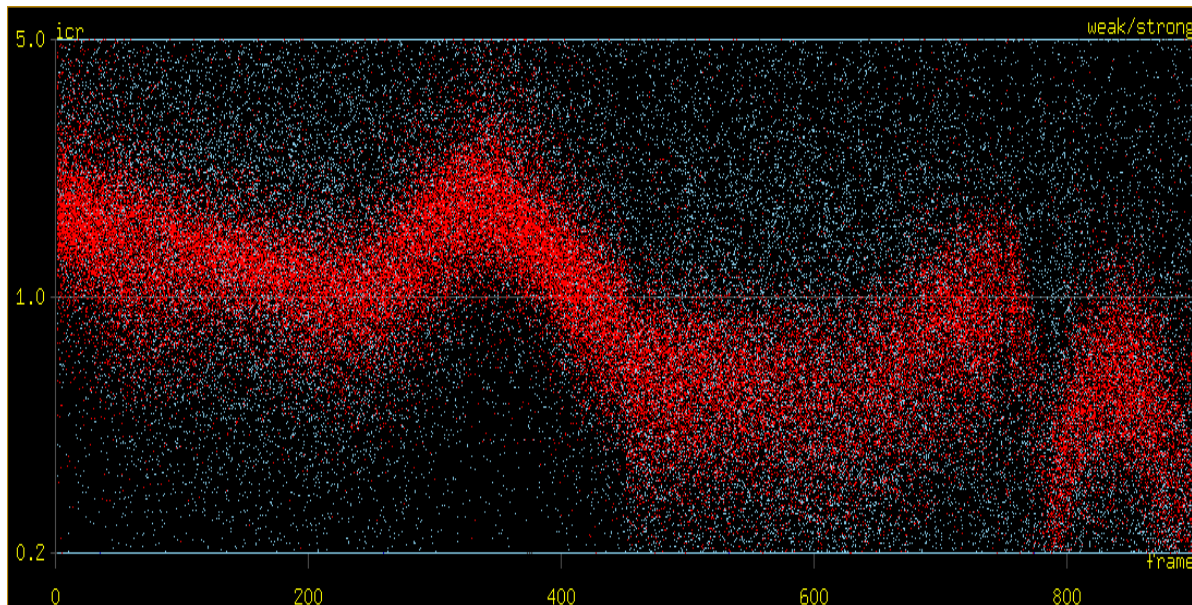
limit reso 30.79 2.6 inside limit theta 0.91 10.86 inside

Sh	Theta	Reso	N	<I>	<s>	<I/s>	Nmerge	<I>	<s>	<I/s>	cc1/2	cc*	npair
1	5.01	5.602	13302	152.64	1.14	100.68	2120	179.26	23.03	7.71	0.918	0.979	2102
2	6.32	4.446	13995	100.13	1.70	36.76	2119	117.96	20.32	6.44	0.905	0.975	2105
3	7.24	3.884	13104	45.48	1.84	19.18	2065	52.27	9.69	5.39	0.872	0.965	2038
4	7.98	3.529	13256	26.18	2.12	10.42	2034	31.09	6.35	4.59	0.841	0.956	2011
5	8.60	3.276	14163	12.26	2.12	5.29	2097	15.00	3.38	3.77	0.820	0.949	2078
6	9.14	3.083	12881	7.96	2.09	3.30	2042	9.35	2.47	2.69	0.835	0.954	2024
7	9.63	2.928	12690	8.34	2.10	3.12	2047	9.37	2.54	2.00	0.877	0.967	2004
8	10.07	2.801	13639	3.79	2.12	1.65	2098	4.44	1.58	1.55	0.781	0.936	2067
9	10.48	2.693	13667	2.60	2.16	1.06	2056	3.01	1.33	1.16	0.827	0.952	2043
10	10.86	2.600	13634	1.92	2.21	0.83	2027	2.32	1.24	1.05	0.795	0.941	2005
=====													
10.86	2.600	134331	36.25	1.96	18.23	20705	43.04	7.28	3.66	0.918	0.978	20477	

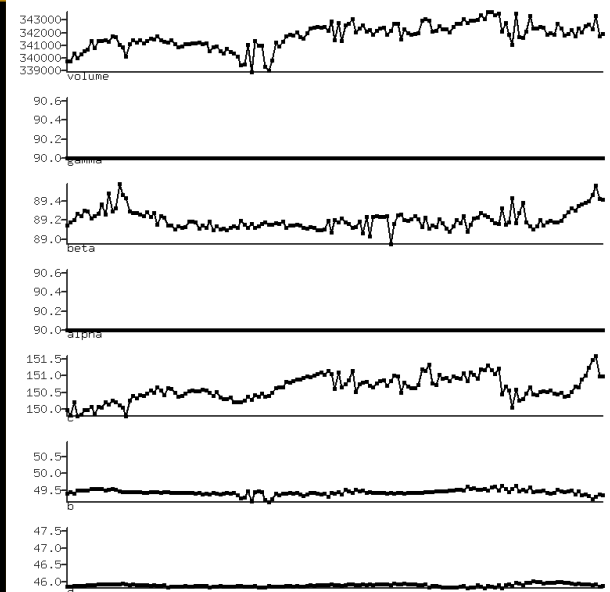
SBgrid 583

# Radiation damage?

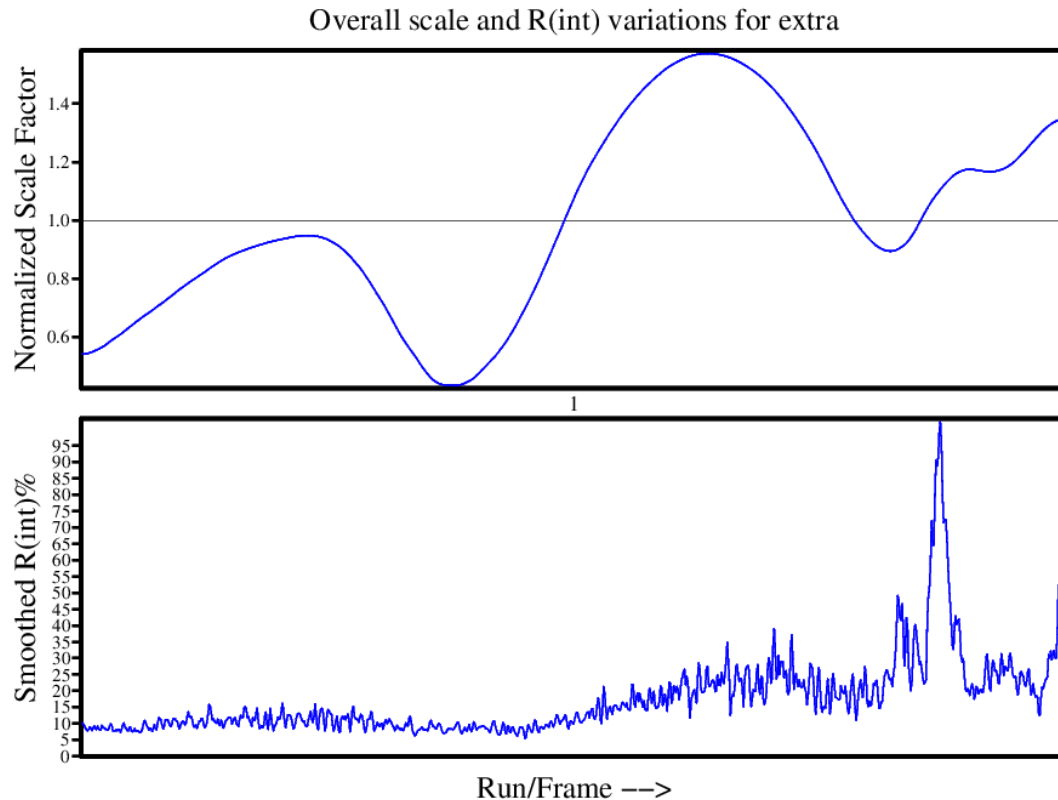
icr = intensity control reflection



Cell dimensions



# Scaling in SADABS



- Increased disorder -> larger B
- Loss in intensity due to structural change: correction to zero dose

