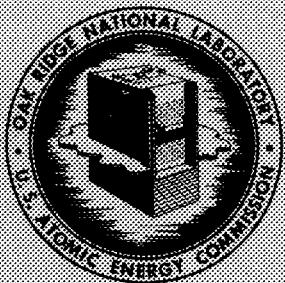


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A FORTRAN CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC FUNCTION AND ERROR PROGRAM

W. R. Busing

K. O. Martin

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OR FFE,

A FORTRAN CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC FUNCTION AND ERROR PROGRAM

by

W. R. Busing, K. O. Martin, and H. A. Levy
Chemistry Division and Mathematics Division

MARCH 1964

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ABSTRACT

This report describes a computer program which calculates interatomic distances, bond angles, principal axes of thermal motion, and other functions of the unit cell parameters, the atomic coordinates, and the temperature factor coefficients of a crystal structure. The standard errors of these functions are computed from the variance-covariance matrix of the parameters if this is known. The program may be used independently, or the input may be taken from a magnetic tape prepared by the crystallographic least-squares program OR FLS.

The program is written entirely in Fortran, and detailed instructions for its use are included. The necessary card decks may be obtained from the authors.

INTRODUCTION

Given the unit cell parameters of a crystal together with the atomic coordinates and/or the anisotropic temperature factor coefficients, this program computes various functions of these parameters, such as the distance between two atoms, an angle defined by three atoms, the principal axes of the anisotropic temperature factor, etc. If the errors of the input parameters are available to the program in the form of a variance-covariance matrix obtained, for example, from the inverse matrix of a least squares refinement, the program will also compute the standard errors of the functions with and without the contribution of the cell parameter errors. This program may be used independently, with all input data read from cards, or it may be used in conjunction with the least squares refinement program OR FLS, in which case much of the input is taken from a magnetic tape produced by that program.

The types of functions which can be evaluated are defined by subroutines, of which fifteen are included in the present program. The detailed specification of each function or group of functions to be computed is made by means of an instruction card which will be described below. If functions are desired other than those already included, the user need only write a Fortran II subroutine for the function, compile it, and add it to the deck. To facilitate such programming, several subroutines for the manipulation of matrices and vectors are included in the program, and descriptions of these

will be given below together with detailed specifications for writing subroutines for new functions.

This program is a revision of the earlier OR XFE (W. R. Busing and H. A. Levy, "A Crystallographic Function and Error Program for the IBM 704," ORNL-CF 59-12-3 (1959)). It is now written entirely in Fortran II and comments have been added to facilitate any modification which may be desired. Card decks are available from the authors on request.

MATHEMATICAL METHOD

The functions which the program computes are of the form

$$f = f(p_1, p_2, p_3 \dots a_1, a_2 \dots a_6)$$

where the p's are the atomic parameters and the a's are the unit cell parameters. Each kind of function is computed by a special subroutine for this purpose, and the mathematical expressions used are best obtained from the Fortran language listings of these subroutines designated FUN1, FUN2, etc.

The standard error of f is given by

$$e = (e'^2 + e''^2)^{1/2}$$

where

$$e'^2 = \sum_{j=i}^n \sum_{i=1}^n c_{ij} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial p_i} \right) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial p_j} \right) v_{ij}$$

and

$$e''^2 = \sum_{j=i}^6 \sum_{i=1}^6 c_{ij} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial a_i} \right) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial a_j} \right) u_{ij}.$$

Here V_{ij} is an element of the variance-covariance matrix which describes the errors of the atomic parameters, and U_{ij} is an element of a similar matrix for the unit cell parameters. $C_{ij} = 1$ if $i = j$; otherwise $C_{ij} = 2$.

When errors are to be computed the user has the option of obtaining \underline{V} from a tape produced by OR FLS. In this case the program stores

$$V_{ij} = [\Sigma_w(OBS - CALC)^2/(m-n)] b_{ij}$$

where b_{ij} is an element of the inverse matrix of the normal equations, and the constant in brackets is the weighted sum of the squares of the residuals divided by the number of degrees of freedom. The other option available to the user is to read V_{ij} directly from cards.

The unit cell errors may be put in in two ways. If no covariances are known then the user may supply the six standard errors $\sigma(a_i)$. The program then sets

$$U_{ii} = \sigma^2(a_i)$$

$$U_{ij} = 0, i \neq j.$$

Alternatively the 21 independent values of U_{ij} ($i \leq j$) can be read from cards.

The necessary derivatives are computed numerically by adding an increment Δp_i to p_i and re-entering the subroutine for f. The derivative is then

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial p_i} \approx \frac{f(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_i + \Delta p_i, \dots, a_1, \dots) - f(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_i, \dots, a_1, \dots)}{\Delta p_i}.$$

The increment used is $\Delta p_i = (0.01)V_{ii}^{1/2}$. The derivatives

with respect to the cell parameters are obtained similarly.

The program is arranged so that it computes derivatives only with respect to the parameters actually involved in f . The information as to which these are is provided by the subroutines PRE1, PRE2, etc., which are supplied for each type of function. Derivative computations are also omitted with respect to fixed parameters which are not represented in the variance-covariance matrix. If this situation arises because certain atoms are in special positions, then the errors are computed correctly. However, if parameters have been fixed for other reasons, it is possible that important terms are omitted from the calculated errors.

Note that for the derivative computation to be correct all symmetry transformations must be made after Δp_i has been added to p_i . Similarly all constraints on the parameters must be set after incrementing. (See the section entitled "Constraints on the Parameters".) In other words, the function f is always computed directly from the fundamental parameters, the errors of which are described by the matrices \underline{V} and \underline{U} .

The output of the program includes a description of the function, the value f of the function, the standard error e of the function, and the standard error e' not including the effect of unit cell errors.

CONSTRAINTS ON THE PARAMETERS

In order to insure that this program correctly computes the errors of various functions, it is necessary for the user to consider whether the symmetry of the crystal introduces constraints either on the cell parameters, a_i , or on the atomic parameters, p_i . A simple case occurs when the symmetry forces a parameter to have a fixed value, and this situation is correctly treated by specifying that the error of this parameter is zero. A more complicated procedure is required when the symmetry imposes a relationship between two or more parameters. In this case one of the interrelated parameters is chosen as independent and a Fortran II subroutine is written to set the values of the dependent parameters in terms of it. The main program will enter this subroutine immediately before each entry to the function-computing subroutine so that the derivatives needed for the error calculation are correctly computed. In the input data the errors associated with the dependent parameters should be set to zero. (When the atomic parameters are taken from a least-squares refinement these errors are automatically zero, since the dependent parameters would not have been varied.)

Specifications are given here for subroutines SETA and SETP which establish these constraints, and examples are included in the sample calculations. The statements required are summarized as follows:

SUBROUTINE SETA(A)

DIMENSION A(6)

Include statements to set the values of the A(I)'s which are taken as dependent in terms of those chosen as independent.

RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE SETP(P)

DIMENSION P(300)

Include statements to set the values of the P(I)'s which are taken as dependent in terms of those chosen as independent.

RETURN

END

These routines should be compiled and substituted in the binary deck for the dummy routines with the same names.

ATOM DESIGNATION AND SYMMETRY TRANSFORMATIONS

In the course of preparing an instruction card to specify a function to be computed, it will be necessary to define the one or more atoms involved in this function. This is done by means of an atom designation consisting of the two integers a and 100c + s. Here a = 1, 2, 3, ... is the number of the atom in the parameter list, s = 0, 1, 2, ... is the number of the symmetry transformation to be applied, and c = 0, 1, 7 defines the unit cell translations as described below.

The program obtains the coordinates of an atom in the following way:

1. The integer a is used to compute the location of the coordinates in the parameter list and x, y, z are picked up.

If a = 0 the program sets x = y = z = 0.

2. These coordinates are then transformed to x', y', z' according to the symmetry information punched on symmetry card s. If s = 0 no transformation is made.

3. The cell translations are then made according to the following table:

<u>c</u>	<u>z'''</u>	<u>y'''</u>	<u>x'''</u>
0	z'	y'	x'
1	z'	y'	$x' - 1$
2	z'	$y' - 1$	x'
3	z'	$y' - 1$	$x' - 1$
4	$z' - 1$	y'	x'
5	$z' - 1$	y'	$x' - 1$
6	$z' - 1$	$y' - 1$	x'
7	$z' - 1$	$y' - 1$	$x' - 1$

(As a memory aid, note that the 1's in this table correspond to the binary representation of c.)

For example, atom (3,208) is atom 3 in the parameter list transformed to symmetry position 8 of cell 2, while atom (5,0) is atom 5 just as it appears in the list of parameters. In a subsequent section we will refer to atom 3 in asymmetric unit 208 or atom 5 in the basic asymmetric unit (unit 0).

Note that transformations such as $x' = -x$ and $x' = 1-x$ are not in general equivalent for purposes of this program.

The program obtains the matrix of the anisotropic temperature factor coefficients of an atom in a similar way except that the elements of this matrix are transformed as the corresponding products of the coordinates. This procedure is valid for an atom in either a special or general position provided that the symmetry cards are written for general positions. (See H. A. Levy, Acta Cryst. (1956). 9, 679). The translational part of the symmetry transformation is irrelevant in this case as is the cell translation c . If $a = 0$, a null matrix will be generated.

DATA INPUT

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Title card.
Columns
1-72 | FORMAT(12A6)

Title consisting of any desired Hollerith information. This will be printed unchanged on the output. |
| 2. Control card.
Columns
1-3 | FORMAT(9I3)

IPM, the atomic parameter error indicator. The variance-covariance matrix and parameter selection information will
(IPM = 0) not be used.
(IPM = 1) be used to compute errors. |
| 4-6 | NP, the input indicator. If NP = 0, the structure parameters will be read from the private tape written by OR FLS. (If the variance-covariance matrix and parameter selection information are to be used, they will also be read from this tape when NP = 0). If NP > 0, data will be taken entirely from cards, and NP is equal to the number of structure parameters to be read from the cards. |

$$0 \leq NP \leq 300.$$

Columns

7-9

IAM, the cell parameter error indicator.
 The cell parameter errors are
 (IAM = 0) not to be used.
 (IAM = 1) to be read in the form of
 standard errors.
 (IAM = 2) to be read in the form of a
 variance-covariance matrix.

10-12

NS, the number of symmetry cards to be
 read.

$$0 \leq NS \leq 48.$$

13-15

NV, the order of the variance-covariance
 matrix, **PM**, if it is to be read from
 cards. If the matrix is to be read from
 the OR FLS tape, NV will also be read
 from this tape and this field is
 irrelevant. If the variance-covariance
 matrix is not to be used, set NV = 0.
 $0 \leq NV \leq 200.$

The following parameter arrangement integers must be supplied if the structure parameters are read from cards. They are supplied automatically by the program if the parameters are read from the private output tape of OR FLS. For more details see 3 below.

Columns

16-18

JXP, the period of the position parameters
 in the parameter list. If no position
 parameters are included in the list, set
JXP and **JX** = 0.

19-21

JX, the position of the first x coordinate
 in the parameter list.

22-24

JBP, the period of the temperature factor
 coefficients in the parameter list. If no
 temperature factor coefficients are
 included in the list, set **JBP** and **JB** = 0.

25-27

JB, the position of the first temperature
 factor coefficient in the parameter list.

