

# The PDB and *experimental data*

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[www.wwpdb.org](http://www.wwpdb.org)

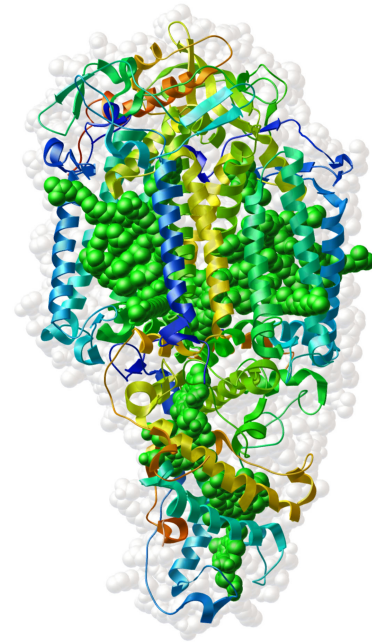
Workshop on Metadata for raw data from X-ray diffraction and other structural techniques

# Overview

- Current PDB audience and growth
- Range of PDB primary '*experimental metadata*'
- Challenges for data acquisition and deposition across the PDB view of the structural biology data pipeline
- How we are addressing these challenges

# Protein Data Bank (PDB)

- Single global repository for macromolecular structure data (now >111K entries!)
- Archival database - Users depend directly on the PDB; Other Databases present PDB contents
- Our Users: Structural and Computational Specialists, Biophysicists, Biochemists, Biologists, Industrial Scientists, Educators, Students, and the General Public



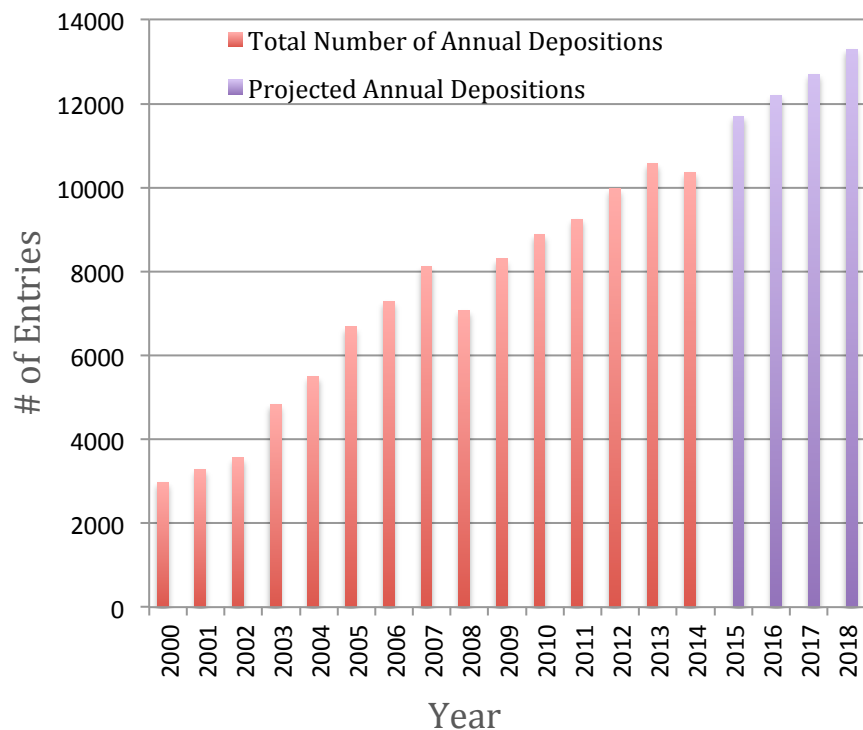
# Worldwide Protein Data Bank

- Ensures data are freely available
- Data Centers
  - RCSB PDB (Research Collaboratory for Structural Bioinformatics)
  - PDBj (Osaka University)
  - PDBe (EMBL-EBI)
  - BioMagResBank (University Wisconsin, Madison)
- Institutional agreement
- Formalized procedures for deposition, validation, **metadata representation**, and annotation
- Each data center provides unique delivery services



# Archive Growth

## Growing Number of PDB Depositions



As of 2014, ~50% increase in the number of global depositions since 2008

## PDB Depositors

>800 new entries/month



## PDB Users

FTP and RSYNC Download Traffic in 2014:

505 million downloads



RCSB PDB  
347 million



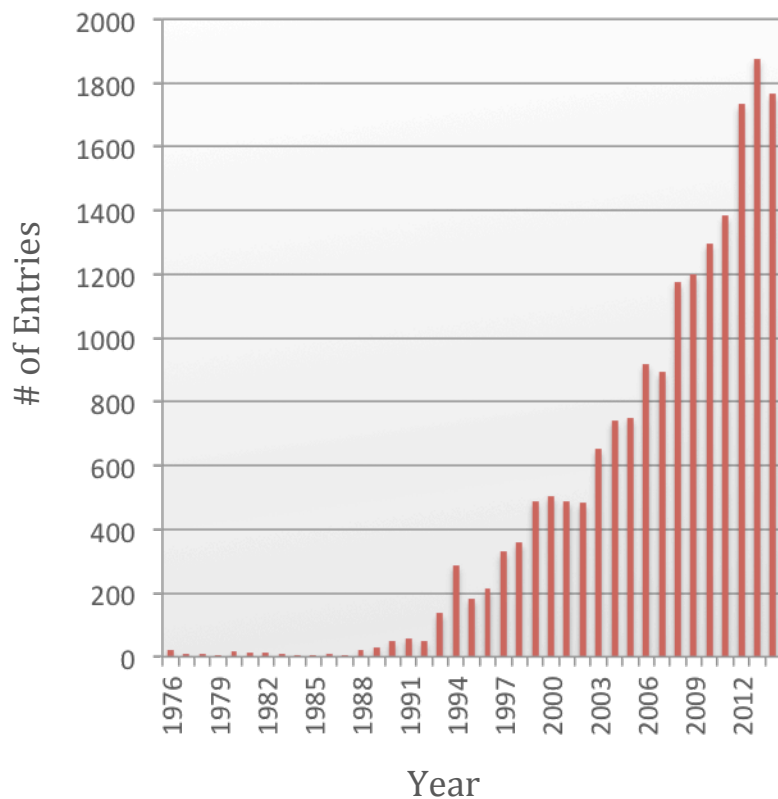
PDBe  
100 million



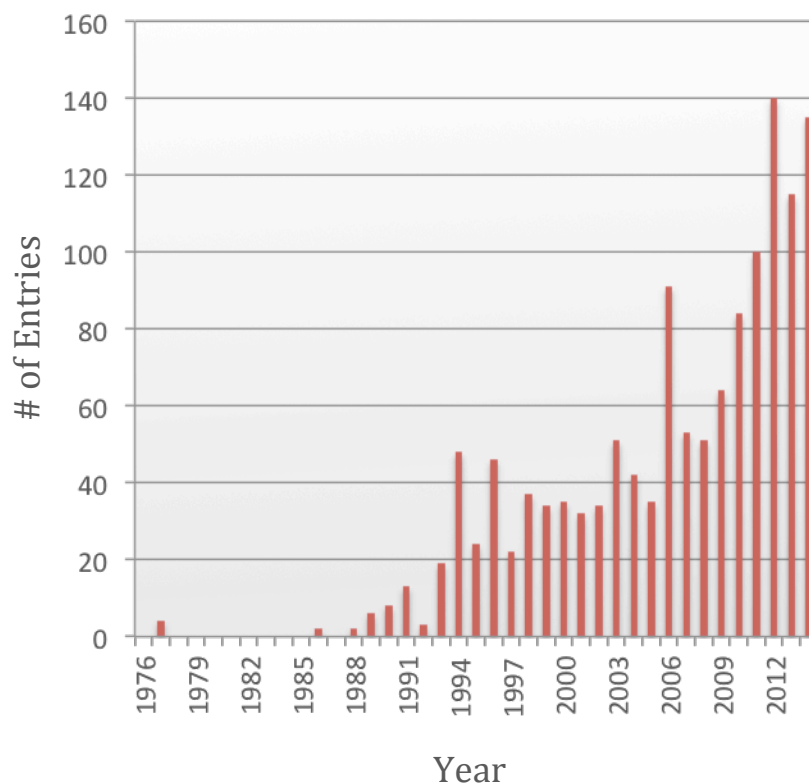
PDBj  
58 million

# Increasing Complexity

**Number of new ligands present in PDB entries released per year**



**Number of entries with peptide-like inhibitors/antibiotics released per year**



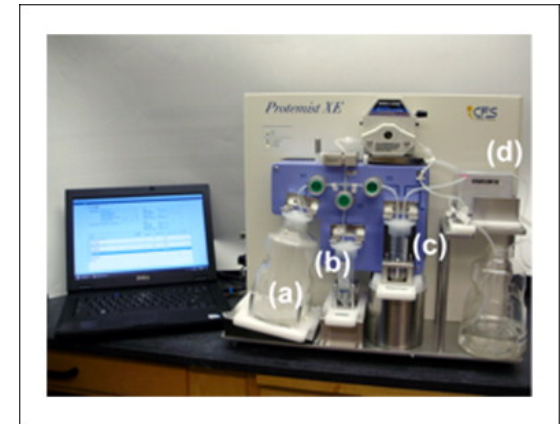
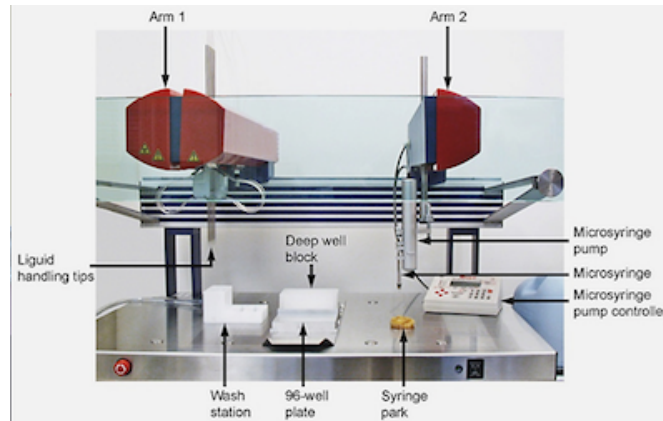
# ***Primary Experimental Content***