B(start)	B(mid)	B(end)	Rad. damage factors
0.000	17.497	34.995	0.558 - 4.381



# Statistics after scaling

```

Completeness and Rmerge for Shells
Forbid: EDGEVER EDGEROT BADUNIF MAXSHIFT SADABS
Allow: GOOD WEAK NEGATIVE
Require: NONE
limit reso 29.99 2.6 inside limit theta 0.94 10.86 inside
theta from 0.935 to 10.855
Sh Theta  Reso  Meas  Equi  Obs  Mis  Lost  Total  Perc  Cum  Unil  Uni2+  Nrsym  Redun  Rsym  Rmeas  Rpin  Chi2
1  5.01  5.602  6080  1686  7766  0  238  8004  97.0  97.0  77  2015  9710  4.82  0.069  0.079  0.036  0.87
2  6.32  4.446  6931  1123  8054  0  88  8142  98.9  98.0  24  2083  11545  5.54  0.072  0.080  0.035  0.99
3  7.24  3.884  6679  1249  7928  0  210  8138  97.4  97.8  41  2016  11295  5.60  0.102  0.113  0.048  1.10
4  7.98  3.529  6806  1052  7858  0  66  7924  99.2  98.1  30  2002  12039  6.01  0.155  0.170  0.070  1.19
5  8.60  3.276  7292  838  8130  0  52  8182  99.4  98.4  27  2070  13389  6.41  0.271  0.295  0.116  1.19
6  9.14  3.083  6819  1111  7930  0  130  8060  98.4  98.4  20  2022  12467  6.17  0.386  0.423  0.169  1.08
7  9.63  2.928  6794  1172  7966  0  104  8070  98.7  98.4  44  2003  12321  6.15  0.394  0.432  0.173  1.01
8  10.07  2.801  7163  997  8160  0  56  8216  99.3  98.5  33  2065  13430  6.50  0.777  0.844  0.326  0.93
9  10.48  2.693  7143  875  8018  0  22  8040  99.7  98.7  15  2041  13497  6.61  1.195  1.296  0.496  0.91
10 10.86  2.600  7105  789  7894  0  98  7992  98.8  98.7  25  2002  13506  6.75  1.608  1.741  0.660  0.91
=====
10.86  2.600  68812  10892  79704  0  1064  80768  98.7  98.7  336  20319  123199  6.06  0.142  0.157  0.065  1.02

```

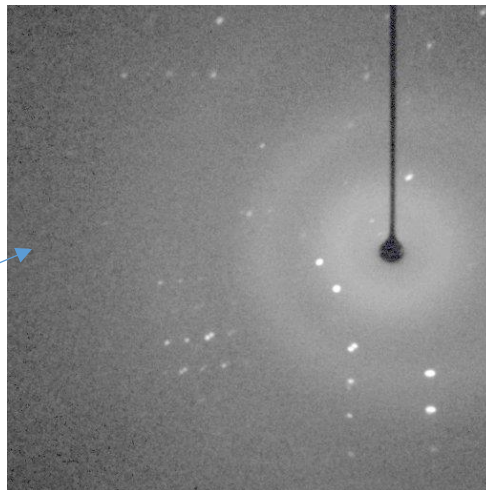
```

Intensity distribution for Shells, unmerged and merged
Forbid: EDGEVER EDGEROT BADUNIF MAXSHIFT SADABS
Allow: GOOD WEAK NEGATIVE
Require: NONE
limit reso 29.99 2.6 inside limit theta 0.94 10.86 inside
Sh Theta  Reso  N  <I>  <s>  <I/s>  Nmerge  <I>  <s>  <I/s>  ccl/2  cc*  npair
1  5.01  5.602  9787  55.10  8.11  5.72  2092  54.29  4.14  11.96  0.989  0.997  2015
2  6.32  4.446  11569  32.74  5.01  5.04  2107  38.44  2.82  11.62  0.997  0.999  2083
3  7.24  3.884  11336  16.62  2.84  4.28  2057  18.14  1.43  9.80  0.994  0.999  2016
4  7.98  3.529  12069  9.94  2.15  3.42  2032  11.31  1.06  8.07  0.989  0.997  2002
5  8.60  3.276  13416  4.83  1.66  2.49  2097  5.46  0.71  6.07  0.976  0.994  2070
6  9.14  3.083  12487  3.08  1.58  1.68  2042  3.49  0.66  3.95  0.971  0.993  2022
7  9.63  2.928  12361  3.11  1.72  1.29  2047  3.53  0.70  3.06  0.983  0.996  2003
8  10.07  2.801  13467  1.56  1.69  0.92  2098  1.75  0.61  2.21  0.913  0.977  2065
9  10.48  2.693  13512  1.05  1.79  0.65  2056  1.22  0.60  1.58  0.886  0.969  2041
10 10.86  2.600  13531  0.84  1.92  0.56  2027  0.98  0.62  1.38  0.777  0.935  2002
=====
10.86  2.600  123535  11.45  2.69  2.45  20655  13.98  1.34  9.99  0.990  0.998  20319

```

# Multi-scan data

Bruker APEXII CCD

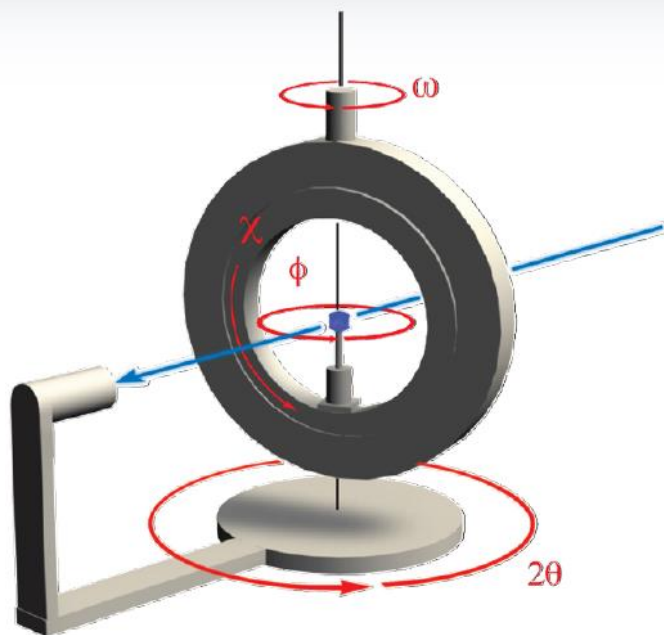


Resolution:

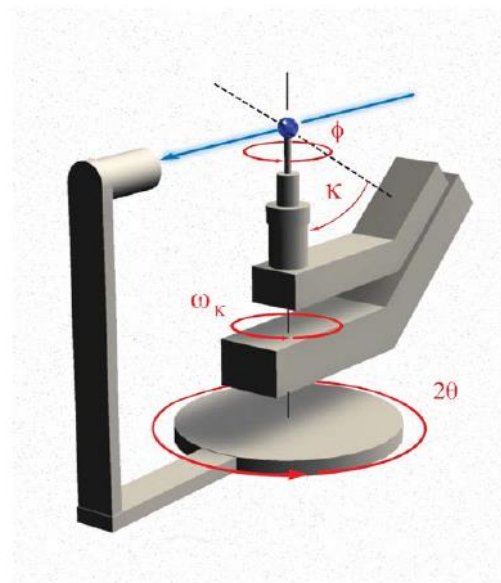
$\theta_{\max}=27.5$   $d=0.77$  Å

Nr	Exp	Rotax	dist	swing	inc	frame	frame	Omega	Chi	Phi	rotstart	rotend	sweep
1	s01f	Phi	45.01	22.1	-0.3	1.00	1076.00	0.00	35.00	0.00	0.00	37.45	-322.80
2	s02f	Phi	45.04	22.1	-0.3	1077.00	1276.00	0.00	35.00	0.00	45.00	-14.98	-60.00
3	s03f	Omega	45.01	22.1	0.3	1277.00	1689.00	0.00	-54.74	-156.00	13.18	137.06	123.90
4	s04f	Omega	45.00	22.1	0.3	1690.00	1961.00	0.00	64.88	0.00	-51.68	29.87	81.60
5	s05f	Omega	44.99	22.1	0.3	1962.00	2374.00	0.00	-54.74	102.00	13.18	137.07	123.90
6	s06f	Omega	45.01	22.1	0.3	2375.00	2787.00	0.00	-54.74	0.00	13.18	137.08	123.90
7	s07f	Omega	45.00	22.1	0.3	2788.00	3200.00	0.00	-54.74	51.00	13.18	137.06	123.90
8	s08f	Omega	44.99	22.1	0.3	3201.00	3613.00	0.00	-54.74	153.00	13.18	137.07	123.90

