



## Structure Comparison, Analysis and Validation

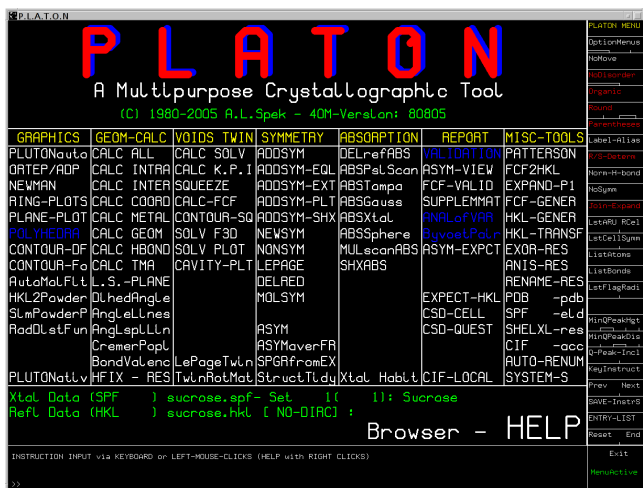
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## Overview

This lecture lists and discusses the various tools and descriptors that are available for the analysis and validation of a single crystal study as implemented in the PLATON program.

## Structure Analysis

- Analysis of the Intra-molecular Geometry
- Analysis of the Inter-molecular Geometry
- Analysis of the Coordination Geometry
- Bond Valence Model (Brown et al.)
- 'CALC ALL' - LISTING



## Intra-molecular Geometry

- Generation of the symmetry expanded **Connected Set** on the basis covalent radii plus a tolerance..
- Special tolerances are applied for certain types of X-Y bonds/contacts, either to include or avoid them.
- Residues grow from a starting atom by recursive spherical expansion.

## Intra-molecular Geometry

- Detection of residues and derivation of the Moiety formula, Z and Z'.
- Bond distances, Bond Angles, Torsion Angles.
- Automatic ring search, automatic search of planar parts in the structure

## Intra-Molecular (Continued)

- Determination of the hybridization, R/S assignments and 'topology numbers'.
- Listing of the plane-plane and bond-plane angles.
- Ring puckering analysis (Cremer & Pople)

PLATON

6-Membered Ring ( 2) O(5) ← C(1) ← C(2) ← C(3) ← C(4) ← C(5) ←

	sp <sup>3</sup>	sp <sup>3</sup>	sp <sup>3</sup>	sp <sup>3</sup>	sp <sup>3</sup>
Dev. (Ang)	0.1976(13)	-0.2107(9)	0.2394(12)	-0.2550(12)	0.2418(12)
Ca(1)-R <sub>eqm</sub> -Par (Deg)	0.71(9)	0.95(9)	1.00(9)	0.21(9)	0.95(9)
C2(1)-R <sub>eqm</sub> -Par (Deg)	110.75(9)	110.75(9)	110.75(9)	110.75(9)	110.75(9)
Ring Bond Distance (Ang)	115.95(9)	110.84(7)	111.02(7)	108.13(9)	110.82(10)
Tors(T-U) (Deg)	-54.81(12)	54.98(11)	-56.03(11)	56.27(11)	-54.67(12)
Ca(1)-U-R <sub>eqm</sub> -Par (Deg)	110.53(12)	111.18(12)	110.52(12)	110.53(12)	111.18(12)
C2(1)-U-R <sub>eqm</sub> -Par (Deg)	0.63(12)	1.12(12)	0.91(11)	0.83(12)	1.12(12)
Ring Bond Distance (Ang)	1.4108(14)	1.5346(13)	1.5198(16)	1.5257(15)	1.5258(17)
Weighted Average Ring Bond Distance = 1.4937( 6.227) Ang. - NOTE: 1st ead. Internal, 2nd ead External.					
Weighted Average Abs. Torsion Ang. = 55.41( 5.28) Deg. see: e.g. Domenicani et al., Acta Cryst. (1975).					
Q(2) = 0.0498(12) Ang., Phi.(2) = 182.8(13) Deg					
Q(3) = 0.5542(12) Ang.					
PuckerRing Amplitude (Q) = 0.5565(12) Ang. Theta = 5.12(12) Deg. Phi. = 182.8(13) Deg					