3. Atomic parameter cards. **FORMAT(8F9.4)**
 If **NP** = 0, the atomic parameters will be read from the private output tape of OR FLS, and the atomic parameter cards are omitted from the card input. Otherwise **NP** parameters must be punched eight per card. The arrangement of these parameters is subject to the following restrictions:

- a) For each atom the position parameters x, y, z must be in sequence.
 - b) Position parameters for successive atoms must appear periodically in the order of the atom designation.
 - c) If anisotropic temperature factor coefficients are included, they must be in the sequence β_{11} , β_{22} , β_{33} , β_{12} , β_{13} , β_{23} , for each atom. These β 's are defined by the following expression for the temperature factor:
- $$\exp[-(h^2\beta_{11}+k^2\beta_{22}+\ell^2\beta_{33}+2hk\beta_{12}+2h\ell\beta_{13}+2k\ell\beta_{23})].$$
- d) Temperature factor coefficients of successive atoms must appear periodically in the order of the atom designation.

Thus the position parameters of atom I start with P(J) where $J = JXP*(I-1) + JX$, and the temperature factor coefficients of atom I start with P(K) where $K = JBP*(I-1) + JB$.

4. Parameter selection cards. **FORMAT(72I1)**
The purpose of these cards is to identify those parameters which are associated with the elements of the variance-covariance matrix PM. They are exactly the same as the parameter selection cards used with OR FLS.

These cards are not to be supplied unless the control card integers IPM and NP specify that the variance-covariance matrix and parameter selection information will be used and will be read from cards (IPM = 1 and NP > 0).

Each column of a parameter selection card corresponds to one parameter. The first card is associated with parameters 1 to 72, the second with parameters 73 to 144, etc. If a parameter is represented in the matrix a one is punched in the corresponding column; otherwise a zero or blank is punched. The total number of one punches must be equal to NV, the order of the matrix. The first parameter in the list for which a one punch is found is assumed to correspond to the first row and column of the matrix, the second with the second, etc.

5. Variance-covariance matrix, PM, for structure parameters. **FORMAT(6E12.6)**
These cards are to be supplied only if the variance-covariance matrix is to be used and is to be read from cards (IPM = 1 and NP > 0).

First card

Columns

1-12 A scale factor by which the matrix will be multiplied. This could be unity or $\sum w(F_Q - F_C)^2 / (m - n)$, for example.

Subsequent cards

The NV(NV + 1)/2 unique elements of the matrix PM punched six per card in the order PM(1,1), PM(1,2), ..., PM(1,NV), PM(2,2), PM(2,3), ..., PM(2,NV), PM(3,3), ..., PM(NV,NV), where NV is the order of the matrix. The parameters with which this matrix is associated are defined by the parameter selection cards.

6. Cell parameter card. FORMAT(6F9.4)
These six direct unit cell parameters must always be supplied.

Columns

$$1-9 \qquad \qquad A(1) = a$$

$$10-18 \qquad \qquad A(z) = b$$

$$19-27 \quad A(3) = c$$

$$28-36 \quad A(4) = \cos \alpha$$

$$37-45 \quad A(5) = \cos \beta$$

- ## 7 Cell parameter error cards

If the effect of the cell parameter errors is not to be considered (**IAM** = 0), these cards are omitted. If it is to be included, the cell parameter errors must be supplied in one of two forms as specified by the control card integer **IAM**.

- a) Standard error form ($\text{IAM} = 1$). **FORMAT(6F9.4)**
 If this input is used the covariances between
 the cell parameters are assumed to be zero.

Columns

columns
1-9

10-18 g(h)

19-27 $\sigma(c)$

$$28-36 \quad \sigma(\cos \alpha)$$

$$37-45 \quad \sigma(\cos \beta)$$

- b) Variance-covariance matrix form ($\text{IAM} = 2$).
 If information on the covariances between cell parameters is available, the 21 unique elements of this 6×6 matrix should be punched on three cards.

FORMAT(8F9.4)

Card 1: $\text{AM}(a,a), \text{AM}(a,b), \dots, \text{AM}(a, \cos \gamma), \text{AM}(b,b), \text{AM}(b,c)$.
 Card 2: $\text{AM}(b, \cos \alpha), \dots, \text{AM}(b, \cos \gamma), \text{AM}(c,c), \dots, \text{AM}(\cos \alpha, \cos \alpha)$.
 Card 3: $\text{AM}(\cos \alpha, \cos \beta), \dots, \text{AM}(\cos \gamma, \cos \gamma)$.

8. Symmetry cards. FORMAT(F11.6,2I2,F11.6,2I2,F11.6,2I2)
 The number of symmetry cards to be read is given by NS on the control card. There must be a card for each symmetry transformation which will be called for by an instruction card (see the section "Atom Designation and Symmetry Transformations"). If the functions to be computed require no symmetry transformations, then no symmetry cards need be supplied.

These symmetry cards have the same format as those for OR FLS.

Columns

1-11	Translational part of x_j or blank.
12-13	1, 2, 3, -1, -2, -3, or blank for x, y, z, -x, -y, -z, or blank, respectively, as used in the expression for the transformed x_j .
14-15	1, 2, 3, -1, -2, -3, or blank for x, y, z, -x, -y, -z, or blank, respectively, as used in the expression for the transformed x_j . (Columns 12 and 13 are exactly equivalent to 14 and 15. Also, note that an expression such as $x_j = 2x$ must be treated as $x_j = x + x.$) _j
16-26	Translational part of y_j or blank.
27-30	Integers representing plus or minus x, y, or z in the expression for the transformed y_j as described above.
31-41	Translational part of z_j or blank.
42-45	Integers representing plus or minus x, y, or z in the expression for the transformed z_j .

9. Instruction cards. **FORMAT(24I3)**
See the next section, "Instruction Input," for the specifications for this input.
10. Instruction termination card. **FORMAT(24I3)**
Columns
1-3 0 (zero) as a sentinel for the end of the instruction deck.

INSTRUCTION INPUT

Each function to be computed by the program is specified by a sequence of integers, IN, which are read from one or more instruction cards. The first integer in this sequence, IN(1), defines the type of function to be computed, and the interpretation of the remaining instruction integers will in general be different for different types of functions.

Details of the instruction integers for each type of function are given below.

Each instruction card is read with **FORMAT(24I3)**. Of the 24 integers on this card only the first 23 are considered to be part of the instruction, IN. Usually one card will suffice to specify a function, but if a function requires more than 23 integers to define it, up to ten cards may be used with 23 integers on each card. Punching a one (or any non-zero integer) in field 24 of an instruction card indicates that the instruction is continued on the next card.

Function 1

One interatomic distance.

Columns

1-3	1	
4-6	a_1	atom designation 1.
7-9	$100c_1 + s_1$	
10-12	a_2	atom designation 2.
13-15	$100c_2 + s_2$	

Function 101

All distances (less than d(max)) between atoms in two asymmetric units.

Columns

1-3	101	
4-6	$a(\max)$, the number of atoms in the parameter list.	
7-9	$100c_1 + s_1$, designation of first asymmetric unit.	
10-12	---	
13-15	$100c_2 + s_2$, designation of second asymmetric unit. (This may be the same as the first.)	
16-18	The integer $10d(\max)$. If this is left blank, $d(\max) = 4.0\text{\AA}$.	

Function 201

All distances (less than d(max)) between atoms in the basic asymmetric unit and atoms in all asymmetric units (i.e., all combinations of c and s).

In order to cause this instruction to compute all possible distances less than d(max), the basic asymmetric unit should be chosen close to the origin, and the symmetry transformations specified should generate asymmetric units to fill out a unit cell on the positive sides of this basic unit. Even so, for certain symmetry situations or for small unit cells, some of the desired distances will be omitted if the atoms involved lie outside of the eight unit cells

generated. The user may prefer to use instruction 101 and to select in advance the asymmetric units likely to be involved in these contacts.

Columns

1-3	201
4-6	a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.
7-15	---
16-18	The integer 10d(max). If this is left blank then d(max) = 4.0A.

Function 2

Angle defined by three atoms.

Columns

1-3	2
4-9	Atom designation 1.
10-15	Atom designation 2 (vertex).
16-21	Atom designation 3.

Function 3

Angle between normals to planes each defined by three atoms. The direction of the normals is that of $(1,2)\times(1,3)$ and $(4,5)\times(4,6)$ where 1,2 is the vector defined by atom designations 1 and 2, etc.

Columns

1-3	3
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-15	Atom designation 2
16-21	Atom designation 3
22-27	Atom designation 4
28-33	Atom designation 5
34-39	Atom designation 6

} Plane 1
 } Plane 2

Function 4

Difference between two interatomic distances.

Columns

1-3	4	
4-9	Atom designation 1	Distance 1
10-15	Atom designation 2	
16-21	Atom designation 3	Distance 2
22-27	Atom designation 4	

Function 5

Difference between two angles each defined by three atoms.

Columns

1-3	5	
4-9	Atom designation 1	Angle 1
10-15	Atom designation 2 (vertex)	
16-21	Atom designation 3	
22-27	Atom designation 4	Angle 2
28-33	Atom designation 5 (vertex)	
34-39	Atom designation 6	

Function 6

The sum of several angles each defined by three atoms.

Columns

1-3	6	
4-6	n, the number of angles to be summed.	Angle 1
7-12	Atom designation 1	
13-18	Atom designation 2 (vertex)	
19-24	Atom designation 3	

Columns

25-30	Atom designation 4	}	Angle 2
31-36	Atom designation 5 (vertex)		
37-42	Atom designation 6 etc.		

Function 7

The RMS component of thermal displacement of one atom along principal axis r.

Columns

1-3	7
4-9	Atom designation
10-12	r (= 1, 2, or 3)

Function 107

Same as Function 7 computed for each of the three values of r.

Columns

1-3	107
4-9	Atom designation

Function 207

Same as Function 7 computed for each atom of a given asymmetric unit, each with the three values of r.

Columns

1-3	207
4-6	a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.
7-9	Designation of the asymmetric unit.

Function 8

Angle between principal axis r of atom 1 and a vector defined by atoms 2 and 3.

Columns

1-3	8
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-12	r (= 1, 2, or 3)
13-18	Atom designation 2
19-24	Atom designation 3

Vector

Function 108

Same as Function 8 computed for each of the three values of r.

1-3	108
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-12	---
13-18	Atom designation 2
19-24	Atom designation 3

Vector

Function 208

Same as Function 8 computed for each atom in a given molecule, each with the three values of r.

Columns

1-3	208
4-6	a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.
7-9	Designation of the asymmetric unit.
10-12	---
13-18	Atom designation 2
19-24	Atom designation 3

Vector

Function 9

The RMS component of thermal displacement of atom 1 along principal axis r, projected on a vector defined by atoms 2 and 3.

Columns

1-3	9
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-12	r (= 1, 2, or 3)
13-18	Atom designation 2
19-24	Atom designation 3 } Vector

Function 109

Same as Function 9 computed for the three values of r.

Columns

1-3	109
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-12	---
13-18	Atom designation 2
19-24	Atom designation 3 } Vector

Function 209

Same as Function 9 computed for each atom in a given asymmetric unit, each with the three values of r.

Columns

1-3	209
4-6	a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.
7-9	Designation of the asymmetric unit.
10-12	---

Columns

13-18	Atom designation 2	}	Vector
19-24	Atom designation 3		

Function 10

Angle between principal axis r of atom 1 and axis i of a cartesian coordinate system. The latter is defined by atoms 2, 3, 4, and 5 as follows: Axis 1 is in the direction of vector $(2, 3)$. Axis 2 is in the direction of $(\text{Axis } 1) \times (4, 5)$. Axis 3 is in the direction of $(\text{Axis } 1) \times (\text{Axis } 2)$.

