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C
      PROGRAM SMERG
C
C Fortran-77 sort-merge solution for Siena exercise
C
      PARAMETER (NX=2000000)
      INTEGER IH(NX), IK(NX), IL(NX), IP(NX), IQ(NX)
      REAL FF(NX), SI(NX), SY(12,24)
C
C Read data from standard input
C
      READ(*, '(/)')
      READ(*, *) NS
      READ(*, *) ((SY(I, J), I=1, 12), J=1, NS)
      NR=0
1     N=NR+1
      IF (N.GT.NX) STOP '** Too many reflections **'
      READ(*, *, END=5) IH(N), IK(N), IL(N), FF(N), SI(N)
      IP(N)=N
      NR=N
C
C Convert reflection indices to standard setting
C
      U=REAL(IH(N))
      V=REAL(IK(N))
      W=REAL(IL(N))
      DO 4 M=-1, 1, 2
          DO 3 J=1, NS
              I=M*NINT(SY(1, J)*U+SY(4, J)*V+SY(7, J)*W)
              K=M*NINT(SY(2, J)*U+SY(5, J)*V+SY(8, J)*W)
              L=M*NINT(SY(3, J)*U+SY(6, J)*V+SY(9, J)*W)
              IF (L.LT.IL(N)) GOTO 3
              IF (L.GT.IL(N)) GOTO 2
              IF (K.LT.IK(N)) GOTO 3
              IF (K.GT.IK(N)) GOTO 2
              IF (I.LE.IH(N)) GOTO 3
2            IH(N)=I
              IK(N)=K
              IL(N)=L
3            CONTINUE
4            CONTINUE
      GOTO 1
C
C Sort pointer arrays on h, then k, then l
C
      5    CALL INSORT(NR, IP, IQ, IH)
          CALL INSORT(NR, IQ, IP, IK)
          CALL INSORT(NR, IP, IQ, IL)
C
C Combine equivalents - now contiguous
C
      R=0.
      S=0.
      NU=NR
      NC=0
      N=1
      6    IF (N.GT.NR) GOTO 16
          M=N
          MQ=IQ(M)
          P=0.
          Q=0.
          7    NQ=IQ(N)
              IF (IH(NQ).NE.IH(MQ).OR.IK(NQ).NE.IK(MQ).OR.IL(NQ).NE.IL(MQ)) GOTO 8
              P=P+FF(NQ)
              Q=Q+1./SI(NQ)**2
              N=N+1
              IF (N.LE.NR) GOTO 7

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8      P=P/REAL(N-M)
Q=1./SQRT(Q)
C
C Detect systematic absences and centric reflections
C
      U=REAL(IH(MQ))
      V=REAL(IK(MQ))
      W=REAL(IL(MQ))
      NT=0
      DO 13 J=2,NS
         I=NINT(SY(1,J)*U+SY(4,J)*V+SY(7,J)*W)
         K=NINT(SY(2,J)*U+SY(5,J)*V+SY(8,J)*W)
         L=NINT(SY(3,J)*U+SY(6,J)*V+SY(9,J)*W)
         IF(I.NE.IH(MQ).OR.K.NE.IK(MQ).OR.L.NE.IL(MQ))GOTO 12
         + IF(MOD(NINT(12.* (SY(10,J)*U+SY(11,J)*V+SY(12,J)*W)),12).EQ.0)
      GOTO 13
11     FORMAT(' Reflection',3i4,' syst. abs., I/sigma =',F8.2)
      WRITE(*,11) IH(MQ), IK(MQ), IL(MQ), P/Q
      GOTO 6
12     IF(-I.EQ.IH(MQ).AND.-K.EQ.IK(MQ).AND.-L.EQ.IL(MQ))NT=1
13     CONTINUE
      NC=NC+NT
      NU=NU+1
      IF(NU.GT.NX) STOP '** Too many reflections **'
      IH(NU)=IH(MQ)
      IK(NU)=IK(MQ)
      IL(NU)=IL(MQ)
      FF(NU)=P
      SI(NU)=Q
      IF(N.LE.M+1)GOTO 6
      DO 14 I=M,N-1
         R=R+ABS(FF(IQ(I))-P)
         S=S+P
14     CONTINUE
      GOTO 6
C
C Unique reflections now in IH(NR+1..NU) etc. Output statistics.
C
15     FORMAT(/I6,' Unique reflections, of which',I5,' centric ',,
      +'R(int) =',F8.4/)
16     WRITE(*,15) NU-NR,NC,R/S
      END
C
C -----
C
      SUBROUTINE INSORT(N,IP,IQ,ID)
C
C Sort-merge integer data in order of ascending ID(I). IP is the
C current pointer array to ID and IQ becomes the new pointer array.
C
      INTEGER IP(N),IQ(N),ID(N),IT(9999)
      L=ID(1)
      M=L
      DO 1 I=2,N
         L=MIN0(ID(I),L)
         M=MAX0(ID(I),M)
1      CONTINUE
      L=L-1
      M=M-L
      DO 2 I=1,M
         IT(I)=0
2      CONTINUE
      DO 3 I=1,N
         J=ID(I)-L
         IT(J)=IT(J)+1
3      CONTINUE
      J=0

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DO 4 I=1,M
K=J
J=J+IT(I)
IT(I)=K
4    CONTINUE
DO 5 I=1,N
J=ID(IP(I))-L
IT(J)=IT(J)+1
J=IT(J)
IQ(J)=IP(I)
5    CONTINUE
RETURN
END
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