## Inter-Molecular

- Hydrogen Bonds (linear, bi- and trifurcated)
- Automatic analysis in terms of 1, 2 and 3-D networks (aggregates or cooperative)
- Search for pi-pi and C-H...pi interactions

PLATON

Donor	H...	Acceptor	C	ARU	D - H	H...A	D...A	D - H...A
O(2)	-H(23)	..O(6)	[	1554.011	0.972(3)	1.892(3)	2.855(2)	170.3(3)
O(3)	-H(33)	..O(3)	[	2556.011	0.959(4)	1.908(4)	2.8618(19)	172.8(3)
O(4)	-H(43)	..O(3)	[		0.912(4)	2.534(5)	2.879(2)	103.0(3)
O(4)	-H(43)	..O(2)	[	1565.011	0.912(4)	2.310(5)	2.838(2)	116.6(4)
O(4)	-H(43)	..O(6)	[	2456.011	0.912(4)	2.539(5)	3.373(2)	152.1(5)
O(6)	-H(63)	..O(3)	[	2446.011	0.956(4)	1.921(4)	2.849(2)	182.8(3)
O(11)	-H(101)	..O(2)	[		0.974(3)	1.851(3)	2.781(2)	158.5(3)
O(3)	-H(301)	..O(4)	[	2557.011	0.969(3)	1.908(3)	2.864(2)	188.5(2)
O(4)	-H(401)	..O(1)	[	1556.011	0.976(3)	1.760(3)	2.7157(18)	185.5(5)
O(6)	-H(601)	..O(5)	[		0.972(3)	1.884(3)	2.8498(19)	167.0(3)
C(1)	-H(1)	..O(6)	[	2446.011	1.102(3)	2.268(3)	3.3469(18)	165.81(19)
C(3)	-H(3)	..O(1)	[	2556.011	1.038(2)	2.436(3)	3.1531(17)	162.1(2)
C(11)	-H(12)	..O(6)	[	2446.011	1.035(3)	2.436(3)	3.4673(18)	156.49(18)
C(3)	-H(3)	..O(2)	[	2546.011	1.102(3)	2.408(3)	3.4597(18)	159.43(19)
C(4)	-H(4)	..O(6)	[		1.037(3)	2.463(3)	2.9363(18)	104.35(16)
C(6)	-H(6)	..O(6)	[		1.031(4)	2.538(4)	3.311(2)	129.5(2)
C(6)	-H(62)	..O(6)	[	2447.011	1.087(3)	2.505(4)	3.2202(19)	122.3(2)
C(6)	-H(61)	..O(4)	[	1545.011	1.092(4)	2.558(4)	3.306(2)	124.8(2)

INSTRUCTION INPUT via KEYBOARD or LEFT-MOUSE-CLICKS (HELP with RIGHT CLICKS)

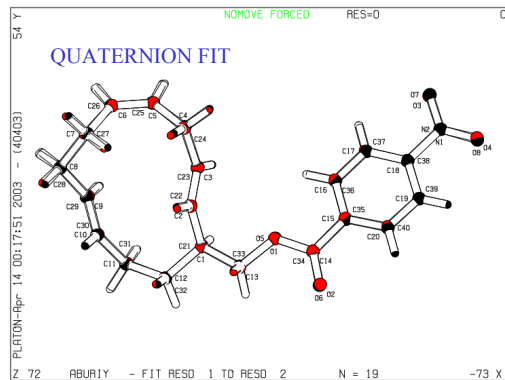
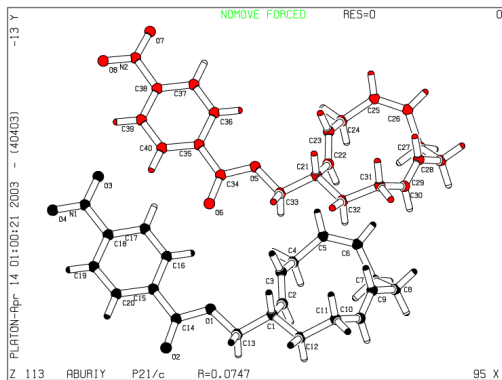
>> HLT RETURN to Continue