Columns

1-3	10		
4-9	Atom designation 1		
10-12	r (= 1, 2, or 3)		
13-15	i (= 1, 2, or 3)		
16-21	Atom designation 2	}	Vector
22-27	Atom designation 3		
28-33	Atom designation 4	}	Vector
34-39	Atom designation 5		

} Vectors defining axes

Function 110

Same as Function 10 computed for the nine combinations of r and i .

Columns

1-3	110		
4-9	Atom designation 1		
10-15	---		

Columns

16-21	Atom designation 2	}	Vector	}	Vectors defining axes
22-27	Atom designation 3				
28-33	Atom designation 4				
34-39	Atom designation 5				

Function 210

Same as Function 10 computed for all atoms in a given asymmetric unit, each with the nine combinations of r and i .

Columns

1-3	210				
4-6	a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.				
7-9	Designation of the asymmetric unit.				
10-15	---				
16-21	Atom designation 2	}	Vector	}	Vectors defining axes
22-27	Atom designation 3				
28-33	Atom designation 4				
34-39	Atom designation 5				

Function 11

The RMS component of thermal displacement of atom 1 along principal axis r , projected on axis i of a cartesian coordinate system defined by atoms 2, 3, 4, and 5 as described under Function 10.

Columns

1-3	11				
4-9	Atom designation 1				
10-12	r (= 1, 2, or 3)				

Columns

13-15	i (= 1, 2, or 3)			
16-21	Atom designation 2	Vector	Vectors defining axes	
22-27	Atom designation 3			
28-33	Atom designation 4	Vector		
34-39	Atom designation 5			

Function 111

Same as Function 11 computed for the nine combinations of r and i.

1-3	111			
4-9	Atom designation 1			
10-15	---			
16-21	Atom designation 2	Vector	Vectors defining axes	
22-27	Atom designation 3			
28-33	Atom designation 4	Vector		
34-39	Atom designation 5			

Function 211

Same as Function 11 computed for all atoms in a given asymmetric unit, each with the nine combinations of r and i.

Columns

1-3	211			
4-6	a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.			
7-9	Designation of asymmetric unit.			
10-15	---			

Columns

16-21	Atom designation 2	}	Vector	} Vectors defining axes
22-27	Atom designation 3			
28-33	Atom designation 4		Vector	
34-39	Atom designation 5			

Function 12

The RMS component of thermal displacement of atom 1 in the direction of a vector defined by atoms 2 and 3.

Columns

1-3	12	}	Vector	} Vectors defining axes
4-9	Atom designation 1			
10-15	Atom designation 2			
16-21	Atom designation 3			

Function 13

The RMS radial thermal displacement of an atom.

Columns

1-3	13	}	Vector	} Vectors defining axes
4-9	Atom designation			

Function 14

Interatomic distance averaged over thermal motion.

Second atom is assumed to ride on the first. The function is $\bar{R} = R_o + (\bar{r_i^2} - \bar{\xi_i^2} - r_f^2 + \bar{\xi_f^2})/2R_o$ where R_o is the uncorrected interatomic distance, $\bar{r_i^2}$ is the mean square radial thermal displacement of atom i, and $\bar{\xi_i^2}$ is the mean square component of displacement of atom i in the direction defined by the interatomic vector.

Columns

1-3	14
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-15	Atom designation 2

Function 15

Interatomic distance averaged over thermal motion.

Atoms assumed to move independently. The function is $\bar{R} = R_o + (\overline{r_2^2} - \overline{\xi_2^2} + \overline{r_f^2} - \overline{\xi_f^2})/2R_o$ where the symbols are defined as in Function 14 above.

Columns

1-3	15
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-15	Atom designation 2

TAPES REQUIRED

Listed here are the monitor control cards required for operation at the Oak Ridge Central Data Processing Facility. At other installations the necessary tapes should be specified appropriately.

*TAPE(3, Reel Number, SAVE)

This tape is required only if NP = 0, indicating that information is to be taken from the output of OR FLS. It will be rewound before being read and may be file protected if desired.

*TAPE(9, OUTPUT)

This is the monitor output tape to be listed.

*TAPE(10, INPUT)

This is the monitor input tape prepared from cards.

ERROR INDICATORS

If an error is detected in the course of computing a function, an indicator is put out in place of the result, and the program proceeds to compute the next function. The form of the indicator is "***NG" where NG is an integer, the meaning of which is tabulated here.

<u>NG</u>	<u>Subprogram</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
1	ATOM, BETA	The symmetry position specified is out of range of the symmetry cards supplied.
4	BETA	The temperature factors are not in anisotropic form. Either ITF = 1 on OR FLS tape or JBP < 6 when parameters are read from cards.
5	ATOM, BETA	The atom specified is out of range of the parameter list.
6	STOBB	A cell parameter A(1), A(2), or A(3) ≤ 0 .
7	EIGVAL	The eigenvalues are complex.
8	EIGVEC	Only null eigenvectors are found.
9	COSVV	One of the vectors is null.
10	FUNXI	The vector used to specify the direction is null.
11	FUNI	The function specified is out of range. The program requires $0 < \text{XMODF}(\text{IN}(1), 100) \leq 15$.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR SUBROUTINES TO COMPUTE

NEW TYPES OF FUNCTIONS

To program a new type of function the user selects a function designation integer, i. Function designations 1-15 have already been assigned in the program as written so that normally new designations would be 16, 17....

Subprograms HEDI, PREI, FUNI, and OUTI must each be modified as follows:

1. Change the second IF statement to permit the new function designation.
2. Add a branch to the computed GO TO.
3. Add a CALL statement for the new routine followed by a GO TO 160.

The user then writes four Fortran II subroutines named HEDI, PREI, FUNI, and OUTI as described below. All these subprograms are compiled and added to the binary deck removing the original routines where necessary.

The programmer should refer to the symbolic listing of functions 1-15 for examples of the following routines.

HEDI

The user may omit this subroutine if desired. Its purpose is to put out an over-all heading which defines the type of function. It is entered each time the function designation IN(1) is changed.

1. The subroutine has no arguments.
2. No COMMON or DIMENSION statements are needed.
3. Put out the heading on tape 9.
4. The first Hollerith character should be zero to cause double spacing.
5. More than one line may be put out if desired.

PREI

This subroutine need be included only if standard errors are to be computed. Its purpose is to instruct the program as

to which parameters are involved in the function to be computed. The program thus avoids computing unnecessary derivatives.

1. The subroutine has no arguments.
2. Include the standard COMMON and DIMENSION statements used throughout the program.
3. Enter the subroutines SETKX and/or SETKB once for each atom involved in the function. See the section "Arithmetic Subprograms Available" for details of these routines.

FUNi

The purpose of this subroutine is to compute the desired function when given the various input data found in common storage.

1. The subroutine has no arguments.
2. Include the standard COMMON and DIMENSION statements used throughout the program.
3. The significance of the instruction integers IN(K) except for IN(1) is at the discretion of the programmer.
4. The necessary atomic coordinates or temperature factor coefficients are called for by means of subroutines ATOM or BETA.
5. If the metric tensors AA or BB are to be used, the subroutines STOAA and/or STOBB must be entered. See the section "Arithmetic Subprograms Available" for a description of these routines.

6. Store the function at FX in COMMON and RETURN.

OUTi

The purpose of this subroutine is to put out the detailed description of the individual function computed. Its inclusion is optional but certainly desirable.

1. The subroutine has no arguments.
2. Include the standard COMMON and DIMENSION statements used throughout Segment 2.
3. The description which probably includes the relevant instruction integers, IN, should be put out on tape 9.
4. The first character of the first line of this description should be a Hollerith zero to cause double spacing.
5. More than one line may be put out if desired.

ARITHMETIC SUBPROGRAMS AVAILABLE

1. CALL SETKX (IN(K))

Instructs the program to calculate derivatives with respect to the coordinates of the atom designated in IN(K). This subroutine is used by the preliminary subroutines, PREi.

2. CALL SETKB (IN(K))

Instructs the program to calculate derivatives with respect to the anisotropic temperature factor coefficients of the atom designated in IN(K). This subroutine is used by the preliminary subroutines, PREi.

3. CALL STOAA

Stores the 3×3 metric tensor \underline{g} (where $g_{ij} = \underline{a}_i \cdot \underline{a}_j$) at AA in common storage.

4. CALL STOBB

Stores the 3×3 reciprocal metric tensor \underline{g}^{-1} (where $(g^{-1})_{ij} = \underline{b}_i \cdot \underline{b}_j$) at BB in common storage.

5. CALL ATOM(IN(K),Z)

DIMENSION Z(3)

Stores at Z the coordinates of the atom specified by the instruction integers IN(K) and IN(K+1). These coordinates refer to the triclinic axes. They have been transformed according to the symmetry specified.

6. CALL BETA (IN(K),Z)

DIMENSION Z(3,3)

Stores at Z the 3×3 matrix of the temperature factor coefficients of the atom specified by instruction integers IN(K) and IN(K+1). The matrix has been transformed according to the symmetry specified.

7. CALL MM (X, Y, Z)

DIMENSION X(3,3), Y(3,3), Z(3,3)

Performs the matrix multiplication $\underline{XY} = \underline{Z}$. The location of \underline{Z} must be different from \underline{X} and \underline{Y} .

8. CALL MV (X, Y, Z)

DIMENSION X(3,3), Y(3), Z(3)

Performs the matrix-vector multiplication $\underline{XY} = \underline{Z}$. The location of \underline{Z} must be different from \underline{Y} .

9. CALL VM (X, Y, Z)

DIMENSION X(3), Y(3,3), Z(3)

Performs the vector-matrix multiplication $\underline{X}^T \underline{Y} = \underline{Z}^T$.The locations of \underline{Z} must be different from \underline{X} .

10. Function VV(X, Y)

DIMENSION X(3), Y(3)

Performs the vector-vector multiplication $\underline{X}^T \underline{Y} = Z$

(a scalar).

11. Function VMV (W, X, Y)

DIMENSION W(3), X(3,3), Y(3)

Performs the vector-matrix-vector multiplication $\underline{W}^T \underline{X} \underline{Y} = \underline{Z}$

(a scalar).

12. CALL DIFV (X, Y, Z)

DIMENSION X(3), Y(3), Z(3)

Performs the vector subtraction $\underline{X} - \underline{Y} = \underline{Z}$. \underline{Z} may have the same location as \underline{X} or \underline{Y} .

13. CALL SUMV (X, Y, Z)

DIMENSION X(3), Y(3), Z(3)

Performs the vector summation $\underline{X} + \underline{Y} = \underline{Z}$. \underline{Z} may have the same location as \underline{X} or \underline{Y} .

14. Function COSVV (X, Y)

DIMENSION X(3), Y(3)

Computes the cosine of the angle defined by vectors \underline{X} and \underline{Y} . These vectors are assumed to refer to the triclinic coordinate system, and it is also assumed that the metric tensor has been stored at AA in common storage.

15. Function ARCCOS (X)

Computes θ , the arc cos of X in degrees. $0 \leq \theta \leq 180.$

16. CALL NORM (X, Y, Z)

DIMENSION X(3), Y(3), Z(3)

Stores at Z a vector (not a unit vector) perpendicular to both X and Y. The sense of Z is that of the vector product X x Y. All vectors are referred to the triclinic coordinate system, and it is assumed that the reciprocal metric tensor has been stored at BB in common storage.