# Goniometer Geometry



Eulerian Geometry



Kappa Geometry

# Binary image header

- Bruker .sfrm image files have an ascii header
- We normally rely on the data processing software to read metadata from the header and make correct use of it

```
Id=APEX2 Model=D85 [10/02-2786] with KAPPA [50.00000] DetectorType=CCD-LDI-APEX2S
DetectorId=smart10022786 CalibrationId=smart10022786 GoniostatType=x8 GoniostatId=smart10022786
Date=10/03/16 12:28:01 repeats=1 IntegrationTime=15.0 nx=512 ny=512 Binned=no Theta=11.054 Omega=0.0
Chi=35.0 Phi=-0.0 Interval=-0.3 Dx=45.0 RadiationType=XRAY HV=50 MA=30 PixelXsize=120.0
PixelYsize=120.0 Detgain=15.668 DataTypeRead=u8 DataTypeWrite=u8 Target=MO Alpha1=0.7093
Alpha2=0.71359 Alpha ratio=1.99996 Polarisation=PARALLEL CryoTemperature=150.0
CryoActualTemperature=150.0 DetectorTemperature=-57.43 BeamHor=-0.757 BeamVer=-0.042 Format=100
Nunderflow=76 UnderflowSize=1 Noverflow1=37985 Noverflow2=0
Swing=22.108 Dist=45.0 Axis=3 RotAxis=Phi StartPos=0.0 35.0 -0.0 EndPos=0.0 35.0 -0.3
MeanPos=0.0 35.0 -0.15 Goniostat=0.0 35.0 0.0 RotStart=-0.0 RotInc=-0.3 RotEnd=-0.3 RotValue=-0.15
OverflowLevel=960000 RescaleFactor=16.0 RescaleLevel=120000.0 DoSwapHeader=on DoSwapData=on
No AdcZero correction fast=right slow=down
,
```

VIEW (EVAL software suite)

# Twin crystal: indexing

```

1000 c-vectors from file i.drx. 3749 input reflections ignored
Dirax> go
165999834 triplets
30000 triplets used
Randomizing [i,j,k]...
30000 random triplets
29999 triplet vectors
Squishd: 29999 t vectors ==> 29996 t vectors
Sorting 29996 t vectors...
Reducing 29996 t vectors ==> 28185 t vectors

```

Ac1	nH	a	b	c	alpha	beta	gamma	Volume	S
371	9	4.681	5.223	58.300	90.10	91.53	114.50	1296	
362	5	1.789	4.269	8.373	89.99	92.93	96.13	63	?
356	56	8.351	9.153	13.554	104.49	90.22	90.16	1003	
262	21	8.256	9.133	13.538	105.37	91.96	91.23	983	
:									
250	153	8.340	9.078	13.572	105.34	91.37	90.69	991	
240	20	8.390	9.176	13.336	104.95	90.79	91.85	991	
239	51	8.333	9.147	13.459	104.54	90.85	90.60	993	
236	17	8.408	9.002	13.784	105.90	91.88	90.99	1002	
:									
34	7	6.226	6.228	9.377	81.93	82.52	84.71	356	
28	3	3.952	4.107	4.853	90.36	104.70	98.26	75	?
250	153	8.340	9.078	13.572	105.34	91.37	90.69	991	

```

selected ACL 250

```

# Non-merohedral twin crystal: indexing

Correlation=-0.82

	a	b	c	alpha	beta	gamma	volume
Save A :	8.340	9.078	13.572	105.34	91.37	90.69	990.5
Save B :	8.367	9.075	13.593	105.22	91.48	91.03	995.2

Volume ratio = 0.995 Trying 64 solutions

Nr	Rotangle	Rotvec(xyz)			RotVec(hkl)			( angle)	RotVec(uvw)			( angle)	Obliq	Fom
1	1.819	-0.8603	0.5098	0.0042	0.04	7.01	-8.00	( 0.34)	0.06	12.00	-5.02	( 0.22)	0.18	8.860
2	179.989	0.4740	0.7873	0.3942	-1.00	0.01	0.04	( 1.79)	-1.00	0.00	0.00	( 0.07)	1.75	1.140 U

Selected Solution 2

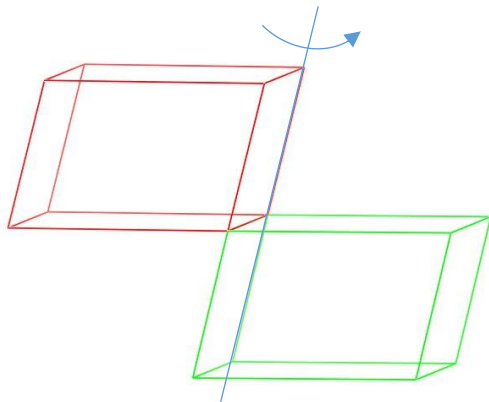
	a	b	c	alpha	beta	gamma	volume
Save A :	8.340	9.078	13.572	105.34	91.37	90.69	990.5 <
Save B :	8.367	9.075	13.593	105.22	91.48	91.03	995.2 <

H' = +1.003\*H +0.001\*K +0.001\*L

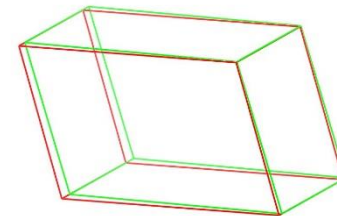
K' = -0.032\*H -1.000\*K -0.001\*L

L' = -0.079\*H -0.002\*K -1.002\*L

Nr	Rotangle	Rotvec(xyz)			RotVec(hkl)			( angle)	RotVec(uvw)			( angle)	Obliq	Fom
2	179.989	0.4740	0.7873	0.3942	-1.00	0.01	0.04	( 1.79)	-1.00	0.00	0.00	( 0.07)	1.75	1.140 U<