## Structure Comparison

- Quaternion Fitting
  - Modified version of A.L.Mackay (1984), A40,165-166 (Note: 180 degree singularity)
  - Alternative: S.K.Kearsley (1989), A45, 208-210.
- Comparison of Simulated Powder Patterns
- StructureTidy (Inorganics)

## QUATERNION FIT

- In many cases, an automatic molecule fit can be performed
- A) Identical atom numbering
- B) Sufficient number of Unique Atoms
- C) By manual picking of a few atom pairs



=====  
 Molfit with Quaternion Method (A.L. Mackay, Acta Cryst. (1984), A40, 105-106)  
 =====

Fit Rotation angle about (Pseudo)axis [l,m,n] = 3.29 Degree  
 Direction Cosines with Orthogonal Cell l,m,n = 0.436719 0.830383 0.346553  
 Components in crystal system = 0.394049 1.000000 0.083576

Transf. Orthogonal Coord. Mol1		Orth. Coord. Mol2 with Resp. to C.G. Dist (A)	
O(1)	1.224 -0.879 -1.850	O(5)	1.198 -0.889 -1.868
O(2)	3.035 -1.529 -2.978	O(6)	3.008 -1.572 -2.964
H(1)	-0.450 1.906 -7.411	H(2)	-0.399 1.937 -7.412
C(1)	0.535 -1.424 0.352	C(21)	0.498 -1.430 0.337
C(2)	0.325 0.021 0.707	C(22)	0.253 0.000 0.695
C(3)	-0.645 0.793 0.325	C(23)	-0.743 0.741 0.291
C(4)	-0.844 2.220 0.794	C(24)	-0.972 2.175 0.700
C(5)	-2.124 2.389 1.499	C(25)	-2.203 2.340 1.516
C(6)	-2.269 2.324 2.800	C(26)	-2.291 2.305 2.823
C(7)	-1.239 2.048 3.830	C(27)	-1.178 2.089 3.790
C(8)	-1.452 0.723 4.578	C(28)	-1.303 0.782 4.602
C(9)	-1.384 -0.460 3.664	C(29)	-1.310 -0.424 3.725

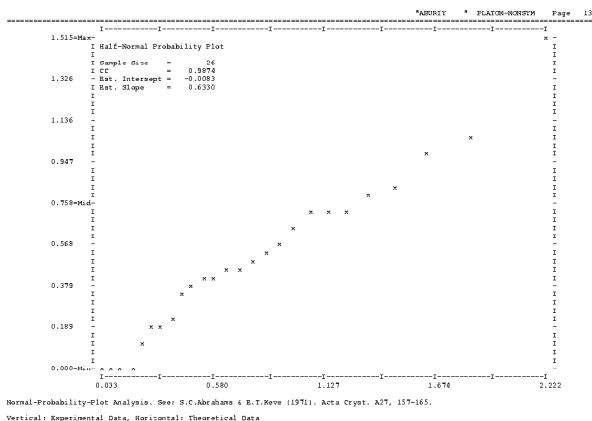
... etc ...  
 :: Weighted and Unit Weight RMS-Fit = 0.08729 0.08194 Angstrom