17. CALL AXES (U, V, X)

DIMENSION U(3), V(3), X(3,3)

Stores three mutually perpendicular vectors (not unit vectors) at X(I,1), X(I,2), and X(I,3). X(I,1) = U(I). X(I,2) is normal to U and V, i.e., in the direction of U x V. X(I,3) is normal to X(I,1) and X(I,2) so as to yield a right-handed coordinate system. All these vectors are referred to the triclinic coordinate system, and it is assumed that the reciprocal metric tensor has been stored at BB in common storage.

18. CALL EIGVAL (W, Y)

DIMENSION W(3,3), Y(3)

Stores the three eigenvalues Y of the matrix W.

The method used for solving the cubic determinental equation is that described by R. S. Burington, Handbook of Mathematical Tables and Formulas, (Handbook Publishers, Inc., Sandusky, Ohio, 1956), 3rd ed., pp. 7-9.

19. CALL EIGVEC (W, Y, Z)

DIMENSION W(3,3), Z(3)

Given an eigenvalue Y of the matrix W, this subroutine stores the corresponding eigenvector Z.

Solving any pair of the three available equations would yield a vector in the desired direction. Because of special symmetry situations, however, the pairs chosen could be redundant so that a null vector would be obtained. The subroutine therefore repeats the calculation with each of the three possible pairs, and the vector of largest magnitude is taken as the correct result. If all three pairs yield null vectors, the subroutine sets an error indicator, because this implies that the direction of the eigenvector is indeterminate.

20. Function TRACE (X)

DIMENSION X(3,3)

Computes the trace of the matrix X.

DISCUSSION OF EXAMPLES

Data for two test problems are included with the card deck for OR FFE. Both are extensions of the hypothetical problem based on alpha quartz which was included with the program OR FLS. Example 1 uses card input only, and tests the present program independently. Example 2 takes part of its input from a tape produced by OR FLS, and tests the two programs together. To obtain the required magnetic tape from OR FLS it is necessary to modify the test data card FLS 1414 by substituting 1 for 0 in column 18.

It should be emphasized again that this problem is a hypothetical one. Although the structure considered is qualitatively that of alpha quartz, the observations used in the OR FLS test are synthetic, and the parameters which result are not related to the true structure of this material.

Silicon atom (2,300) lies on a single twofold rotation axis and has oxygen atoms (1,2), (1,3), (1,300), and (1,305) as four nearest neighbors in an approximately tetrahedral configuration. Example 1 computes the independent distances and angles of this group. The dihedral angle computed is a measure of the distortion of the tetrahedron. The differences computed show how the program can be used to determine whether chemically equivalent but crystallographically distinct distances or angles have significant deviations from each other.

Example 2 includes computations relating to the anisotropic temperature factor coefficients. First the root-mean-square displacements in the principal axis directions are obtained. Then the angles which principal axes of the O atom (1,2) make with the Si-O bond (2,300) (1,2) are computed. Next a cartesian coordinate system is defined in terms of the Si-O vectors (2,300) (1,2) and (2,300) (1,3) so that the principal axes of O can be related to this. Note that the axis with I = 1 is just the Si-O bond direction used above so that the angles with I = 1 repeat those computed earlier.

Because the Si atom is located on a twofold axis, one of its principal axes is constrained to lie in that direction.

By choosing a coordinate system based on Si atoms in different cells, cartesian axis 1 is made to fall on the twofold axis, axis 2 lies in the x,y plane and axis 3 is parallel to z. Principal axes 1 and 3 are both seen to make angles of 90° with cartesian axis 1, as expected. Principal axis 2 should therefore make angles of 0° (or 180°), 90°, and 90° with cartesian axes 1, 2, and 3, respectively. Unfortunately, the results are only approximately correct in the present test problem. The parameters from the hypothetical OR FLS test problem represent atoms which are nearly isotropic, and it is believed that this situation permits round-off errors to cause the observed discrepancies.

Finally three other types of functions are computed to complete the test.

CARD DECKS PROVIDED†

<u>Subprogram</u>	<u>Symbolic card numbers</u>	<u>Column binary card numbers*</u>
Calling program	1 - 246	2051 - 2103**
SUB8	247 - 300	2104 - 2109
SUB10	301 - 321	2110 - 2112
SUB11	322 - 347	2113 - 2115
SUB13	348 - 491	2116 - 2133
SUB19	492 - 508	2134 - 2136
SUB21	509 - 581	2137 - 2145
HEDI	582 - 637	2146 - 2155

<u>Subprogram</u>	<u>Symbolic card numbers</u>	<u>Column binary card numbers*</u>
PREI	638 - 678	2156 - 2162
FUNI	679 - 746	2163 - 2172
OUTI	747 - 786	2173 - 2179
SETKX	787 - 803	2180 - 2182
SETKB	804 - 820	2183 - 2186
STOAA	821 - 840	2187 - 2190
STOBB	841 - 874	2191 - 2197
ATOM	875 - 927	2198 - 2209
BETA	928 - 987	2210 - 2224
MM	988 - 999	2225 - 2228
MV	1000 - 1010	2229 - 2232
VM	1011 - 1021	2233 - 2236
VV	1022 - 1031	2237 - 2239
VMV	1032 - 1040	2240 - 2242
DIFV	1041 - 1049	2243 - 2245
SUMV	1050 - 1058	2246 - 2248
COSVV	1059 - 1075	2249 - 2253
ARCCOS	1076 - 1081	2254 - 2256
NORM	1082 - 1101	2257 - 2260
AXES	1102 - 1113	2261 - 2265
EIGVAL	1114 - 1160	2266 - 2277
EIGVEC	1161 - 1195	2278 - 2284
TRACE	1196 - 1204	2285 - 2287
FUNA	1205 - 1224	2288 - 2292

<u>Subprogram</u>	<u>Symbolic card numbers</u>	<u>Column binary card numbers*</u>
FUND	1225 ~ 1241	2293 ~ 2296
HED1	1242 ~ 1248	2297 ~ 2299
PRE1	1249 ~ 1261	2300 ~ 2302
FUN1	1262 ~ 1273	2303 ~ 2305
OUT1	1274 ~ 1286	2306 ~ 2308
HED2	1287 ~ 1293	2309 ~ 2311
PRE2	1294 ~ 1306	2312 ~ 2314
FUN2	1307 ~ 1318	2315 ~ 2317
OUT2	1319 ~ 1331	2318 ~ 2320
HED3	1332 ~ 1339	2321 ~ 2323
PRE3	1340 ~ 1352	2324 ~ 2326
FUN3	1353 ~ 1377	2327 ~ 2333
OUT3	1378 ~ 1391	2334 ~ 2337
HED4	1392 ~ 1398	2338 ~ 2340
PRE4	1399 ~ 1411	2341 ~ 2343
FUN4	1412 ~ 1423	2344 ~ 2346
OUT4	1424 ~ 1437	2347 ~ 2350
HED5	1438 ~ 1444	2351 ~ 2353
FUN5	1445 ~ 1456	2354 ~ 2356
HED6	1457 ~ 1463	2357 ~ 2359
PRE6	1464 ~ 1477	2360 ~ 2362
FUN6	1478 ~ 1492	2363 ~ 2365
OUT6	1493 ~ 1507	2366 ~ 2369
FUNB	1508 ~ 1527	2370 ~ 2374

<u>Subprogram</u>	<u>Symbolic card numbers</u>	<u>Column binary card numbers*</u>
FUNC	1528 - 1548	2375 - 2379
FUNX	1549 - 1573	2380 - 2386
HED7	1574 - 1581	2387 - 2390
PRE7	1582 - 1593	2391 - 2393
FUN7	1594 - 1606	2394 - 2396
OUT7	1607 - 1619	2397 - 2399
HED8	1620 - 1627	2400 - 2403
PRE8	1628 - 1641	2404 - 2406
FUN8	1642 - 1654	2407 - 2409
OUT8	1655 - 1668	2410 - 2413
HED9	1669 - 1677	2414 - 2417
FUN9	1678 - 1690	2418 - 2420
HED10	1691 - 1699	2421 - 2424
PRE10	1700 - 1713	2425 - 2427
FUN10	1714 - 1726	2428 - 2430
OUT10	1727 - 1741	2431 - 2434
HED11	1742 - 1751	2435 - 2438
FUN11	1752 - 1764	2439 - 2441
FUNR	1765 - 1780	2442 - 2445
FUNCR	1781 - 1799	2446 - 2451
FUNXI	1800 - 1824	2452 - 2457
HED12	1825 - 1833	2458 - 2461
PRE12	1834 - 1847	2462 - 2464
FUN12	1848 - 1860	2465 - 2467

<u>Subprogram</u>	<u>Symbolic card numbers</u>	<u>Column binary card numbers*</u>
OUT12	1861 - 1874	2468 - 2471
HED13	1875 - 1881	2472 - 2474
FUN13	1882 - 1894	2475 - 2477
OUT13	1895 - 1907	2478 - 2480
HED14	1908 - 1915	2481 - 2483
PRE14	1916 - 1929	2484 - 2486
FUN14	1930 - 1943	2487 - 2489
HED15	1944 - 1951	2490 - 2492
FUN15	1952 - 1965	2493 - 2495
ASIN		2496 - 2499***
SETA (Dummy)	1966 - 1970	2500 - 2501
SETP (Dummy)	1971 - 1975	2502 - 2503
SETA (Examples 1 and 2)	1976 - 1982	2504 - 2506
SETP (Example 1)	1983 - 1989	2507 - 2509
SETP (Example 2)	1990 - 1998	2510 - 2512
Transfer card and data for Example 1	1999 - 2022	
Transfer card and data for Example 2	2023 - 2050	

*The column binary cards provided were compiled on an IBM 7090. Most of the subprograms must be recompiled if they are to be used on an IBM 704.

**Card No. 2051 is a control card for the Oak Ridge monitor system. It may not be appropriate at other installations.

***The ASIN routine is included because it is not available from the Oak Ridge library tape. It may not be needed at other installations. Library routines SQRT, COS, and EXIT (which terminates the job) should also be inserted here if they are not supplied by the monitor system.

^fUsers who received a temporary card deck during 1963 will probably find that the only change has been to add identifying numbers to the final version. The most recent modifications to the program were made in the cards now numbered FFE 072, 073, 162, 939, 940, and 1140-1143. If these cards are verified and corrected where necessary, then the temporary deck will conform to this report.

GLOSSARY OF SYMBOLS

The following list defines the symbols used in the main parts of the program. Some of the independent arithmetic subroutines repeat certain symbols with different meanings, and these are not included in this glossary.

Arrays are represented by symbols followed by their minimum allowable dimensions. All other symbols refer to single-storage variables. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are sometimes read as input data.

*A(6)	Direct cell parameters $a, b, c, \cos \alpha, \cos \beta,$ and $\cos \gamma.$
AA(3,3)	Metric tensor g where $g_{ij} = a_i \cdot a_j.$
AM(21)	Upper triangular part of the variance-covariance matrix associated with the six cell parameters. $AM(1) = U_{11}, AM(2) = U_{12}, \dots, AM(6) = U_{16}, AM(7) = U_{22}, \dots,$ etc.
BB(3,3)	Reciprocal metric tensor g^{-1} where $(g^{-1})_{ij} = b_i \cdot b_j.$
C	Factor C_{ij} used in computing variances in SUB13. $C_{ij} = 1$ if $i = j;$ otherwise $C_{ij} = 2.$
DA(6)	Increments $\Delta a_i = (0.01) U_{ii}^{1/2}.$
DFDA(6)	Derivatives $\partial f / \partial a_i.$
DFDP(NV)	Derivatives $\partial f / \partial p_i.$
DMAX	Maximum distance which will be printed when using instructions 101 or 201.
DP(NV)	Increments $\Delta p_i = (0.01) V_{ii}^{1/2}.$
E	Standard error, $e,$ of the function including contributions from cell parameter errors and atomic parameter errors.