**...at the beginning of the  
PDB pipeline**



# Sample Details

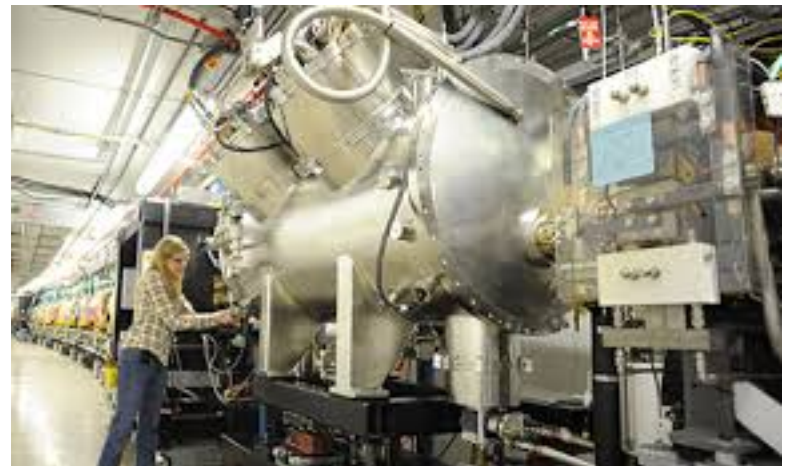
- Sample composition
- Chemical and molecular descriptions
- Source, production details, biological role
- Crystallization conditions
- Specimen preparation details





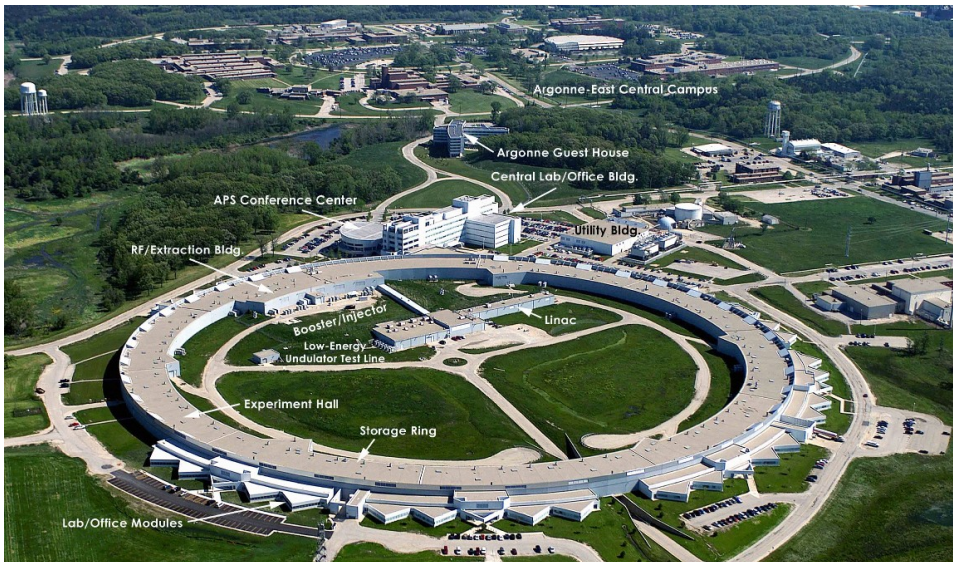
# Data Collection Details

- Instrumentation details
- Sample handling and collection conditions
- Data collection protocol





Skip a few steps ...