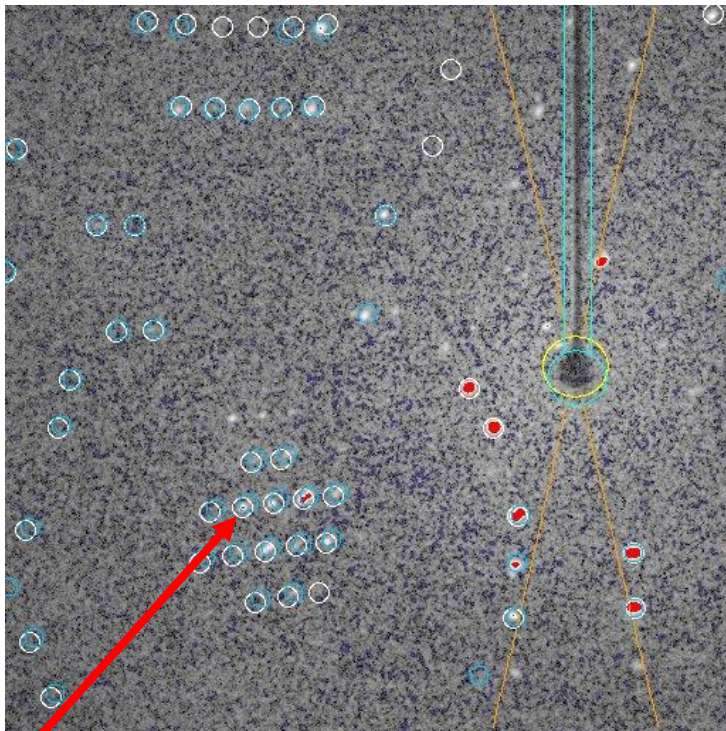


$(h,k,l)$  transforms to  $\sim (h,-k,-l)$





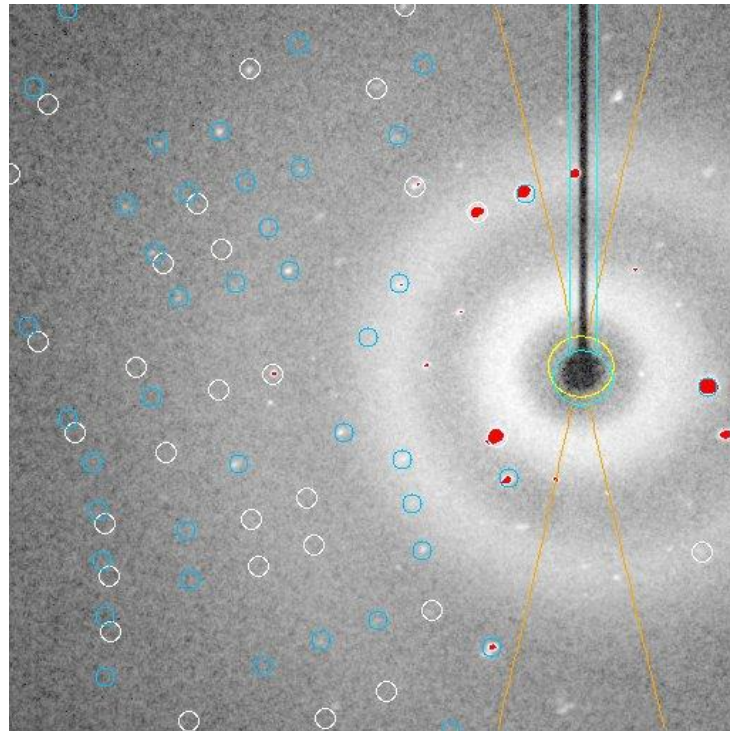
# Twin crystal: indexing



A:  $hkl\ 2\ 2\ 9$   
B:  $hkl\ 2\ -2\ -9$

View  $\sim a^*$

Frame 1



Frame 200

# Validation and open science

---

Inspect the images:

- Where all Bragg spots predicted and integrated?
- Did we understand all features we observed?
- Are we confident the structure solution and refinement is not (strongly) affected by remaining unexplained features
- Data may be useful for other researcher or software developers. Open science is advocated by research funders: please archive you data in a public repository
- Take care the data is FAIR. Correct and sufficient metadata is essential.

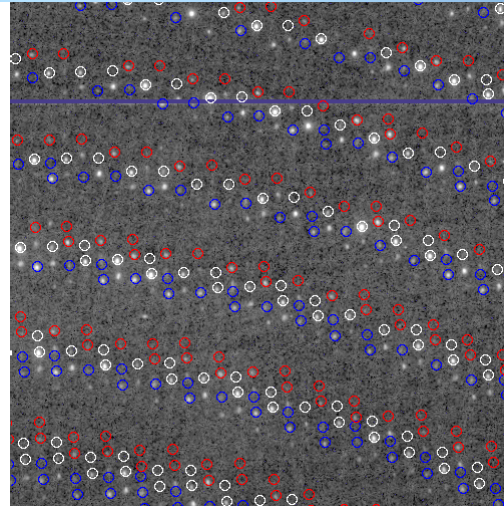


# Core Metadata

Core Metadata	imgCIF tags
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Data binary format</b></li> <li>• <b>Number of pixels, pixel size (binning mode)</b></li> <li>• <b>Beam Center (mm, pixels)</b></li> <li>• <b>Origin of data frame</b></li> <li>• <b>Wavelength</b></li> <li>• <b>Rotation axis</b></li> <li>• <b>Rotation range per frame</b></li> <li>• <b>Axes and offsets</b></li> <li>• <b>Detector-to-sample distance</b></li> </ul>	<p><code>_array_structure_byte_order, _array_structure_compression_type</code></p> <p><code>_array_structure_list.index;</code>  <code>_array_structure_list.dimensions</code>  <code>_array_element_size.size</code></p> <p><code>_diffrn_detector_element.center[1]</code>  <code>_diffrn_detector_element.center[2]</code></p> <p><code>_diffraction_radiation.wavelength.wavelength</code></p> <p><code>_diffrn_scan_axis.axis_id,</code>  <code>_diffrn_scan_axis.displacement_start</code>  <code>_diffrn_scan_axis.displacement.increment</code></p> <p><code>_axis.id, _axis.vector[1].., _axis.offset[1]..</code></p>

# Incommensurate modulation

E. coli enzyme N-acetyl-neuraminic lyase

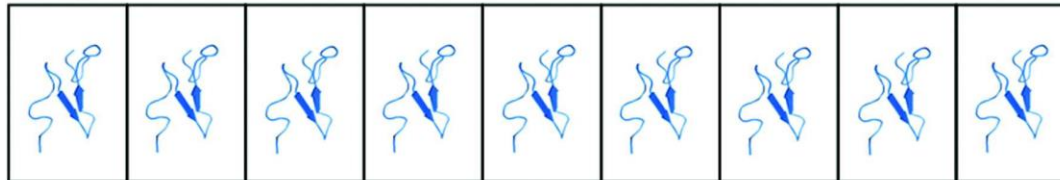


```

rmat from jlr.rmat
checking laue with one qvector
qvec setup for symmetry 2/m
RMAT 1 jlr
      RMAT
-0.0172030 -0.0026438 -0.0008334
-0.0075459 0.0064414 -0.0017993
-0.0041504 -0.0007531 -0.0124649
Determinant: 0.1606476E-05
      DMAT
-50.8232994 -20.1229591 6.3027682
-53.9012222 131.3275757 -15.3532276
20.1790657 -1.2342228 -81.3962860
622480.2
cell from rmat: 55.02423 142.78653 83.86938 90.0003 109.1485 90.0002 V= 622480.25
pg constrained: 55.02423 142.78653 83.86938 90.0000 109.1485 90.0000 V= 622480.19
Sigma 0.0266 0.0627 0.0144 0.011 0.019 0.025 Volume 283.49
Bravais=P pg=2/m
Qvctype=2 MODULATED
ActiveQvecRadius=0.007152
QVEC   dh      dk      dl   Order
      1 0.1653 0.0000 0.4316    1
3 generated QV Combinations
    
```

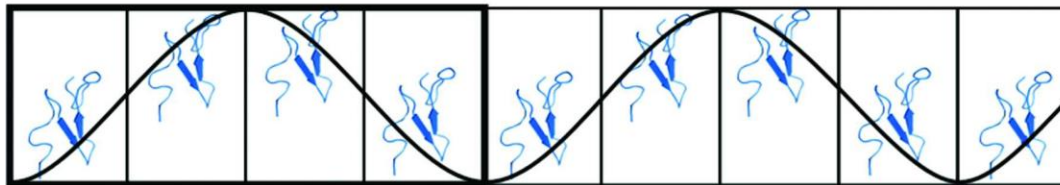
# Incommensurate modulation: example

Periodic



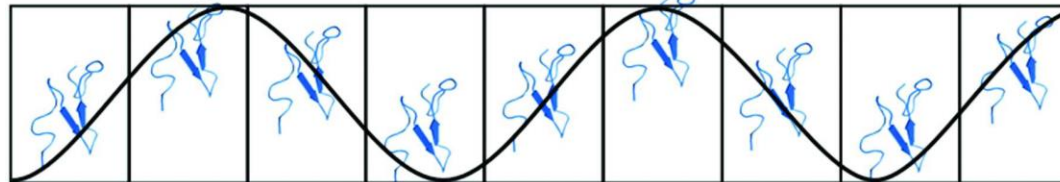
(a)