Cg1 0.946 0.234 0.592  
 Cg2 0.441 0.253 0.581

=====  
 \*ABUR1  
 Comparison of the Bonds of the Fitted Residues  
 =====

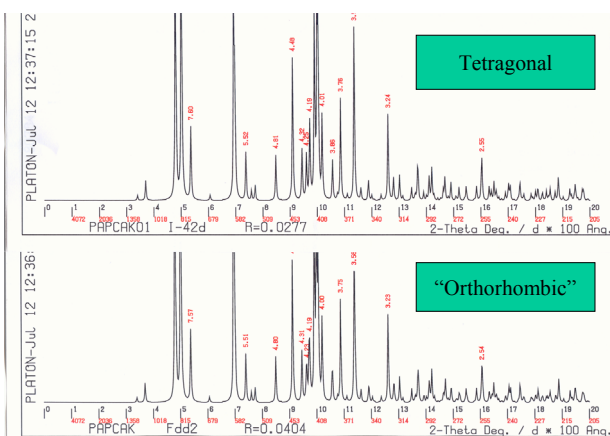
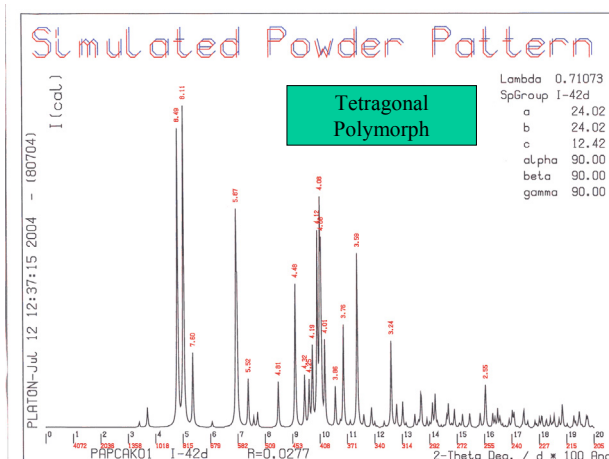
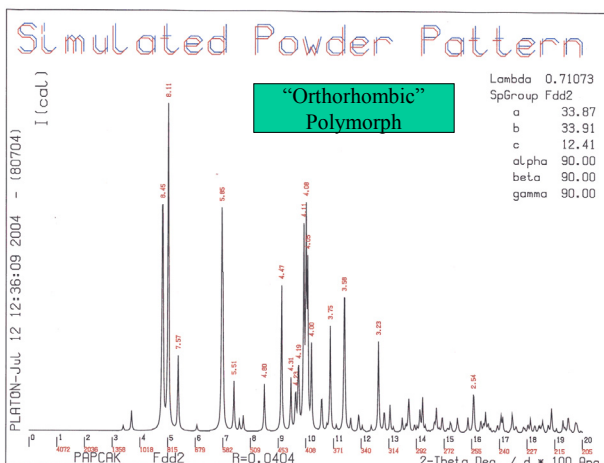
Resd#1	Resd#2	Dist#1	Dist#2	Diff	Diff/Sig
O(1) -C(13)	O(5) -C(33)	1.449(6)	1.440(6)	0.0090	1.0607
O(1) -C(14)	O(5) -C(34)	1.326(6)	1.320(6)	0.0060	0.7071
O(2) -C(14)	O(6) -C(34)	1.198(7)	1.198(6)	0	0
O(3) -N(1)	O(7) -N(2)	1.225(7)	1.210(7)	0.0150	1.5152
O(4) -N(1)	O(8) -N(2)	1.217(7)	1.210(7)	0.0070	0.7071
N(1) -C(18)	N(2) -C(38)	1.477(8)	1.475(7)	0.0020	0.1881
C(1) -C(2)	C(21) -C(22)	1.502(7)	1.494(7)	0.0080	0.8081
C(1) -C(12)	C(21) -C(32)	1.523(7)	1.530(7)	-0.0070	-0.7071
C(1) -C(13)	C(21) -C(33)	1.504(7)	1.507(6)	-0.0030	-0.3254
C(2) -C(3)	C(22) -C(23)	1.297(7)	1.306(6)	-0.0090	-0.9762
C(3) -C(4)	C(23) -C(24)	1.503(7)	1.508(7)	-0.0050	-0.5051
C(4) -C(5)	C(24) -C(25)	1.491(8)	1.497(7)	0.0060	0.5763
C(5) -C(6)	C(25) -C(26)	1.311(8)	1.311(8)	0	0
C(6) -C(7)	C(26) -C(27)	1.493(8)	1.499(8)	-0.0060	-0.5303
C(7) -C(8)	C(27) -C(28)	1.537(8)	1.544(7)	-0.0070	-0.6585
C(8) -C(9)	C(28) -C(29)	1.496(8)	1.491(8)	0.0050	0.4419
C(9) -C(10)	C(29) -C(30)	1.294(8)	1.294(8)	0	0
C(10) -C(11)	C(30) -C(31)	1.496(8)	1.501(7)	-0.0050	-0.4704
C(11) -C(12)	C(31) -C(32)	1.520(8)	1.526(7)	-0.0060	-0.5644
C(14) -C(15)	C(34) -C(35)	1.493(7)	1.493(7)	0	0
C(15) -C(16)	C(35) -C(36)	1.385(7)	1.385(6)	-0.0020	-0.2169
C(15) -C(20)	C(35) -C(40)	1.387(7)	1.383(7)	0.0040	0.4041
C(16) -C(17)	C(36) -C(37)	1.375(7)	1.374(7)	0.0010	0.1010
C(17) -C(18)	C(37) -C(38)	1.383(8)	1.374(7)	0.0090	0.8467
C(18) -C(19)	C(38) -C(39)	1.374(7)	1.372(7)	0.0020	0.2020
C(19) -C(20)	C(39) -C(40)	1.378(7)	1.374(7)	0.0040	0.4041

:: RMS Bond Fit = 0.0060 Ang.