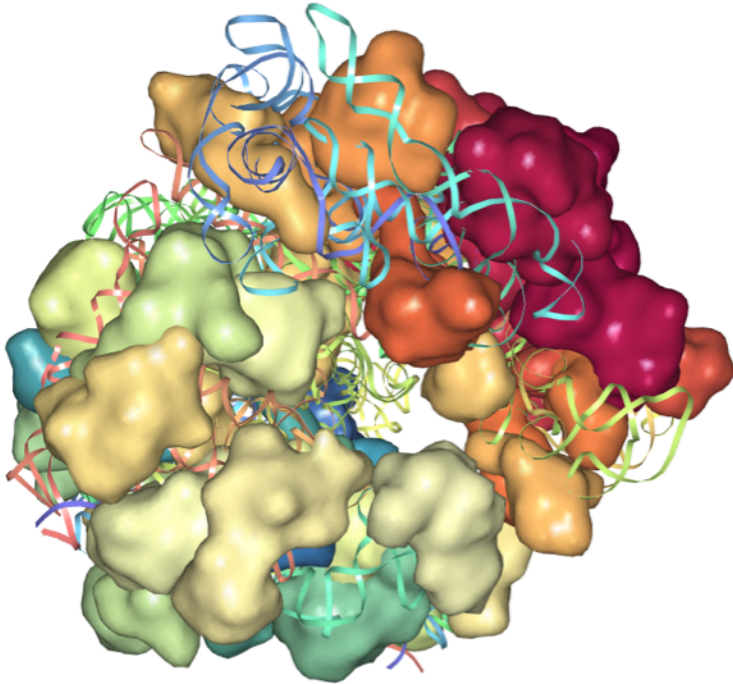
# Data Processing Steps

- Summary statistics
- Software tools
- Processed data

# Processed Data in the PDB Repository

- Structure factor data sets for ~89% of current X-ray entries
- ~10K additional data sets containing
  - Derivative and multiple wavelength data sets
  - Intermediate phasing data
  - Map coefficients
  - Unmerged intensities

# PDB Data Acquisition



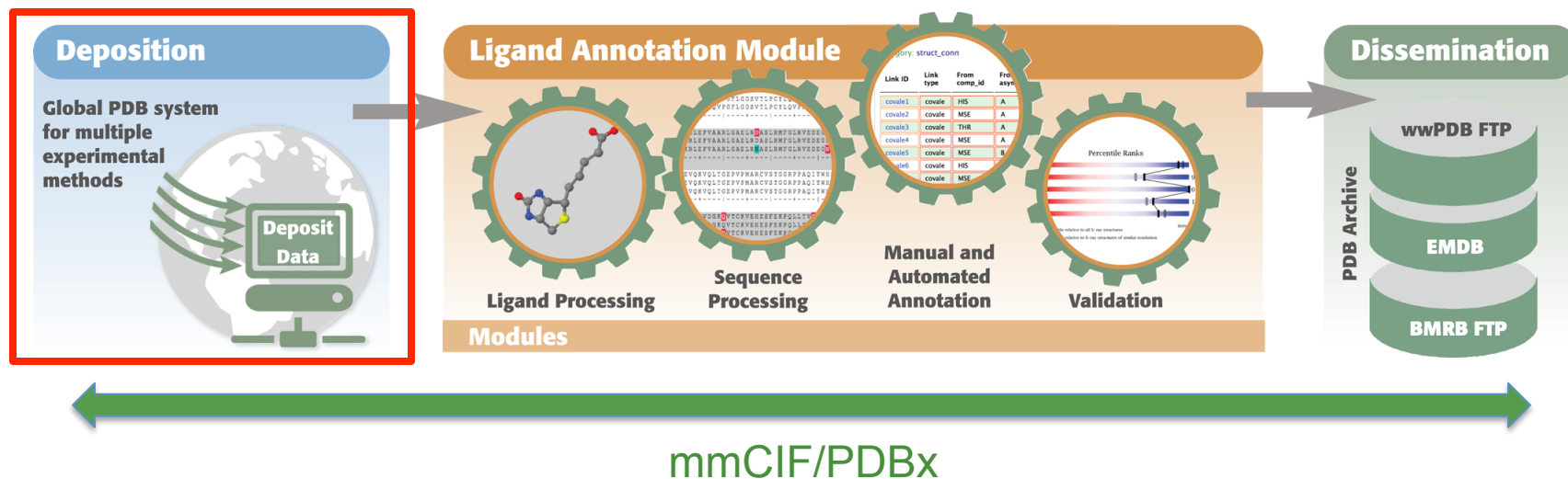
Model Easy



Sample Harder

Go figure....

# New Deposition System

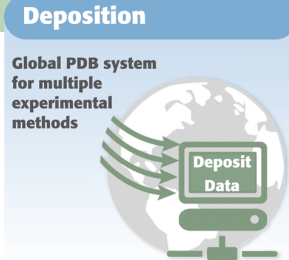


End-to-end support for PDBx/mmCIF metadata



# Data Harvesting Site

*pdb-extract.wwpdb.org/*



## PDB Extract Data Annotation Tool

[Home](#) [Version](#) [Documentation](#)

### Welcome

PDB Extract is an online tool which assembles specific details about your experiment and experimental model from your coordinate and structure determination output files in preparation for PDB deposition. This tool will:

- provide you with an [author information form](#), which can be saved/updated for multiple related entries
- assemble coordinate and log files pertaining to your specific experimental methods
- allow you to "fix" the primary sequence of your protein/nucleotide chains to account for unresolved residues
- output the coordinate (and structure factor files, if applicable) in mmCIF format for [Validation](#) and for deposition at [RCSB ADIT](#) or [PDBj ADIT](#).