Commensurate ( $q = 0.25b^*$ )



(b)

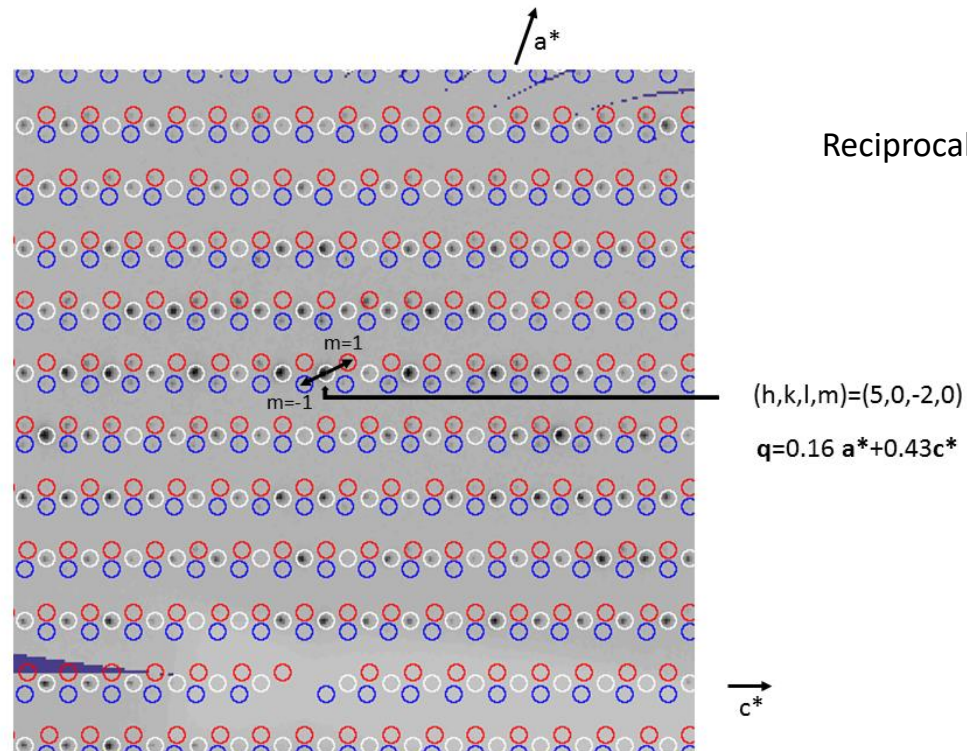
Incommensurate ( $q = 0.2853...b^*$ )



(c)

Porta et al. (2011). *Acta Cryst.* D67, 628–638, 745

# Incommensurate modulation: q-vector



# Incommensurate modulation

## SCIENTIFIC REPORTS

OPEN

### Pathological macromolecular crystallographic data affected by twinning, partial-disorder and exhibiting multiple lattices for testing of data processing and refinement tools

Received: 23 January 2018  
Accepted: 19 September 2018  
Published online: 05 October 2018

Ivan Campeotto<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Andrey Lebedev<sup>4</sup>, Antoine M. M. Schreurs<sup>5</sup>, Loes M. J. Kroon-Batenburg<sup>5</sup>, Edward Lowe<sup>2</sup>, Simon E. V. Phillips<sup>1,4</sup>, Garib N. Murshudov<sup>6</sup> & Arwen R. Pearson<sup>1,7</sup>

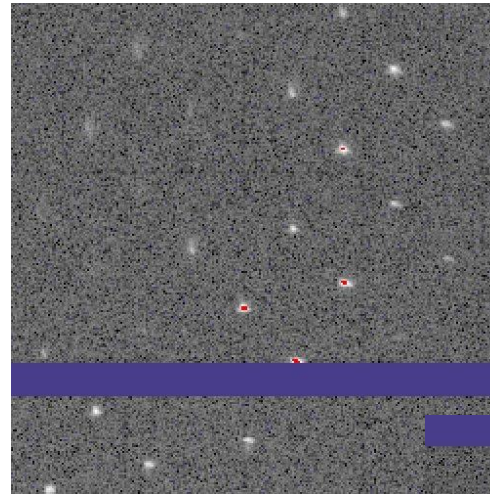
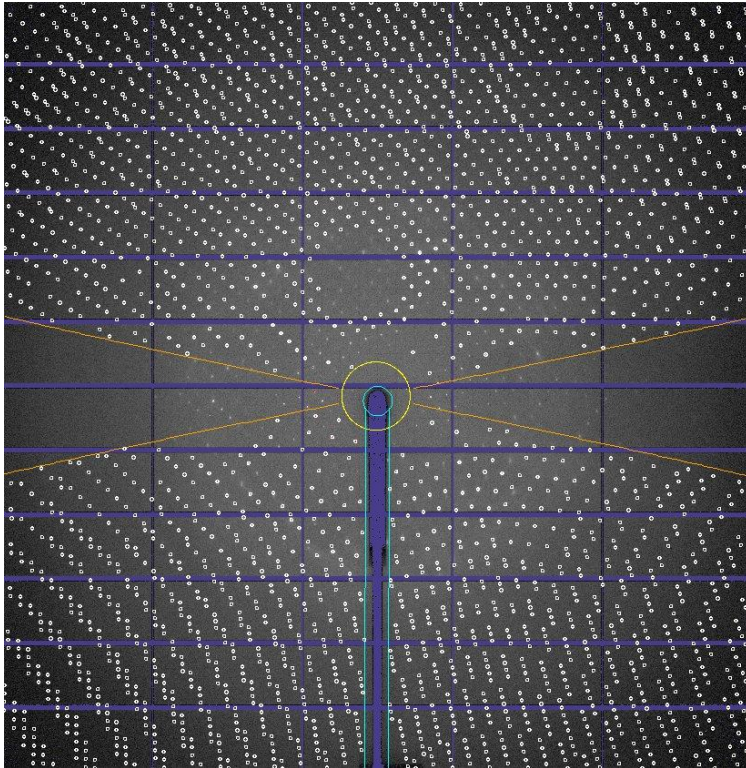
#### Data Records

The datasets (raw diffraction images) discussed in this manuscript have been deposited in the publicly available database zenodo at, <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.54568> and <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1240503>. Structural models and processed structure factor data deposited in the PDB are available under the accession codes given in Table 1, with the exception of dataset Y137A, as the R factor indices were not satisfactory for PDB deposition.



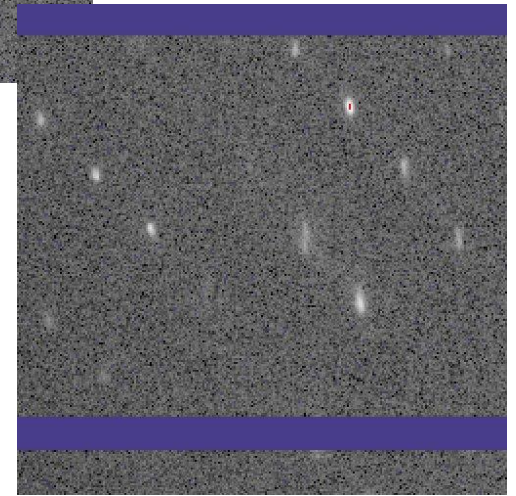
# Watch out! Diffuse scattering

Frame 1



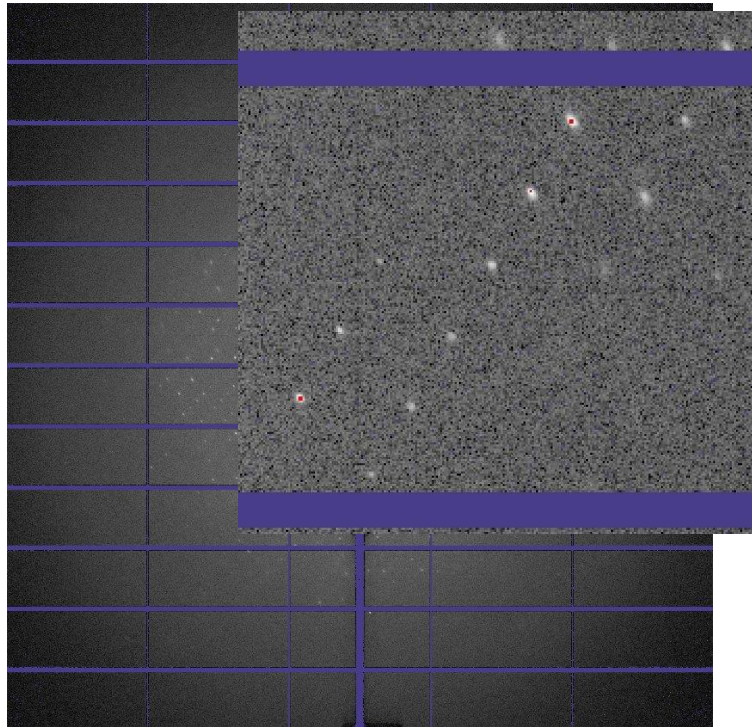
ROR2-CRD protein  
R. Van Scherpenzeel  
Thesis, Utrecht 2018