E1	Standard error, e' , of the function including only contributions from least-squares parameter errors.
F	Computed value of function f to be put out.
FX	Computed value of function f as stored by the subroutines FUNi.
*IAM	Cell parameter error indicator. If IAM = 0, cell parameter errors are not to be used. If IAM = 1, they are to be read as standard errors. If IAM = 2, they are to be read as a variance-covariance matrix.
IH	Hundreds digit of the instruction number, IN(1).
*IN(231)	Array of integers used to define the function to be computed. IN(1) specifies the kind of function.
INSAVE	IN(1) saved from the previous instruction integers. The function heading is put out if IN(1) \neq INSAVE.
*IPM	Atomic parameter error indicator. If IPM = 0, these errors will not be used in computing the standard error of the function. If IPM = 1, they will be used.
*IS(2,3,NS)	Integers representing the non-translational part of the symmetry information. For example, if the Jth symmetry transformation is $y-x$, $-x$, $1/3 + z$, this information would be stored as follows:
	$TS(1,J) = 0.0$ $IS(1,1,J) = 2$ (for y) $IS(2,1,J) = -1$ (for -x) $TS(2,J) = 0.0$ $IS(1,2,J) = -1$ (for -x) $IS(2,2,J) = 0$ $TS(3,J) = 0.333333$ $IS(1,3,J) = 3$ (for z) $IS(2,3,J) = 0$
ITF	Temperature factor indicator. ITF = 0 if parameters were read from cards. Otherwise ITF is read from the private output tape of OR FLS and is 1 or 2 for isotropic or anisotropic temperature factors, respectively.

*JB	Position of the first temperature factor coefficient in the parameter list.
*JBP	Period of the temperature factor coefficients in the parameter list.
*JX	Position of the first x-coordinate in the parameter list.
*JXP	Period of the coordinates in the parameter list.
*K11(NP)	Parameter selection integers. K11(I) = 1 if P(I) corresponds to a row-column of the variance-covariance matrix, PM. Otherwise K11(I) = 0.
K12(NP)	Integers set by subroutine PREi to specify the parameters involved in the function being computed. K12(I) is set to 1 if P(I) is involved in the function. Otherwise K12(I) = 0.
KK	Index used so that PM(KK) is a diagonal element of the variance-covariance matrix.
KKD	Increment to be added to KK to step from one diagonal element of PM to the next.
LNZ	Integer saved to record that DFDP(LNZ) is the last non-zero derivative in the array.
NA	Number of atoms in the parameter list as specified by the instruction integers for certain multivalued functions.
NG	Error indicator set to a non-zero integer when an error is found in the course of calculating a function or its derivative. See the section "Error Indicators" for a list of these errors.
NM	$NV(NV+1)/2$, the number of elements in the upper triangular part of the variance-covariance matrix, PM.
*NP	Number of parameters in the parameter list.
NQ	Number of scale factors in a parameter list which has been read from the private output tape of OR FLS.

*NS	Number of symmetry cards read.
NSP	NS+1, the number of symmetry positions including the basic asymmetric unit.
*NV	Order of the variance-covariance matrix for the atomic parameters.
*P(NP)	List of atomic parameters read either from cards or from the private output tape of OR FLS.
*PM(NM)	Upper triangular part of variance-covariance matrix associated with the atomic parameters PM(1) = V ₁₁ , PM(2) = V ₁₂ , ..., PM(NV) = V _{1,NV} , PM(NV+1) = V ₂₂ , ..., etc.
ROW(6)	Auxiliary array used in putting out the matrix AM.
SAVEA	Temporary storage for a cell parameter which is being incremented during the derivative calculation.
SAVEP	Temporary storage for an atomic parameter which is being incremented during the derivative calculation.
*SCALE	Constant used to scale the variance-covariance matrix if it is read from cards.
*TITLE(12)	Alphanumeric title read at the start of the problem and transcribed to the output.
*TS(3,NS)	Translational part of symmetry information. (See IS for an example.)
VARA	Variance of f based on the cell parameter errors only.
VARP	Variance of f based on the atomic parameter errors only.

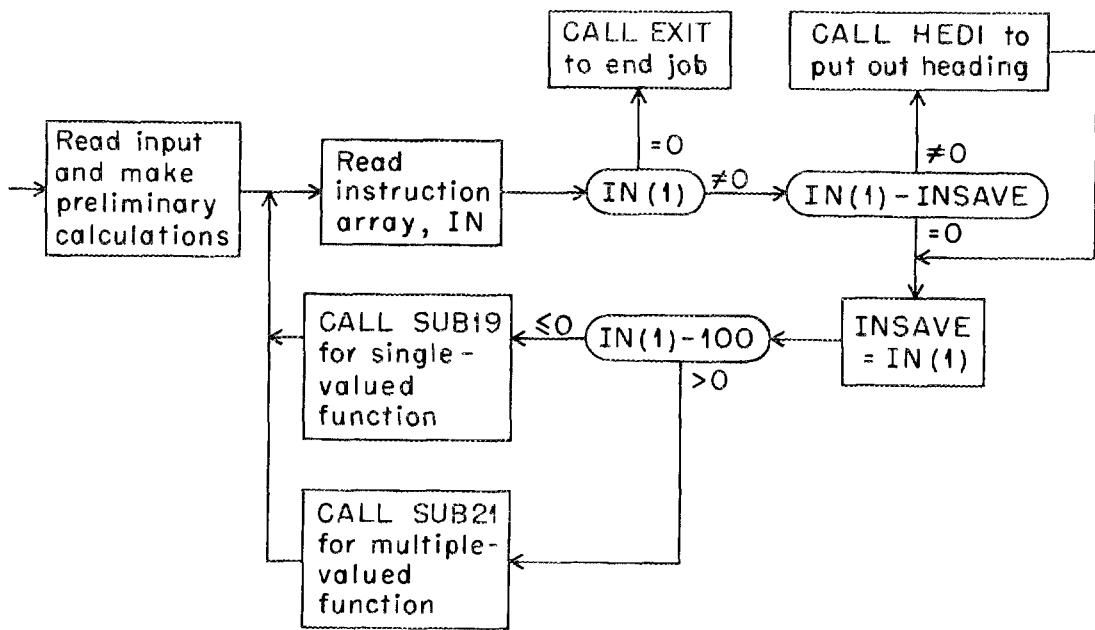


Figure 1. Schematic flow diagram of the main program showing the subprograms called by it.

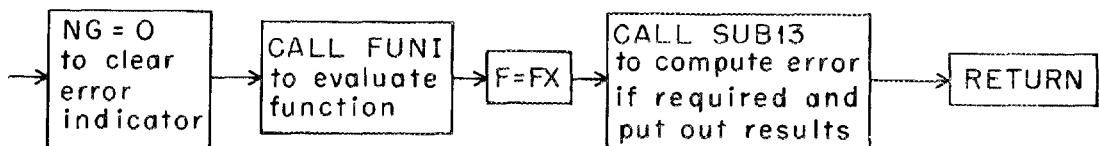


Figure 2. SUB19 which controls the calculation and output for a single-valued function.

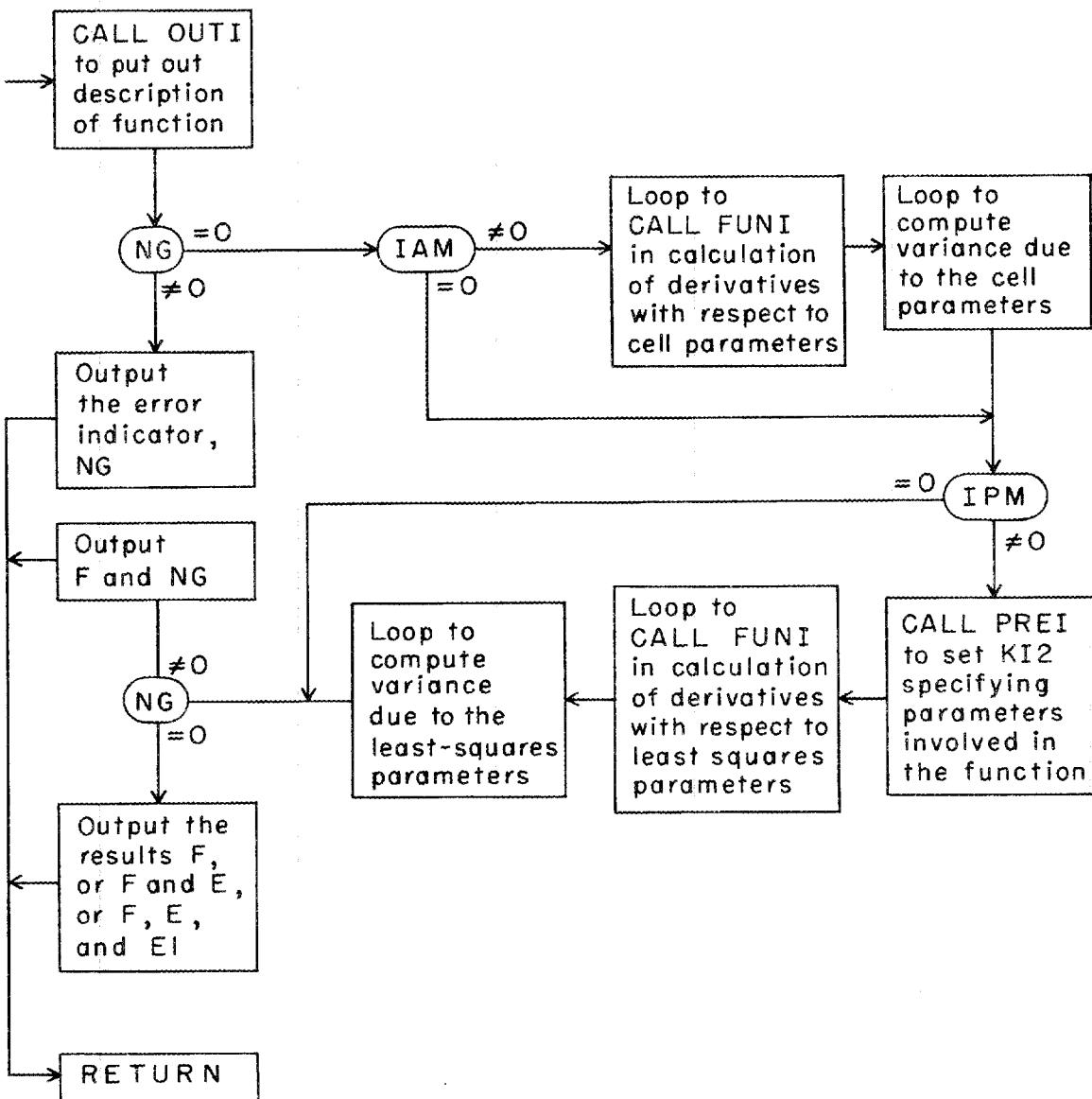


Figure 3. SUB13 which calculates the error if required and puts out the results.