### How to Run:

1. Select your experimental method (X-ray or NMR)
2. Upload your fully refined coordinate file
3. Select the file type and refinement program utilized
4. Press the **RUN** button to start **pdb\_extract**
5. The mmCIF file(s) that you obtain should then be used as input for **validation** or **deposition**

Experimental Method

☐ X-Ray ☐ NMR ☐ EM

Coordinate File

No file chosen

File type

▾

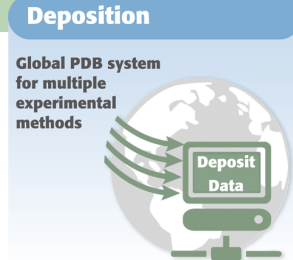
Select Program for Structure  
Refinement

▾ If other:



# Data Harvesting Site

*pdb-extract.wwpdb.org/*



## PDB Extract Data Annotation Tool

[Home](#) [Version](#) [Documentation](#)

### pdb\_extract - Workstation Version Manual



Extract information from each step of X-ray crystallographic and NMR software applications

(June, 18, 2004; last modified June 10, 2010) | (Latest version 3.10)

#### Table of Contents

- **What does `pdb_extract` do?**
- **Program access**
- **Installation**
  - Installation of binary distribution
  - Installation of source code distribution
- **Run the program (Xray data)**
- **Tutorials**
  - **Xray crystallography**
    - The CCP4i interface
    - The Web interface
    - The Unix command line interface
    - The CNS-like script interface
  - **NMR structure determination**
    - The Unix command line interface
    - The Web interface
- **Some helpful hints to get the LOG (or output) files from various programs**
  - Data collection/reduction
  - Molecular replacement
  - Heavy atom phasing
  - Density modification
  - Final structure refinement
- **Program argument description and options**
  - Unix command options for **`pdb_extract`**
  - Examples of **`pdb_extract`** using Unix command options
  - Unix command options for **`pdb_extract_sf`**
  - Examples of `pdb_extract_sf` using Unix command options
  - Unix command options for **`extract`**
  - Examples of `extract` using Unix command options
- **Tables**
  - Unix command options
  - Supported crystallographic software lists
- **References**
- **Frequently asked questions**
- **Appendix**
  - Data template file: (data\_template.text)
  - script file: (log\_script.inp)
  - Data template file for NMR: (data\_template.text)
  - Contact author template file: (author-infor.text)

# Structure Factor Utilities

*sf-tool.wwpdb.org/*

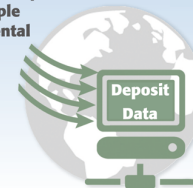


## Structure Factor Conversion and Validation

[Home](#) [Version](#) [Documentation](#)

### Deposition

Global PDB system  
for multiple  
experimental  
methods



## Welcome

This SF-TOOL can be used 1). to convert various structure factor format, 2). to check the model coordinates against the structure factor data.

## How to Run:

1. Upload your coordinate and structure factor files.
2. Select which checks and/or utilities you would like to run.
3. Press the **RUN** button to start.

### Upload your files :

Coordinate File:

No file chosen

File Format:

Structure Factor File:

No file chosen

File Format:

If you used TNT, SHELX, or other suite, select data type: Amplitude (F) ☐ Intensity (I) ☐ Guess SF File Format ☐

### Convert Structure Factor File to Different Format:

☐ Automatic (default): Output Format:

☐ Semi-automatic MTZ (or CNS) conversion to mmCIF: Number of data sets in file

☐ Percentage of reflection data (free\_R) used for cross-validation (optional)

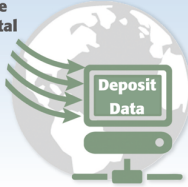
### Check Model against Structure Factors:

- ☐ X-ray data using Refmac
- ☐ X-ray data using Phenix (model\_vs\_data)
- ☐ X-ray data using Sfccheck
- ☐ Neutron data using Phenix (model\_vs\_data)
- ☐ Neutron and X-ray hybrid data using Phenix (model\_vs\_data)

# Data Entry Forms

## Deposition

Global PDB system  
for multiple  
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methods



### X-ray refinement

#### ▼ Data used in refinement

Resolution range high/Å*:	<input type="text" value="1.93"/>
Resolution range low/Å:	<input type="text" value="29.40"/>
Data cutoff (sigma(F)):	<input type="text" value="2.000"/>
Outlier cutoff high (rms(abs(F))):	<input type="text"/>
Outlier cutoff low (rms(abs(F))):	<input type="text"/>
Completeness (working+test) (%):	<input type="text" value="97.6"/>
Number of reflections:	<input type="text" value="155629"/>