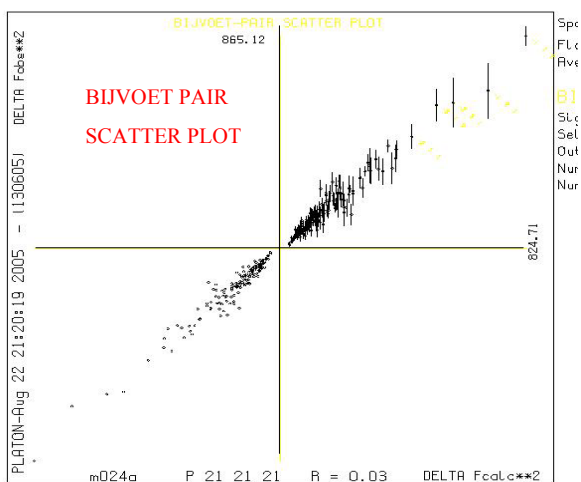
## Simulated Powder Patterns

- It is not always apparent that two crystal structures are identical. The assigned unit cell or space group can differ.
- Comparison of the associated calculated powder patterns should solve the issue.
- Example for the CSD:



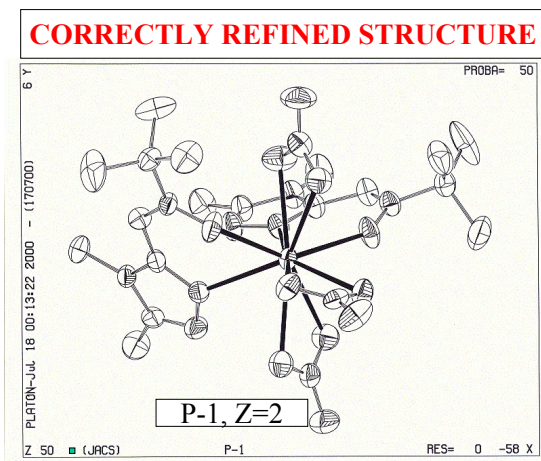
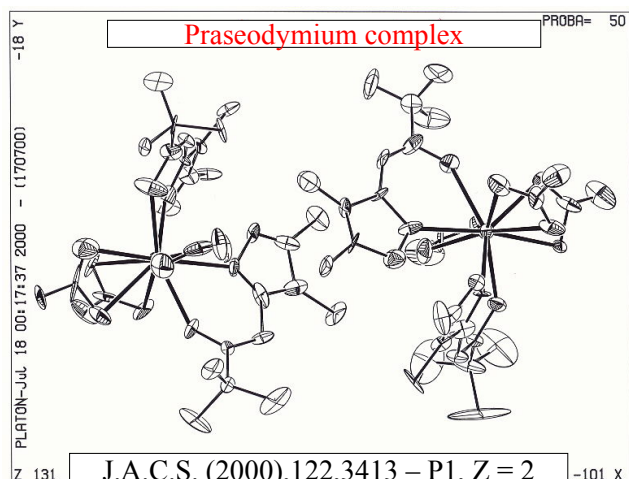
## Absolute Structure

- The absolute structure of a compound is normally determined with the refinement of the Flack parameter.
- The value of the Flack parameter can be inconclusive in view of a high su.
- A detailed scatter-plot may be more conclusive.



## Validation

- ORTEP
- IUCr – CHECKCIF Structure Validation
- FCF- Validation (Completeness & Twinning)



## STRUCTURE VALIDATION

Single crystal structure validation addresses three important questions:

- 1 – Is the reported information complete?
- 2 – What is the quality of the analysis?
- 3 – Is the Structure Correct?