**Pilatus 6M hybrid pixel**

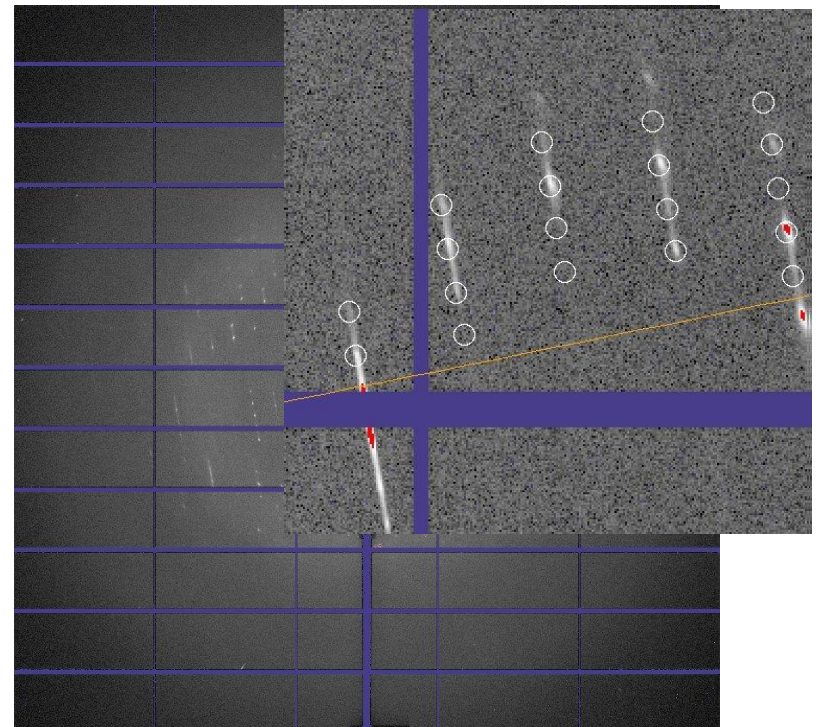


# Watch out! Diffuse scattering

Frame 90

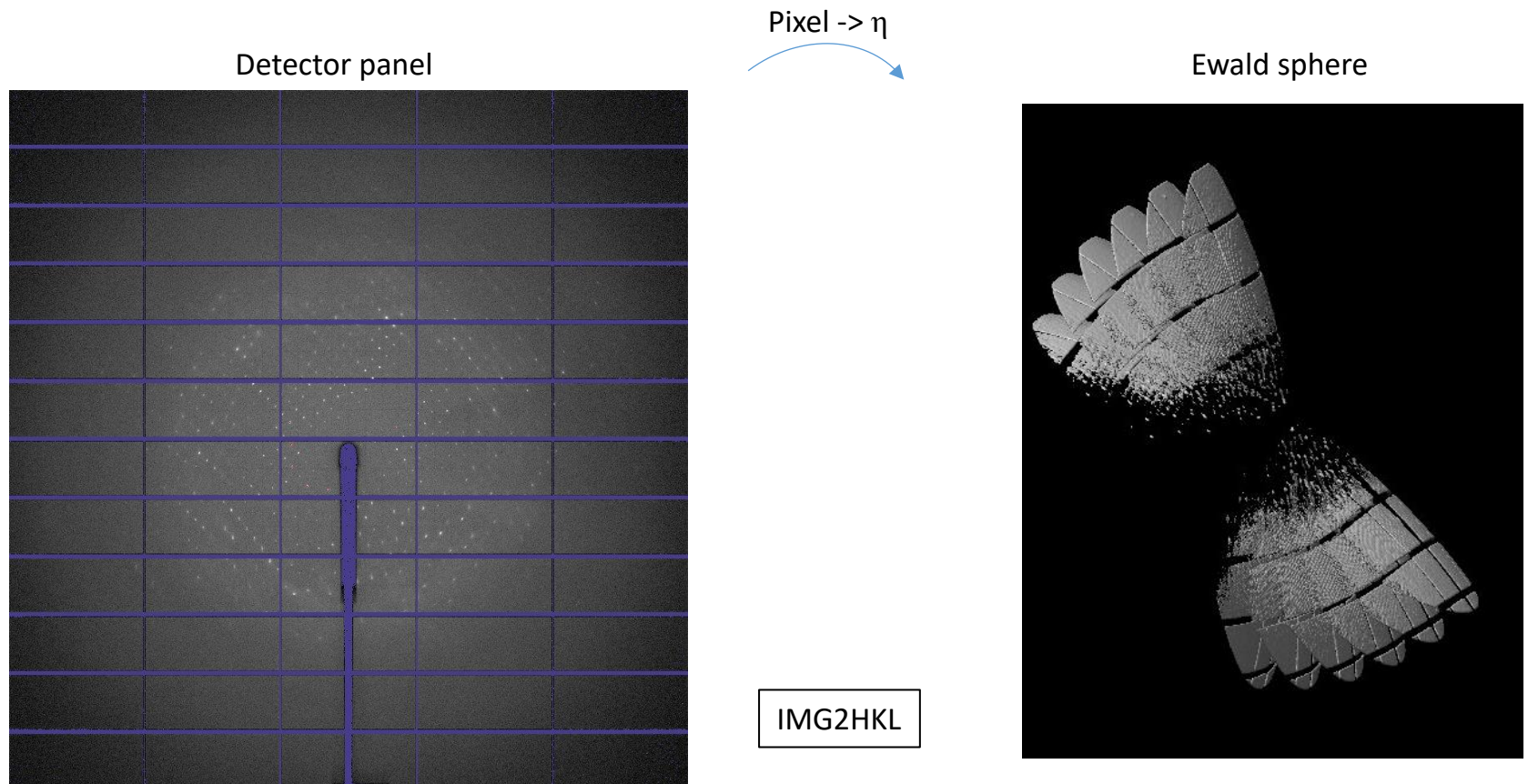


Frame 45





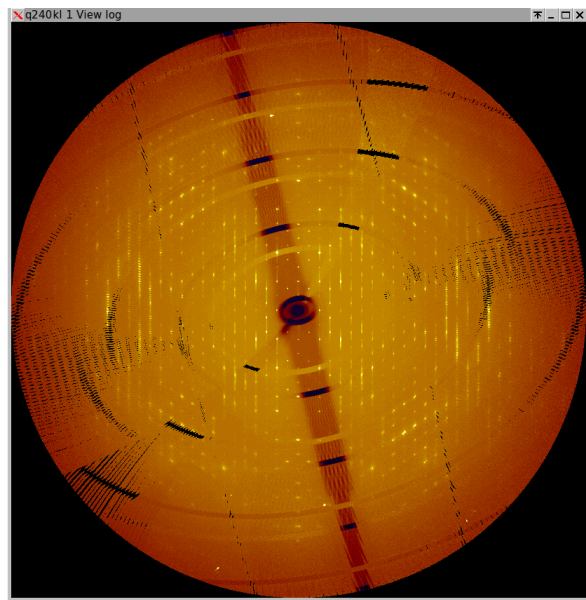
# Mapping detector pixels to reciprocal space