#### ► Fit to data used in refinement

#### ► Refinement shells

#### ► B values

#### ► Overall anisotropic B value

#### ► Estimated coordinate error

#### ► Cross-validated estimated coordinate error

Save

#### ▼ Overall data quality

Total number of reflections:	<input type="text"/>
Number of unique reflections:	<input type="text" value="163843"/>
Completeness for range (%):	<input type="text" value="97.8"/>
Data redundancy:	<input type="text" value="4.600"/>
Resolution range high/Å:	<input type="text" value="1.930"/>
Resolution range low/Å:	<input type="text" value="29.510"/>
Rejection criteria (sigma(F)):	<input type="text"/>
Rejection criteria (sigma(I)):	<input type="text" value="2.000"/>
Rmerge(I):	<input type="text" value="0.09100"/>
Rsym:	<input type="text"/>
Average I/sigma(I) for the data set:	<input type="text" value="14.9600"/>

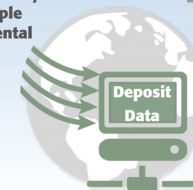
Minimize manual input using PDBx  
deposition format & PDB\_EXTRACT



# Chemical Assignment

Deposition

Global PDB system  
for multiple  
experimental  
methods



## Ligands summary

Save

Finish

Summary of ligands identified in coordinate file provided for dataset: D\_123763

LIGAND ID	NUMBER OF INSTANCES	STATUS	SELECT FOR INSPECTION <input type="checkbox"/> ALL
3FG	15	OK	<input type="checkbox"/>
3MY	8	OK	<input type="checkbox"/>
CIT	5	OK	<input type="checkbox"/>
FAD	4	Mismatch(es) Require Attention	<input type="checkbox"/>
GHP	24	OK	<input type="checkbox"/>
MAN	8	Mismatch(es) Require Attention	<input type="checkbox"/>
NAG	8	OK	<input type="checkbox"/>
OMY	8	OK	<input type="checkbox"/>
T55	6	OK	<input type="checkbox"/>
TM9	6	OK	<input type="checkbox"/>

Instance Inspection View

## Ligands summary

Instance: 1\_A\_FAD\_601\_ requires attention

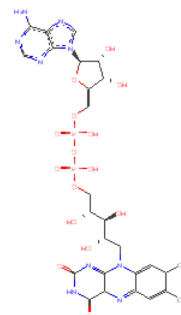
FAD was the proposed ligand ID. However processing revealed that the ligand had no exact matches in our ligand dictionary.

COMPARISON PANEL

2D ☒

3D ☐

Auth Instance ID:	1_A_FAD_601_
Name:	None
Formula:	C27 H35 N9 O15 P2



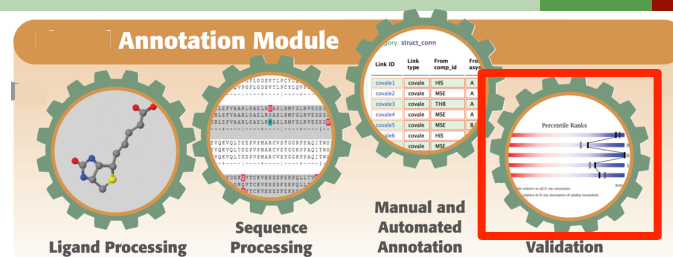
# Chemical Reference Data

## Chemical Component Dictionary

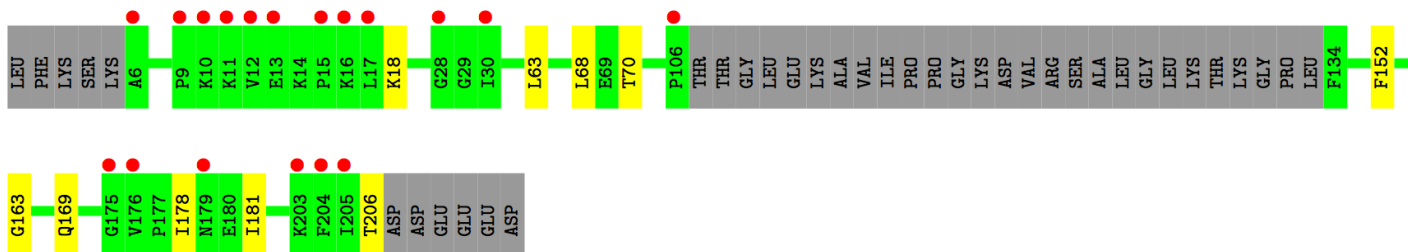
- Library of all polymer and non-polymer chemical components in PDB
  - >20,000 chemical component definitions
  - 400 additional definitions of amino acid protonation variants
- ~700 new components released this year
- ~1700 component definitions updated this year
- Complimentary to the CCP4 monomer library