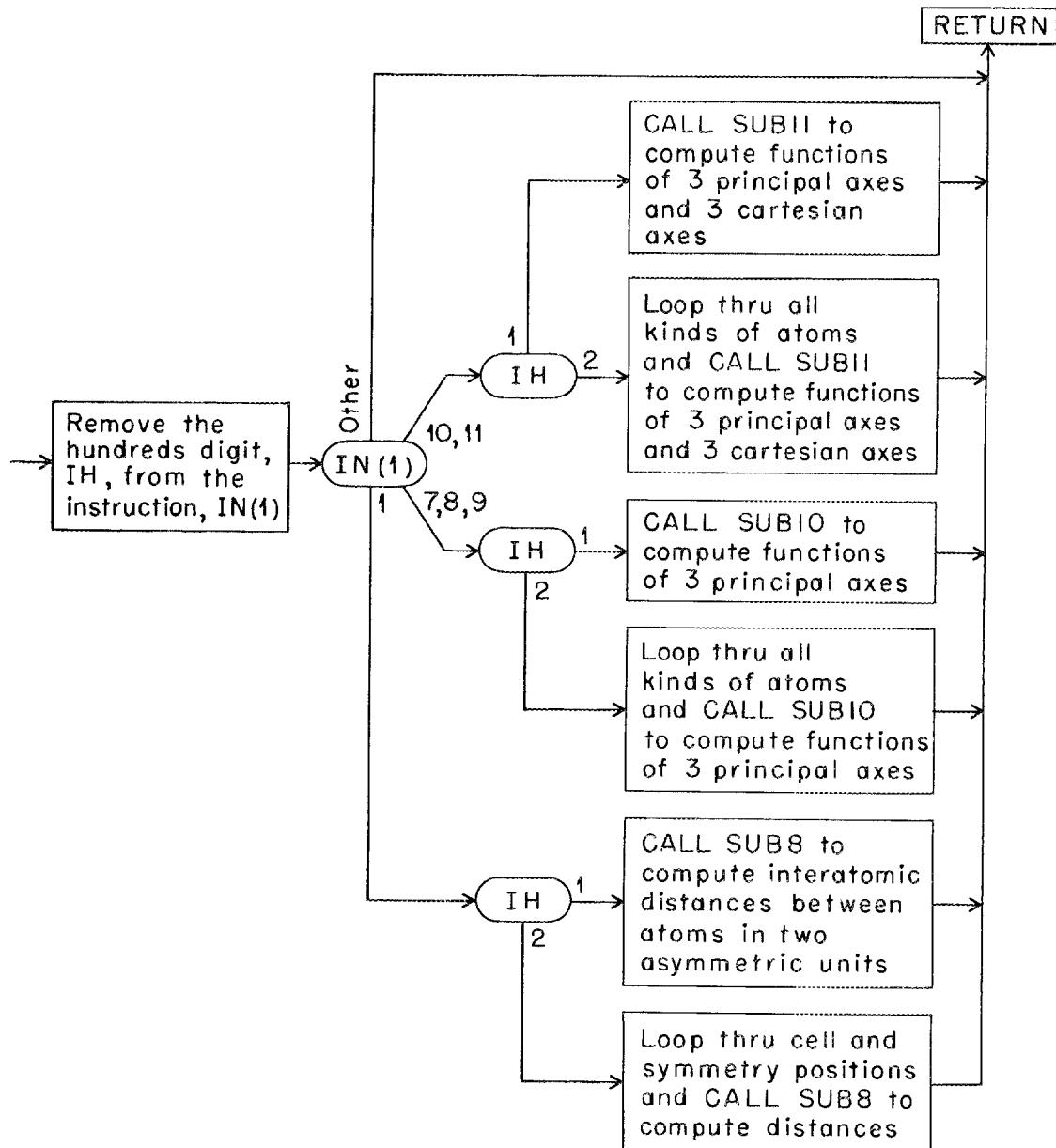


Figure 4. SUB21 which controls the calculations for multiple-values functions.

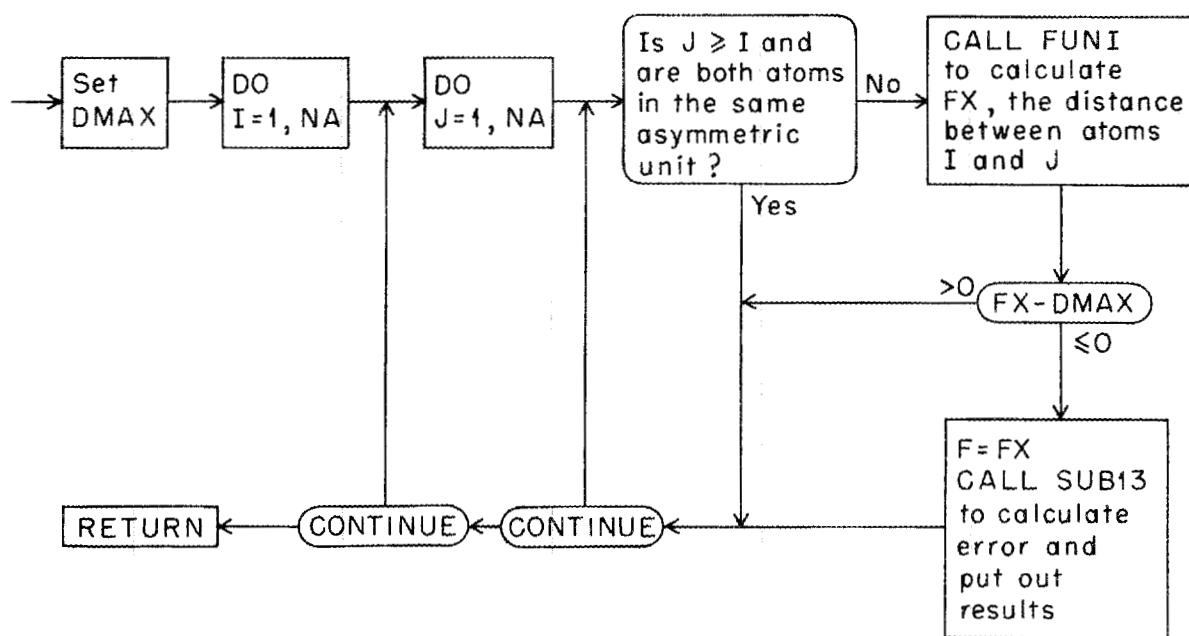


Figure 5. SUB8 which calculates all distances less than DMAX between atoms of two asymmetric units.

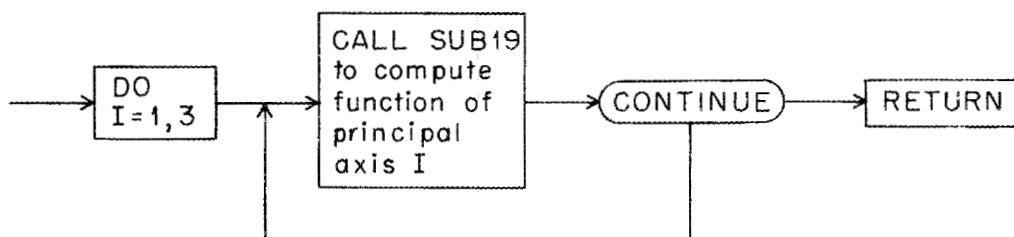


Figure 6. SUB10 which controls the calculation of functions of each of the three principal axes of thermal motion.

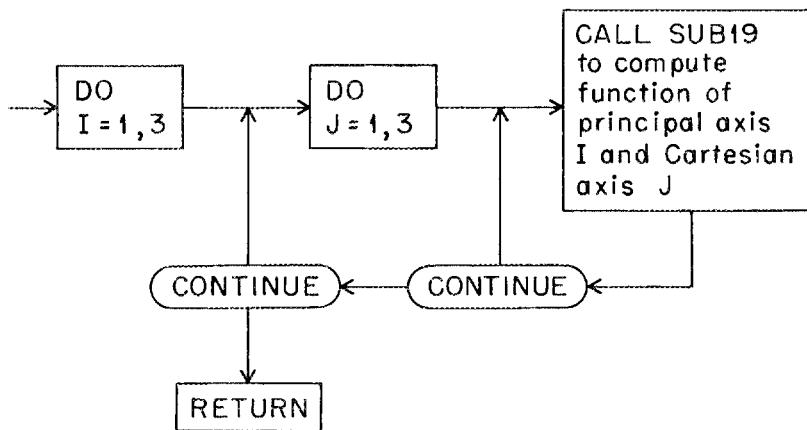


Figure 7. SUB11 which controls the calculation of functions of each of the three principal axes and of three axes of a specified cartesian coordinate system.

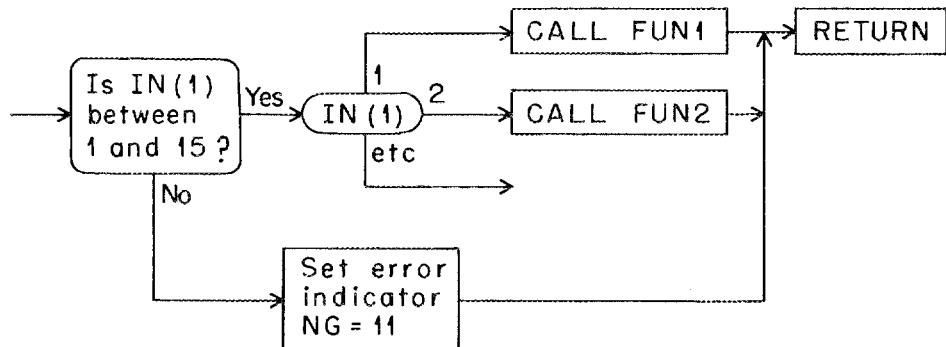


Figure 8. FUN1 which transfers control to the appropriate function-calculating subroutine. HEDI, PREI, and OUTI are almost analogous to FUN1.