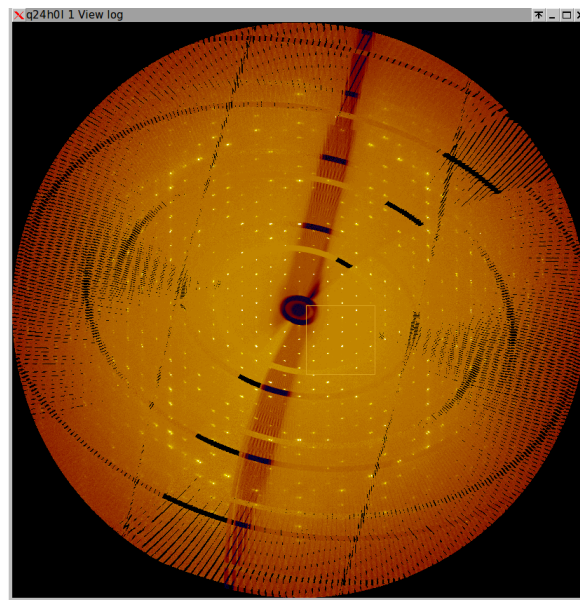


# Reciprocal space reconstructions

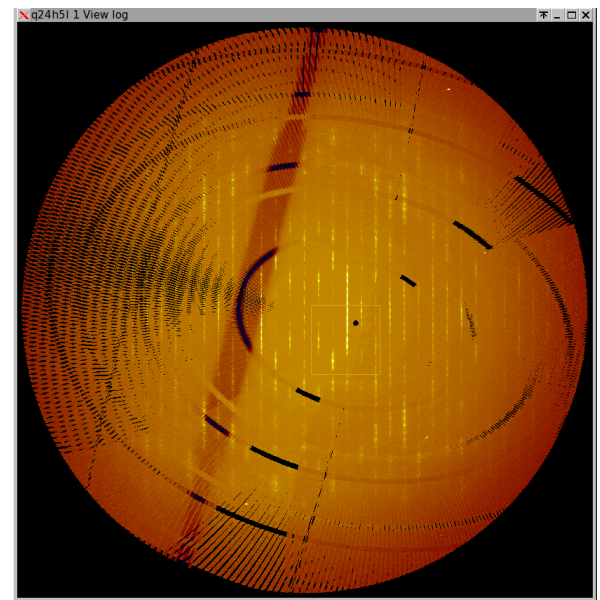
Streaks in  $b^*$ -direction



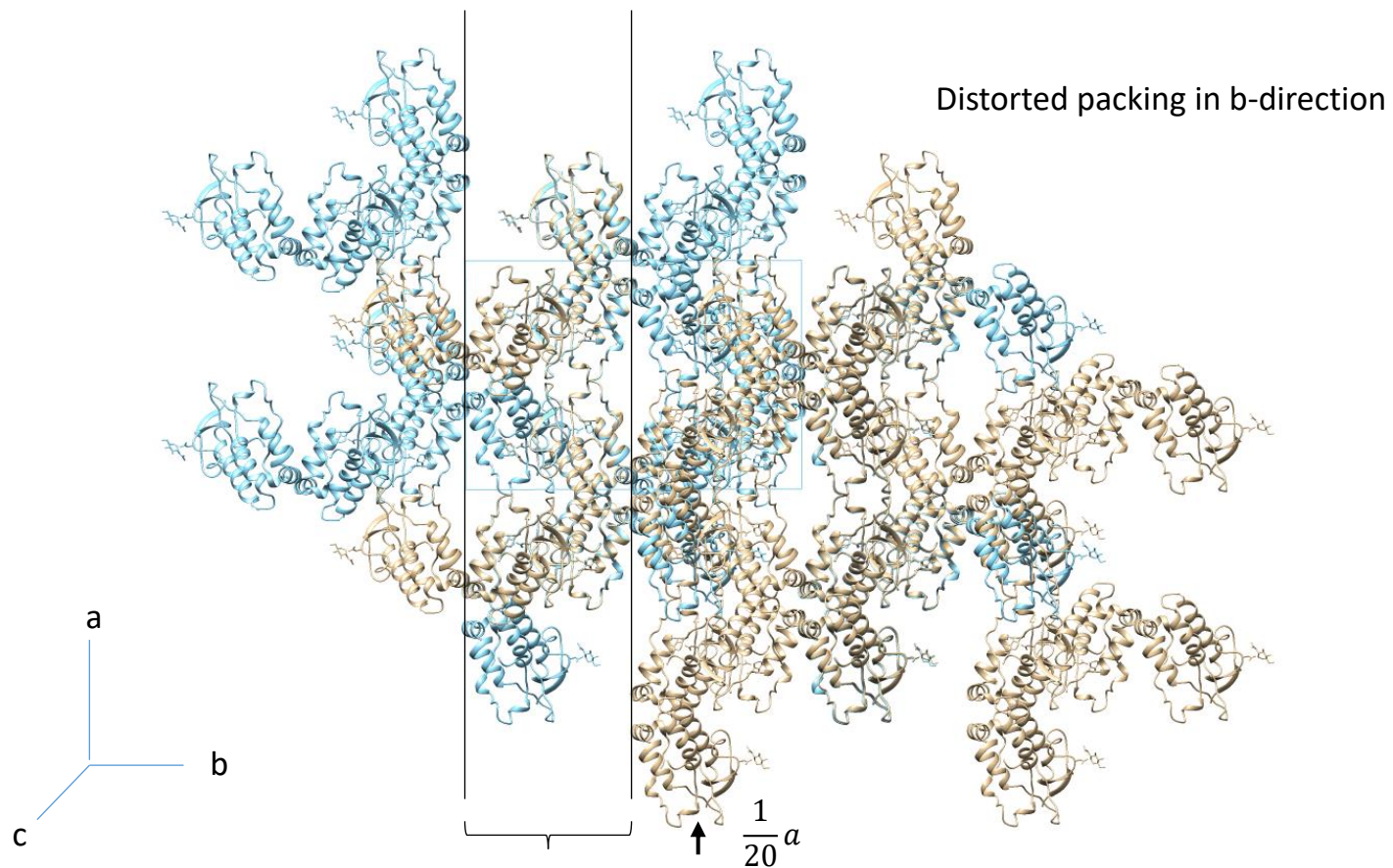
$hk0$



$0kl$



$5kl$



# Space group determination

XPREP

SBgrid 583

Determination of reduced (Niggli) cell

Transformation from original cell (HKLF-matrix):

```
1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 1.0000
```

Unitcell: 45.898 49.431 150.563 90.00 89.26 90.00

Niggli form: a.a = 2106.62 b.b = 2443.44 c.c = 22669.28  
b.c = 0.00 a.c = 89.30 a.b = 0.00

Search for higher METRIC symmetry

Identical indices and Friedel opposites combined before calculating R(sym)

```
-----
Option A: FOM = 0.740 deg. ORTHORHOMBIC P-lattice R(sym) = 0.732 [ 25203]
Cell: 45.898 49.431 150.563 90.00 89.26 90.00 Volume: 341567.50
Matrix: 1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 1.0000
```

```
-----
Option B: FOM = 0.000 deg. MONOCLINIC P-lattice R(sym) = 0.054 [ 15691]
Cell: 45.898 49.431 150.563 90.00 90.74 90.00 Volume: 341567.50
Matrix: 1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 -1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 -1.0000
```

```
-----
Option C: FOM = 0.740 deg. MONOCLINIC P-lattice R(sym) = 0.751 [ 16048]
Cell: 45.898 150.563 49.431 90.00 90.00 89.26 Volume: 341567.50
Matrix: 1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 1.0000 0.0000 -1.0000 0.0000
```

```
-----
Option D: FOM = 0.740 deg. MONOCLINIC P-lattice R(sym) = 0.777 [ 15447]
Cell: 49.431 45.898 150.563 90.74 90.00 90.00 Volume: 341567.50
Matrix: 0.0000 1.0000 0.0000 1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 -1.0000
```