### Problems Addressed by PLATON

- Missed Higher Space Group Symmetry
- Solvent Accessible Voids in the Structure
- Unusual Displacement Parameters
- Hirshfeld Rigid Bond test
- Miss-assigned Atom Type
- Population/Occupancy Parameters
- Mono Coordinated/Bonded Metals
- Isolated Atoms

## IUCR-CHECKCIF

IUCR-TESTS:

- MISSING DATA, PROPER PROCEDURE, QUALITY

PLATON TESTS:

- SYMMETRY, GEOMETRY, DISPLACEMENT PARAMETERS

ALERT LEVELS:

- ALERT A - SERIOUS PROBLEM
- ALERT B - POTENTIALLY SERIOUS PROBLEM
- ALERT C - CHECK & EXPLAIN

### Problems Addressed by PLATON

- Too Many Hydrogen Atoms on an Atom
- Missing Hydrogen Atoms
- Valence & Hybridization
- Short Intra/Inter-Molecular Contacts
- O-H without Acceptor
- Unusual Bond Length/Angle
- CH<sub>3</sub> Moiety Geometry

## Validation with PLATON

- Details: [www.cryst.chem.uu.nl/platon](http://www.cryst.chem.uu.nl/platon)
- Driven by the file **CHECK.DEF** with criteria, ALERT messages and advice.
- Use: **platon -u structure.cif**
- Result on file: **structure.chk**
- Applicable on CIF's and CCDC-FDAT
- FCF-Valid: **platon -V structure.cif**

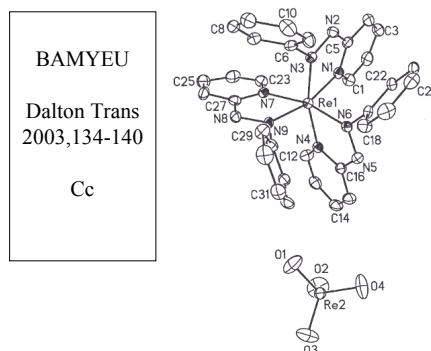
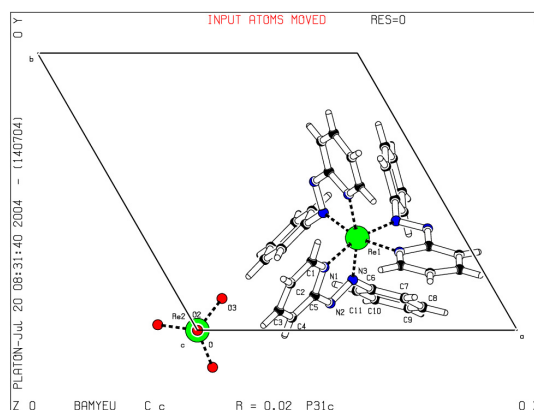
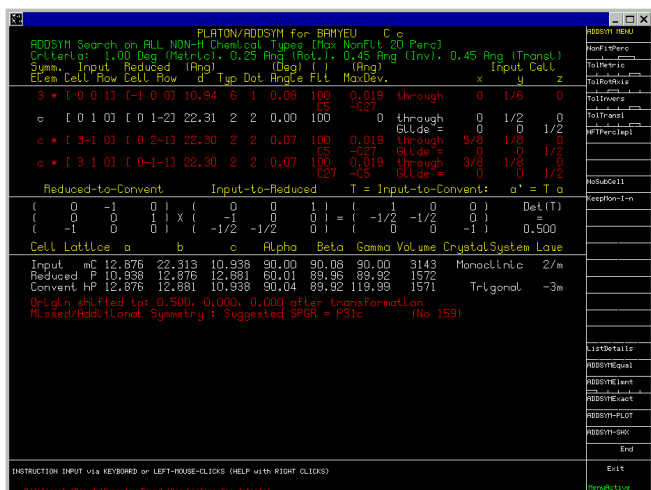


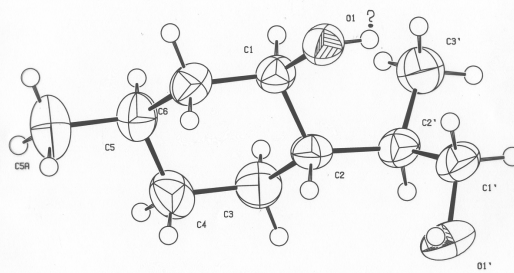
Fig. 4 A perspective view of  $[\text{Re}(\text{L})_2]\text{ReO}_4$ , 4a. The atoms are represented by their 30% thermal probability ellipsoids.