SYMBOLIC PROGRAM LISTING

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*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 001
C OR FFE. FORTRAN CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC FUNCTION AND ERROR PROGRAM FFE 002
C CALLING PROGRAM FFE 003
FFE 004
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 005
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 006
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BR,P,ROW,KTI,K12 FFE 007
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 008
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)FFE 009
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KTI(300),K12(300) FFE 010
FFE 011
C READ AND PUT OUT TITLE AND CONTROL CARD
READ INPUT TAPE 10,00102,(TITLE(I),I#1,12) FFE 012
FFE 013
00102 FORMAT (12A6) FFE 014
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00104,(TITLE(I),I#1,12) FFE 015
FFE 016
00104 FORMAT (1H112A6) FFE 017
READ INPUT TAPE 10,00202,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB FFE 018
00202 FORMAT (24I3) FFE 019
IF(NP)00297,00294,00297 FFE 020
FFE 021
00294 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00295 FFE 022
00295 FORMAT (39H0INPUT DATA TO BE READ FROM OR FLS TAPE) FFE 023
GO TO 00301 FFE 024
FFE 025
00297 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00298,NP FFE 026
00298 FORMAT (33H0INPUT DATA TO BE READ FROM CARDS/
   | 34H0NUMBER OF STRUCTURE PARAMETERS ISI4) FFE 027
FFE 028
00301 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00302 FFE 029
00302 FORMAT (68H0VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX AND PARAMETER SELECTION IN FFE 030
   | FORMATION WILL) FFE 031
   | IF(IPM)00308,00305,00308 FFE 032
FFE 033
00305 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00306 FFE 034
00306 FORMAT (12H NOT BE USED) FFE 035
GO TO 00310 FFE 036
FFE 037
00308 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00309 FFE 038
00309 FORMAT (8H BE USED) FFE 039
FFE 040
00310 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00311,NS FFE 041
00311 FORMAT (28H0NUMBER OF SYMMETRY CARDS ISI3) FFE 042
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00314 FFE 043
00314 FORMAT (26H0CELL PARAMETER ERRORS ARE)
   | IF(IAM-I)00316,00319,00322 FFE 044
FFE 045
FFE 046
00316 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00317 FFE 047
00317 FORMAT (15H NOT TO BE USED) FFE 048
GO TO 00401 FFE 049
FFE 050
00319 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00320 FFE 051
00320 FORMAT (42H TO BE READ IN THE FORM OF STANDARD ERRORS) FFE 052
GO TO 00401 FFE 053
FFE 054
00322 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00323 FFE 055
00323 FORMAT (48H TO BE READ IN THE FORM OF A VARIANCE-COVARIANCE FFE 056
   | 7H MATRIX) FFE 057
FFE 058
00401 IF(NP)01001,01001,00501 FFE 059
FFE 060
C READ PARAMETERS AND VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX FROM CARDS FFE 061
00501 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00502,NV FFE 062
00502 FORMAT (44H0ORDER OF THE VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR FFE 063
   | 28H THE STRUCTURE PARAMETERS ISI3) FFE 064
   | IF(JXP)00509,00509,00505 FFE 065
FFE 066

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00505	WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00506,JXP,JX	FFE 067
00506	FORMAT (4I10PERIOD OF THE POSITION PARAMETERS IN THE	FFF 068
1	18H PARAMETER LIST ISI3/22H POSITION OF THE FIRST	FFE 069
2	38H X COORDINATE IN THE PARAMETER LIST ISI3)	FFE 070
00507	ITF#0	FFE 071
	IF(JBP)00601,00601,00510	FFE 072
00510	WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00511,JBP,JB	FFE 073
00511	FORMAT (46H0PERIOD OF THE TEMPERATURE FACTOR COEFFICIENTS	FFE 074
1	25H IN THE PARAMETER LIST ISI3/16H POSITION OF THE	FFE 075
2	44H FIRST TEMPERATURE FACTOR COEFFICIENT IN THE	FFE 076
3	18H PARAMETER LIST ISI3)	FFE 077
00601	READ INPUT TAPE 10,00603,(P(I),I#1,NP)	FFE 078
00603	FORMAT (8F9.4)	FFE 079
	IF(IPM)00801,02101,00801	FFE 080
00871	READ INPUT TAPE 10,00802,(KII(I),I#1,NP)	FFE 081
00872	FORMAT (72I1)	FFF 082
	NM#(NV*(NV+1))/2	FFE 083
	READ INPUT TAPE 10,00905,SCALE	FFE 084
	READ INPUT TAPE 10,00905,(PM(I),I#1,NM)	FFE 085
00905	FORMAT (6E12.6)	FFE 086
	DO 00952 I#1,NM	FFE 087
00952	PM(I)*PM(I)*SCALE	FFE 088
	GO TO 02101	FFE 089
C	READ PARAMETERS AND VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX	FFE 090
C	FROM OR FLS TAPE	FFE 091
01001	REWIND 3	FFE 092
	READ INPUT TAPE 3,00202,ITF,NQ,NP	FFE 093
	WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,01004,NP	FFE 094
01004	FORMAT (34H0NUMBER OF STRUCTURE PARAMETERS ISI4)	FFE 095
	READ INPUT TAPE 3,01007,(P(I),I#1,NP)	FFE 096
01007	FORMAT (1PF12.8)	FFE 097
	JX#NQ+4	FFF 098
	JB#NQ+7	FFE 099
	IF(ITF-1)01301,01301,01401	FFE 100
01301	JXP#6	FFE 101
	JBP#6	FFE 102
	GO TO 01501	FFE 103
01401	JXP#11	FFE 104
	JBP#11	FFE 105
01501	WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00506,JXP,JX	FFE 106
	WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00511,JBP,JB	FFE 107
	IF(IPM)01701,02101,01701	FFE 108
01701	READ INPUT TAPE 3,00802,(KII(I),I#1,NP)	FFE 109
	READ INPUT TAPE 3,00202,NV	FFE 110
	WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00502,NV	FFE 111
	NM#(NV*(NV+1))/2	FFE 112
	READ INPUT TAPE 3,02002,(PM(K),K#1,NM)	FFE 113
02002	FORMAT (8E15.8)	FFE 114
C	PUT OUT INPUT PARAMETERS	FFE 115
02101	WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,02102	FFE 116
02102	FORMAT (1IH0INPUT DATA/2IHO I P(I) KII(I)/IH)	FFE 117
	DO 02104 I#1,NP	FFE 118
02104	WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,02105,I,P(I),KII(I)	FFE 119
02105	FORMAT (1H I3,F10.4,I4)	FFE 120
C	READ AND PUT OUT CELL PARAMETERS	FFE 121
	READ INPUT TAPE 10,02202,(A(I),I#1,6)	FFE 122
		FFE 123
		FFE 124
		FFE 125
		FFE 126
		FFE 127
		FFF 128
		FFE 129
		FFF 130
		FFE 131
		FFE 132
		FFE 133
		FFE 134
		FFE 135
		FFE 136

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02202 FORMAT (6F9.4)
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,00104,(TITLE(I),I#1,12)
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,02205,(A(I),I#1,6)
02205 FORMAT(16H0CELL PARAMETERS/1H06F11.4)
  IF(IAM-1)03401,02401,02701

C      READ STANDARD ERRORS OF CELL PARAMETERS
02401  DO 02402 I#1,21

02402  AM(I)#0.0

      READ INPUT TAPE 10,02202,AM(1),AM(7),AM(12),AM(16),
      |                                         AM(19),AM(21)
      |                                         WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,02503,AM(1),AM(7),AM(12),AM(16),
      |                                         AM(19),AM(21)
02503  FORMAT (49H0STANDARD ERRORS, RESPECTIVELY, OF THE ABOVE CELL
      | 1H PARAMETERS/1H06F11.4)
  DO 02602 I#1,21

02602  AM(I)#AM(I)*AM(I)

      GO TO 03201

C      READ VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR CELL PARAMETERS
02701  READ INPUT TAPE 10,00603,(AM(I),I#1,21)
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,2703
02703  FORMAT (47H0VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR CELL PARAMETERS)
  IJ#1
  DO 03101 I#1,6

      DO 02902 J#1,6

02902  ROW(J)#0.0

      DO 03003 J#1,6

      ROW(J)#AM(IJ)
  IJ#IJ+1

03003  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,03102,(ROW(J),J#1,6)
03102  FORMAT (1H06F11.4)

C      COMPUTE CELL PARAMETER INCREMENTS USED TO OBTAIN DERIVATIVES
03201  K#1
  L#6
  DO 03303 I#1,6

      DA(I)#+(0.01)*SQRTF(AM(K))
      K#K+L
  03303  L#L-1

03401 IF(NS)03701,03701,03601

C      READ AND PUT OUT SYMMETRY TRANSFORMATIONS
03601  READ INPUT TAPE 10,03602,((TS(I,J),(IS(K,I,J),K#1,2),I#1,3),
  |                                         J#1,NS)
03602  FORMAT (F11.6,2I2,F11.6,2I2,F11.6,2I2)
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,03604
03604  FORMAT (21H0SYMMETRY INFORMATION/19HD          TRANSFORMED X
  | 48H          TRANSFORMED Y          TRANSFORMED Z/IH )
  |                                         WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,03608,((TS(I,J),(IS(K,I,J),K#1,2),I#1,3),
  |                                         J#1,NS)
03608  FORMAT (1H F13.6,2I2,F20.6,2I2,F20.6,2I2)

03701 IF(1PM)03801,04001,03801

C      COMPUTE PARAMETER INCREMENTS USED TO OBTAIN DERIVATIVES
03801  K#1
  L#NV
  DO 03903 I#1,11N

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	DP(I)*(0.01)*SQRTF(PM(K))	FFF 207
	K#K+L	FFF 208
03903	L#L-1	FFF 209
		FFF 210
		FFF 211
	04001 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,04002,(TITLE(I),I#1,12)	FFF 212
	04002 FORMAT (IH112A6/IH)	FFF 213
		FFF 214
C	READ ONE SET OF INSTRUCTIONS	FFF 215
04101	K#I	FFF 216
	DO 04501 I#1,10	FFF 217
		FFF 218
	L#K+23	FFF 219
	READ INPUT TAPE 10,00202,(IN(J),J#K,L)	FFF 220
	IF(IN(L)04501,04601,04501	FFF 221
		FFF 222
04501	K#L	FFF 223
		FFF 224
04601	IF(IN(1))04801,04701,04801	FFF 225
		FFF 226
C	END OF JOB	FFF 227
04701	CALL EXIT	FFF 228
		FFF 229
04801	IF(IN(1)=INSAVE)04901,05001,04901	FFF 230
		FFF 231
C	PUT OUT HEADING FOR NEW TYPE OF FUNCTION	FFF 232
04901	CALL HEDI(IN(1))	FFF 233
		FFF 234
05001	INSAVE#IN(1)	FFF 235
	IF(IN(1)=100)05101,05101,05201	FFF 236
		FFF 237
C	COMPUTE SINGLE-VALUED FUNCTION	FFF 238
05101	CALL SUB19	FFF 239
	GO TO 04101	FFF 240
		FFF 241
C	COMPUTE MULTIPLE-VALUED FUNCTION	FFF 242
05201	CALL SUB21	FFF 243
	GO TO 04101	FFF 244
		FFF 245
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	FFF 246
*TYPE(FORTRAN)		FFF 247
C	COMPUTE ALL DISTANCES BETWEEN TWO ASYMMETRIC UNITS	FFF 248
	SUBROUTINE SUB8	FFF 249
		FFF 250
	COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NO,INSAVE	FFF 251
	COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP	FFF 252
	COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12	FFF 253
	DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)	FFF 254
	DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)	FFF 255
	DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(200)	FFF 256
		FFF 257
C	SET MAXIMUM DISTANCE ACCEPTED	FFF 258
	IF(IN(6))107,107,111	FFF 259
		FFF 260
107	DMAX#4.0	FFF 261
	GOTO113	FFF 262
		FFF 263
111	DMAX#FLOATF(IN(6))/10.0	FFF 264
		FFF 265
113	NA#IN(2)	FFF 266
	IF(NA)217,217,117	FFF 267
C	START LOOP FOR FIRST ATOM	FFF 268
117	DO215I#1,NA	FFF 269
		FFF 270
		FFF 271
	IN(2)#1	FFF 272
C	START LOOP FOR SECOND ATOM	FFF 273
	DO213J#1,NA	FFF 274
		FFF 275
		FFF 276