**Using the experimental data we  
collect...**

# Leveraging Exp. Data in Quality Assessment

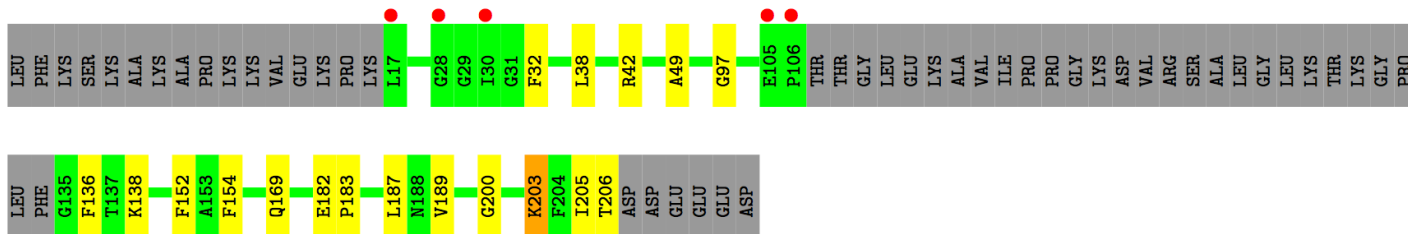


Chain A:



- Molecule 1: Photosystem II 22 kDa protein, chloroplastic

Chain B:



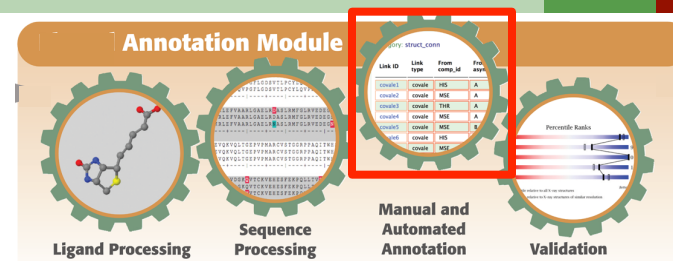
Gray – not modeled

Green, yellow, orange, red – 0,1,2, 3 or more issues

Red dot – poor fit to electron density



# Map/Model Fit



## Annotation Tasks

Upload Assembly Standard Map/Model Checks Edit Metadata Edit XYZ Display 3DEM NMR Download Help

### Annotation Tasks Display Options

D\_1000000009

Title: CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF CELLULAR RETINOIC-ACID-BINDING PROTEINS I AND II IN COMPLEX WITH ALL-TRANS-RETINOIC ACID AND A SYNTHETIC RETINOID

Current data file: D\_1000000009\_model\_P1.cif

[Open in Jmol](#)

[Open in Jsmol](#)

[Open in Jmol with Map](#)

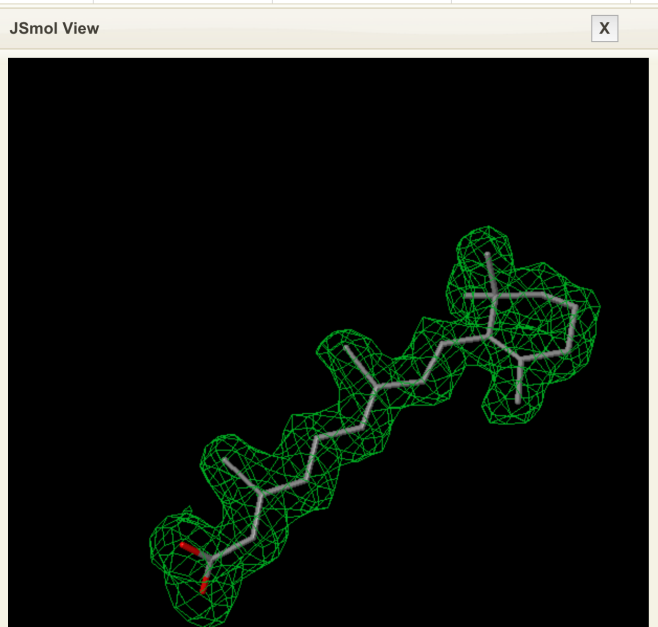
[Open in Jsmol with Map](#)

Table of local electron density maps for non-polymer chemical components

View in JSMol	Residue Name	Chain/Residue No.	Correlation	RSR	Mean B (isotropic)	Mean Occupancy
<a href="#">σ=2.0</a>   <a href="#">σ=1.5</a>   <a href="#">σ=1.0</a>   <a href="#">σ=0.8</a>	REA	A_200	0.956	0.096	12.75	1.000