Option E retains original cell

[A] Triclinic, [M] Monoclinic, [O] Orthorhombic, [T] Tetragonal,  
[H] Trigonal/Hexagonal, [C] Cubic or [E] EXIT

Select option [M]:

Lattice exceptions: P A B C I F Obv Rev All

```
N (total) = 0 61703 61680 61679 61633 92531 82442 82433 123535
N (int>3sigma) = 0 22732 22794 22980 22872 34253 30745 30520 45882
Mean intensity = 0.0 2.5 2.6 2.4 2.4 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.5
Mean int/sigma = 0.0 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6
```

Lattice type [P, A, B, C, I, F, O(obv.), R(rev. rhomb. on hex. axes)]

Select option [P]:

Mean |E\*E-1| = 1.045 [expected .968 centrosym and .736 non-centrosym]

Systematic absence exceptions:

```

-2l- -a- -c- -n-
N      35 2395 2383 2396
N I>3s 4 1133 1087 1062
<I>    0.1 4.6 5.3 5.1
<I/s>  1.1 3.3 3.2 3.1
```

Identical indices and Friedel opposites combined before calculating R(sym)

Option	Space Group	No.	Type	Axes	CSD	R(sym)	N(eq)	Syst. Abs.	CFOM
[A] P2	# 3	chiral	1	29	0.054	15691	0.0 /	1.1 22.00	
[B] P2/m	# 10	centro	1	21	0.054	15691	0.0 /	1.1 14.25	
[C] Pm	# 6	non-cen	1	1	0.054	15691	0.0 /	1.1 68.67	
[D] P2(1)	# 4	chiral	1	3543	0.054	15691	1.1 /	2.6 15.13	
[E] P2(1)/m	# 11	centro	1	402	0.054	15691	1.1 /	2.6 6.38	

Chiral -> P2<sub>1</sub>

# Negative intensities

From Intensities to structure factor amplitudes

$$F = \sqrt{I}$$

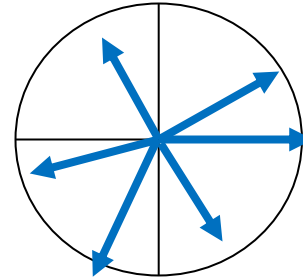
$$2 \frac{\sigma_F}{F} = \frac{\sigma_I}{I} \quad \rightarrow \quad \sigma_F = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_I}{\sqrt{I}}$$

Conserving relative errors

# Wilson distribution

centric:

$$P(J) = (2\pi \sum_N J)^{-1/2} \exp(-J / 2 \sum_N)$$

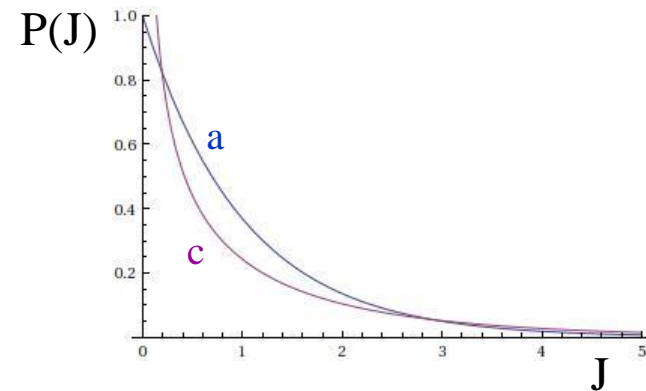


adding atomic  
contributions to F

acentric:

$$P(J) = \sum_N^{-1} \exp(-J / \sum_N)$$

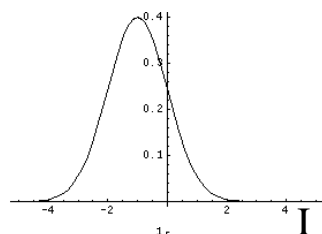
$$\sum_N = \sum_j f_j^2$$



# Unconditional structure factor probability distribution

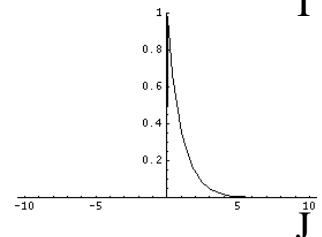
Inflating negative and weak intensities

$$P(J|I) = P(I|J)P(J)$$



$$P(I|J) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp(- (I - J)^2 / 2\sigma^2)$$

$$I = -1.0 \quad J = \text{true value} \\ \sigma = 1.0$$



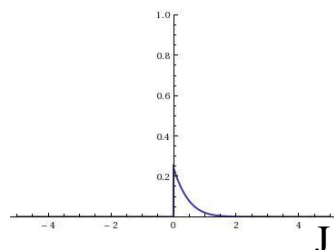
$$P(J) = \sum_N^{-1} \exp(-J/\Sigma_N) \quad \text{if } J \geq 0$$

Wilson distribution

$$P(J) = 0$$

if  $J < 0$

$\Sigma_N = \text{mean } I \text{ in resolution shell} = 20$



$$\text{Estimate: } E(J|I) = \int_0^{\infty} J P(I|J)P(J)dJ = 0.51$$

Implemented in TRUNCATE

French & Wilson (1978): Bayesian statistics

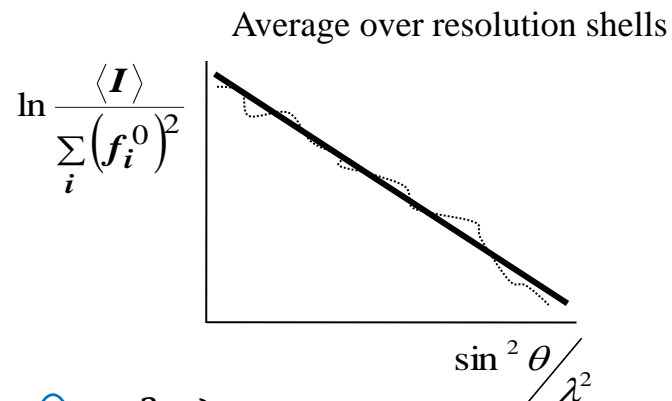
# Wilson plot

$$P(I) = \sum_N^{-1} \exp(-I / \sum_N)$$

$$I_{\text{abs}}(\boldsymbol{\eta}) = |F(\boldsymbol{\eta})|^2 = F(\boldsymbol{\eta}) \cdot F^*(\boldsymbol{\eta}) = \sum_i \sum_j f_i f_j \exp\{2\pi i(\mathbf{r}_i - \mathbf{r}_j) \cdot \boldsymbol{\eta}\}$$

$$\langle I_{\text{abs}}(\boldsymbol{\eta}) \rangle = \sum_i f_i^2 = \sum_N$$

$$f_i^2 = (f_i^0)^2 \exp\left\{-2B \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\lambda^2}\right\}$$



$$\langle I_{\text{exp}}(\vec{s}) \rangle = k \langle I_{\text{abs}}(\vec{s}) \rangle = k \exp\left\{-2\textcolor{blue}{B} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\lambda^2}\right\} \sum_i (f_i^0)^2$$

Wilson B-factor

# Scale factor and B-factor

After determining the scale factor and B-factor,  $F_{\text{calc}}$  and  $F_{\text{obs}}$  can be compared in refinement

Minimize: 
$$\sum_{hkl} (|F_{\text{obs}}(hkl)| - k |F_{\text{calc}}(hkl)|)^2$$

$$F_{\text{calc}}(hkl) = \sum_{j=1}^N f_j \exp\{-B_j(\sin\theta/\lambda)^2\} \exp\{2\pi i(hx_j + ky_j + lz_j)\}$$



# Cherish your data

---

- ❑ Check that you have understood what you see in the diffraction images
- ❑ Could unprocessed features influence your structure determination/refinement results?
- ❑ Archive your raw data in a FAIR way to:
  - Allow other researchers to conduct further research based your experiments
  - Allow reanalysis at a later date, especially to extract 'new' science as new techniques are developed
  - Provide example materials for teaching and learning.