## Misoriented O-H

- The O-H moiety is generally, with very few exceptions, part of a D-H..A system.
- An investigation of structures in the CSD brings up many 'exceptions'.
- Closer analysis shows that misplacement of the O-H hydrogen atom is in general the cause.

### Example of Misplaced Hydrogen Atom



## Two ALERTS related to the misplaced Hydrogen Atom

```

=====
# PLATON/CHECK run versus check.def version of 21/06/00 for entry:1
# Data From: publ.cif - Data Type: CIF
# CELL 0.71069 8.571 6.466 9.850 90.00 106.78 90.00 522.69
# SpaceGroup P21
# MoleculeName C10 H20 O2
# Reported ?
# SumFormula C10 H20 O2 Rep: C10 H20 O2
# Mr = 172.26[Calc] 172.26[Rep]
# Dx,gcm-3 = 1.094[Calc] 1.094[Rep]
# Z = 2[Calc] 2[Rep]
# Mu (mm-1) = 0.074[Calc] 0.074[Rep]
# Calculated T limits: Tmin=0.993 Tmin'=0.978 Tmax=0.996
# Reported Hmax= 10, Kmax= 7, Lmax= 11, Nref= 1935, Th(max)= 25.76
# Calculated Hmax= 10, Kmax= 7, Lmax= 12, Nref= 1090( 1991), Ratio= 1.78( 0.97)
# R = 0.0500( 1299), wR2= 0.1870( 1935), S = 0.721, Npar= 112
=====

```

>>> The Following ALERTS were generated <<<

```

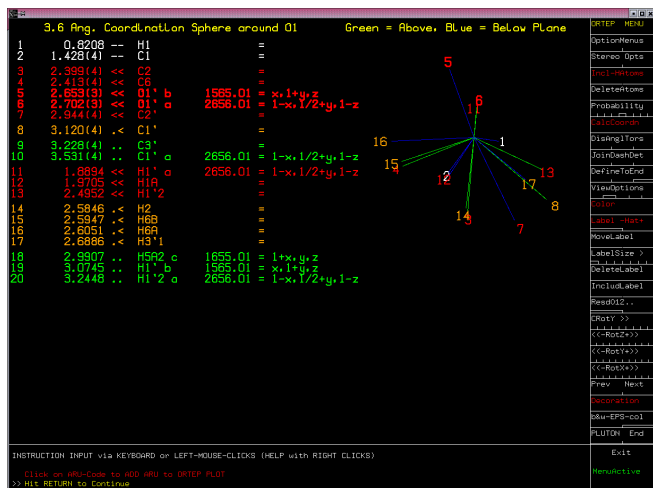
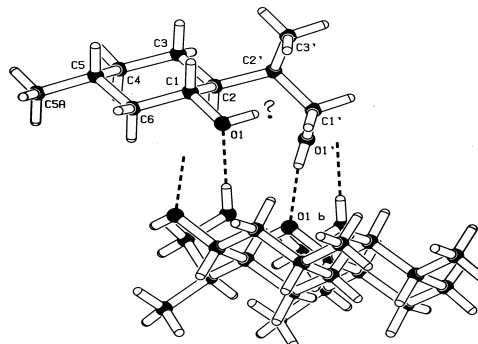
420_ALERT B D-H without acceptor O(1) = H(1) ? <<
7_ALERT Level C = Check & Explain
048_ALERT C MoleculeName not Given ?
084_ALERT C High R2 value 0.19
086_ALERT C Unsatisfactory S value (Too Low or not given) 0.72
142_ALERT C su on b - axis small or missing (x 100000) 30 Ang.
145_ALERT C su on beta small or missing (x 10000) 30 Deg.
414_ALERT C Short intra D-H...H-X H(1) .. H(12) = 1.93 Ang. <<
708_ALERT C D-H...A Calc 170.5(5), Rep 170.00, Dev. 1.05 Sigma
O1' -H1' -O1 1.555 1.555 2.646