Table of local electron density omit maps for non-polymer chemical components

View in JSMol	Residue Name	Chain/Residue No.	Correlation
<a href="#">σ=2.0</a>   <a href="#">σ=1.5</a>   <a href="#">σ=1.0</a>   <a href="#">σ=0.8</a>	REA	A_200	0.941

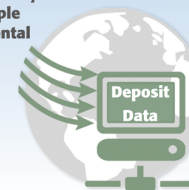


**Improving data acquisition ...**

# PDBx Deposition Working Group

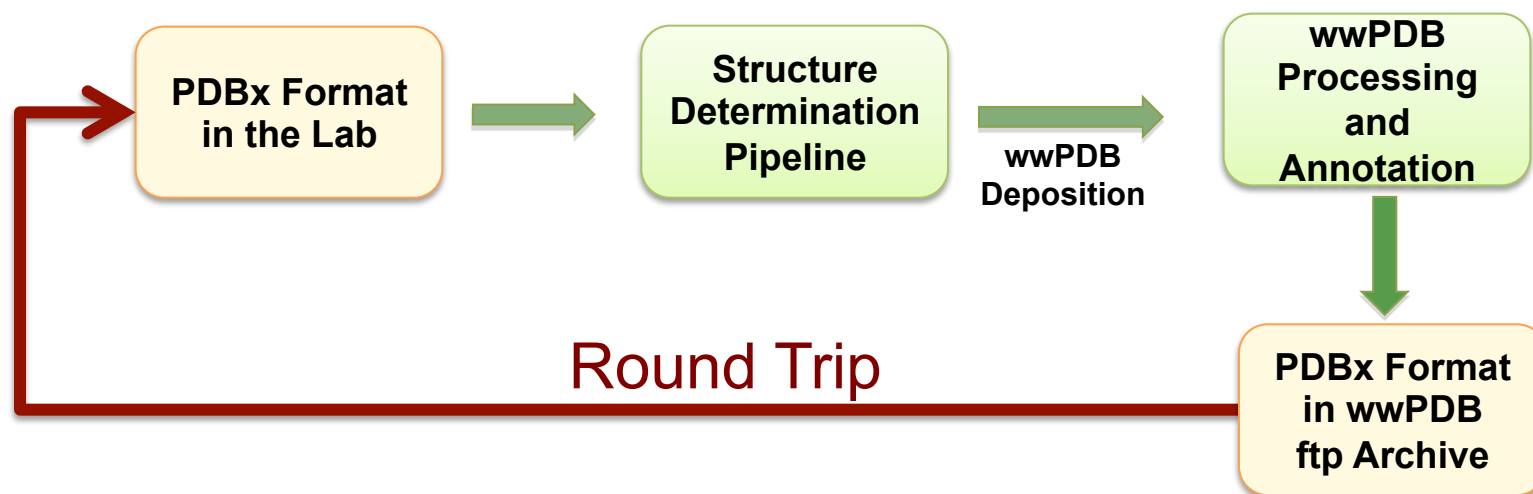
Deposition

Global PDB system  
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methods



PDBx Deposition Working Group  
Oct 8 2014 Workshop – EBI/Hinxton

- In 2011, charged with finding a “round trip” single format that can handle complex data not supported by the PDB file format
- Consensus reached on using dictionary-driven PDBx format
- Implementations delivered in January 2013
- **Currently working on recommendations for delivery of non-standard chemistry and reflection/intensity data in later 2015**



# Recommendations Under Development

- Improved organization and packaging of structure factor, intensity, phasing and map data
- Controlled vocabulary of data set content types
- Standard specifications for each data category
- Improved linking between related data sets, crystal samples, and refined models
- Incorporation of unmerged intensities and map coefficients
- Comprehensive representation of chemical topology and restraints

**Restoring the missing bits ...**

# Identifying *Related Experimental Data*

- References to hosted data sets
  - DOIs for data sets
  - DOIs for related metadata
  - Text descriptions of data and metadata

## ▼ Related external experimental data sets

DOI for the related experimental data set: ⓘ  e.g. : doi:10.000/10002/image\_data/cif

DOI for additional metadata describing the related data set: ⓘ  e.g. : doi:10.000/10002/image\_data/txt

The type of experimental data: ⓘ  e.g. : diffraction image data



Save

# *We Live in a Distributed World*

## *... just a few examples*



<http://proteindiffraction.org/>



<http://tardis.edu.au/deposit/>



<http://www.bmrb.wisc.edu/>



<http://www.sasbdb.org/>



<http://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/emdb/>



<http://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/emdb/empirar/>





# First Step Data Identification - Next Step Federation



Federation of loosely coupled resources with well defined data exchange protocols based on shared metadata standards.

Outcome of the First wwPDB Hybrid/Integrative Methods Task Force Workshop Structure 23: 1156–1167 doi: [10.1016/j.str.2015.05.013](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.str.2015.05.013)

# Acknowledgements