```

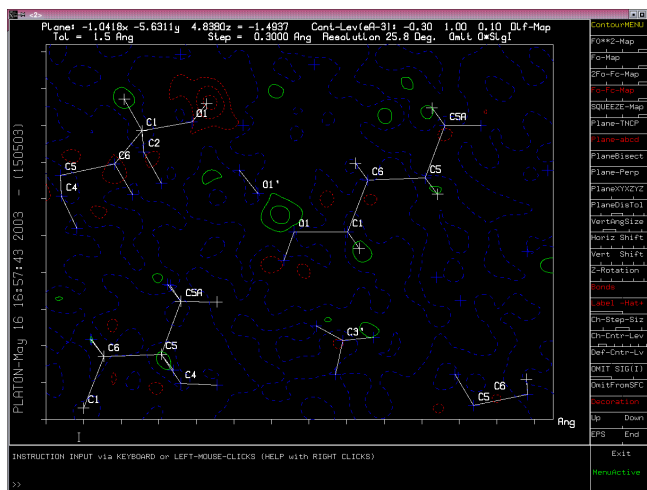
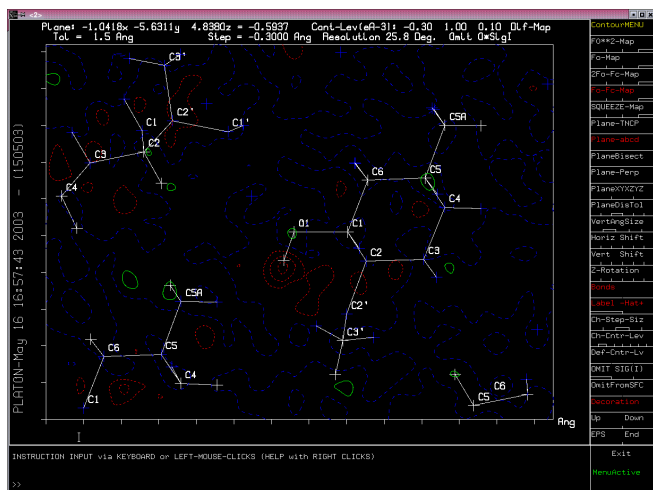
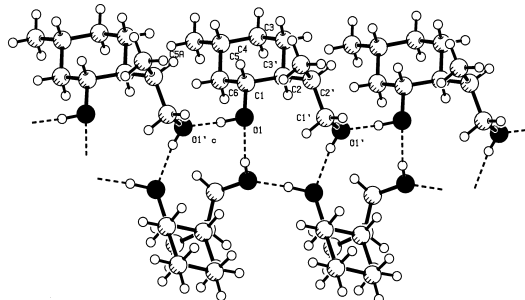
1 ALERT Level B = Potentially Serious Problem

7 ALERT Level C = Check & Explain

## Unsatisfactory Hydrogen Bond Network



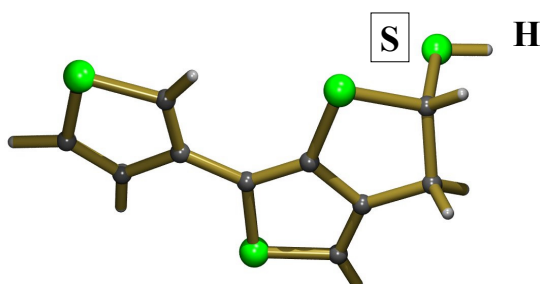
## Satisfactory Hydrogen Bond Network with new H-position



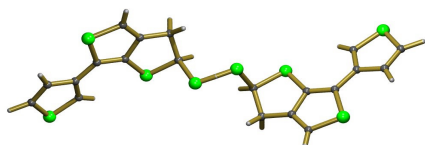
## Consult the CSD

- It is a good idea to always consult the CSD for previous reports on structures related to the one at hand.
- The statistics provided by VISTA (CCDC) can be very helpful for this.
- However, such an analysis often shows outliers. Many of those appear to be errors.

## Entry from the CAD



## But with Space Group Symmetry



=> Different structure with S-S Bond !

## Concluding Remarks

- Automatic Validation both ALERTS for potential errors and for interesting features in a structure to be discussed.
- Detailed analysis of intermolecular interactions appears often to be ignored in a service setting.