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C      TEST TO AVOID DUPLICATION          FFE 277
      IF(IN(3)-IN(5))201,125,201          FFE 278
125      IF(J-I)201,215,215          FFE 279
201      IN(4)#J          FFE 280
      NG#0          FFE 281
C      COMPUTE AND TEST DISTANCE          FFE 282
      CALL FUNI(IN(1))          FFE 283
      1F(FX-DMAX)209,209,213          FFE 284
C      COMPUTE ERROR AND PUT OUT RESULTS          FFE 285
209      F#FX          FFE 286
      CALLSUB13          FFE 287
      FFE 288
213      CONTINUE          FFE 289
C      END LOOP FOR SECOND ATOM          FFE 290
      FFE 291
      FFE 292
C      CONTINUE          FFE 293
C      END LOOP FOR FIRST ATOM          FFE 294
      FFE 295
      FFE 296
215      CONTINUE          FFE 297
C      END LOOP FOR FIRST ATOM          FFE 298
      FFE 299
217 RETURN          FFE 300
      END(0,1,0,0,0)          FFE 301
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      MULTIVALUED FUNCTIONS 7, 8, AND 9          FFE 302
      SUBROUTINE SUB10          FFE 303
      FFE 304
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE          FFE 305
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP          FFE 306
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,RR,P,ROW,K11,K12          FFE 307
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)          FFE 308
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)          FFE 309
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)          FFE 310
      FFE 311
C      START LOOP THRU PRINCIPAL AXES          FFE 312
      DO119I#1,3          FFE 313
      IN(4)#I          FFE 314
      FFE 315
      FFE 316
C      COMPUTE AND PUT OUT FUNCTION AND ERROR          FFE 317
109      CALLSUB19          FFE 318
      FFE 319
      RETURN          FFE 320
      END(0,1,0,0,0)          FFE 321
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      MULTIVALUED FUNCTIONS 10 AND 11          FFE 322
      SUBROUTINE SUB11          FFE 323
      FFE 324
      FFE 325
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE          FFE 326
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP          FFE 327
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,RR,P,ROW,K11,K12          FFE 328
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)          FFE 329
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)          FFE 330
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)          FFE 331
      FFE 332
C      START LOOP THRU PRINCIPAL AXES          FFE 333
      DO113I#1,3          FFE 334
      IN(4)#I          FFE 335
      FFE 336
      FFE 337
C      START LOOP THRU REFERENCE AXES          FFE 338
      DO113J#1,3          FFE 339
      IN(5)#J          FFE 340
      FFE 341
      FFE 342
C      COMPUTE AND PUT OUT FUNCTION AND ERROR          FFE 343
113      CALLSUB19          FFE 344
      FFE 345
      FFE 346
      RETURN

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      END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 347
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 348
C   ERROR CALCULATION AND OUTPUT FFE 349
      SUBROUTINE SUB13 FFE 350
      SUBROUTINE SUB13 FFE 351
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 352
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 353
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BP,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 354
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(2000),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 355
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 356
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 357
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 358
C   PUT OUT FUNCTION DESCRIPTION FFE 359
      CALL OUTI(IN(1)) FFE 360
      IF(NG)107,113,107 FFE 361
      FFE 362
C   PUT OUT ERROR INDICATOR IF NOT ZERO FFE 363
      107  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,109,NG FFE 364
      109  FORMAT (1H 5IX,3H***13) FFE 365
      GO TO 723 FFE 366
      FFE 367
      FFE 368
      VARA#0.0 FFE 369
      VARP#0.0 FFE 370
      IF(IAM)119,213,119 FFE 371
      FFE 372
C   COMPUTE DERIVATIVES WITH RESPECT TO CELL PARAMETERS FFE 373
      119  DO 211 I#1,6 FFE 374
      FFE 375
      IF(DA(I))201,123,201 FFE 376
      FFE 377
      123  DFDA(I)#0.0 FFE 378
      GO TO 211 FFE 379
      FFE 380
      201  SAVEA#A(I) FFE 381
      A(I)#A(I)+DA(I) FFE 382
      CALL FUNI(IN(1)) FFE 383
      A(I)#SAVEA FFE 384
      DFDA(I)#{FX-F}/DA(I) FFE 385
      FFE 386
      211  CONTINUE FFE 387
      FFE 388
C   COMPUTE VARIANCE BASED ON CELL PARAMETERS FFE 389
      K#1 FFE 390
      L#6 FFE 391
      DO 311 I#1,6 FFE 392
      FFE 393
      IF(DFDA(I))225,221,225 FFE 394
      FFE 395
      221  K#K+L FFE 396
      GO TO 311 FFE 397
      FFE 398
      225  C#1.0 FFE 399
      DO 309 J#1,6 FFE 400
      FFE 401
      IF(DFDA(J))305,307,305 FFE 402
      FFE 403
      306  VARA#VARA+C*DFDA(I)*DFDA(J)*AM(K) FFE 404
      FFE 405
      307  K#K+1 FFE 406
      308  C#2.0 FFE 407
      FFE 408
      311  L#L-1 FFE 409
      FFE 410
      313 IF(IPM)315,615,315 FFE 411
      FFE 412
C   SELECT DERIVATIVES TO BE COMPUTED FFE 413
      315  DO 319 I#1,NP FFE 414
      FFE 415
      319  K12(I)#0 FFE 416
  
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        CALL PREI(IN(1))                                FFE 417
C      COMPUTE DERIVATIVES WITH RESPECT TO STRUCTURE PARAMETERS   FFE 418
        J#0                                              FFE 419
        DO 513 I#1,NV                                    FFE 420
        J#J+1                                           FFE 421
        IF(K11(J))407,403,407                          FFE 422
        403      J#J+1
                  IF(K12(J))413,409,413
        407      IF(K12(J))413,409,413
        409      DDP(I)#0.0
                  GO TO 513
        413      IF(DP(I))501,409,501
        501      SAVEP#P(J)
                  P(J)#P(J)+DP(I)
                  CALL FUNI(IN(1))
                  P(J)#SAVEP
                  DFDP(I)#{FX-F)/DP(I)
                  LN#I
        513      CONTINUE
C      COMPUTE VARIANCE BASED ON STRUCTURE PARAMETERS          FFE 442
        KK#1                                              FFE 443
        KKD#NV                                            FFE 444
        DO 613 I#1,LNZ                                     FFE 445
        IF(DFDP(I))523,612,523
        523      K#KK
                  C#1.0
                  DO 611 J#1,LNZ
                  IF(DFDP(J))607,609,607
        607      VARP#VARP+C*DFDP(I)*DFDP(J)*PM(K)
        609      K#K+1
        611      C#2.0
        612      KK#KK+KKD
        613      KKD#KKD+1
        615      IF(NG)617,623,617
C      PUT OUT ERROR INDICATOR IF NOT ZERO                 FFE 464
        617      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,619,F,NG
        619      FORMAT (1H 48X,F9.4,6X,3H***I3)
                  GO TO 723
C      COMPUTE STANDARD ERRORS AND PUT OUT RESULTS       FFE 470
        623      E1#SQRTE(VARP)
                  E#SQRTE(VARP+VARA)
                  IF(IPM1703,705,703
        703      IF(IAM)707,713,707
        705      IF(IAM)713,719,713
        707      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,709,F,E,E1
        709      FORMAT (1H 48X,F9.4,5H +OR-F7.4,2H (F7.4,1H))
                  GO TO 723
        713      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,715,F,E
        715      FORMAT (1H 48X,F9.4,5H +OR-F7.4)
                  GO TO 723

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719      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,721,F          FFF 487
721      FORMAT (1H 48X,F9.4)             FFF 488
723 RETURN
    END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   FUNCTION AND ERROR CALCULATION
SUBROUTINE SUR19

COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFF 489
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFF 490
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFF 491
DIMENSION TITLE(121),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)     FFF 492
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 493
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)                         FFE 494
                                                FFE 495
NG#0
CALL FUNI(IN(1))           FFE 496
F#FX
CALLSUB13                  FFE 497
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   COMPUTE MULTIVALUED FUNCTIONS
SUBROUTINE SUR21

COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 500
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 501
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 502
DIMENSION TITLE(121),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)     FFE 503
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 504
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)                         FFE 505
                                                FFE 506
                                                FFE 507
                                                FFE 508
                                                FFE 509
                                                FFE 510
                                                FFE 511
                                                FFE 512
                                                FFE 513
                                                FFE 514
                                                FFE 515
                                                FFE 516
                                                FFE 517
                                                FFE 518
                                                FFE 519
C   UNPACK INSTRUCTION NUMBER
IH#IN(1)/100              FFE 520
IN(1)#IN(1)-100*IH         FFE 521
                           FFE 522
                           FFE 523
C   TRANSFER TO APPROPRIATE SECTION
IF(IN(1)-111111,111,319)   FFE 524
111 IF(IN(1)-9)113,113,305 FFE 525
113 IF(IN(1)-6)115,115,215 FFE 526
115 IF(IN(1)-111117,117,319 FFE 527
                           FFE 528
                           FFE 529
                           FFE 530
                           FFE 531
117 IF(IH-1)119,119,123   FFE 532
C   COMPUTE ALL DISTANCES BETWEEN TWO UNITS
119 CALLSUB8                FFE 533
                           GOTO319
                           FFE 534
C   COMPUTE DISTANCES INVOLVING BASIC UNIT AND ALL OTHERS
123 NA#IN(2)                 FFE 535
NSP#NS+1                   FFE 536
IN(3)#0                     FFE 537
DC2111#1,8                  FFE 538
                           DC2111J#1,NSP
                           FFE 539
                           FFE 540
                           FFE 541
                           FFE 542
                           FFE 543
                           FFE 544
                           IN(2)#NA
                           IN(5)#100*(I-1)+J-1
211 CALLSUB8                FFE 545
                           GOTO319
                           FFE 546
                           FFE 547
                           FFE 548
                           FFE 549
215 IF(IH-1)217,217,221   FFE 550
C   COMPUTE FUNCTIONS INVOLVING THREE PRINCIPAL AXES
217 CALLSUB10                FFE 551
                           GOTO319
                           FFE 552
                           FFE 553
                           FFE 554
                           FFE 555
C   COMPUTE FUNCTIONS INVOLVING THREE PRINCIPAL AXES

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	FOR ALL ATOMS	
C		FFE 557
221	NA#IN(2) DO3011#1,NA	FFE 558
	IN(2)#I	FFE 559
301	CALLSUB10	FFE 560
	GOTO319	FFE 561
305	IF(IH-1)307,307,311	FFE 562
C	COMPUTE FOR ALL PRINCIPAL AXES AND ALL REFERENCE AXES	FFE 563
307	CALLSUB11 GOTO319	FFE 564
C	COMPUTE FOR ALL PRINCIPAL AXES, ALL REFERENCE AXES, AND ALL ATOMS	FFE 565
311	NA#IN(2) DO3171#1,NA	FFE 566
	IN(2)#I	FFE 567
317	CALLSUB11	FFE 568
	319 RETURN	FFE 569
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	FFE 570
*TYPE(FORTRAN)		FFE 571
C	SELECT THE HED SUBROUTINE TO BE ENTERED	FFE 572
	SUBROUTINE HEDI(I)	FFE 573
	K#XMODF(I,100)	FFE 574
	IF(K)160,160,4	FFE 575
		FFE 576
4	IF(K-15)8,8,160	FFE 577
		FFE 578
	8 GO TO (10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,120,130,140,150),K	FFE 579
10	CALL HEDI GO TO 160	FFE 580
20	CALL HED2 GO TO 160	FFE 581
30	CALL HED3 GO TO 160	FFE 582
40	CALL HED4 GO TO 160	FFE 583
50	CALL HED5 GO TO 160	FFE 584
60	CALL HED6 GO TO 160	FFE 585
70	CALL HED7 GO TO 160	FFE 586
80	CALL HED8 GO TO 160	FFE 587
90	CALL HED9 GO TO 160	FFE 588
100	CALL HED10 GO TO 160	FFE 589
110	CALL HED11 GO TO 160	FFE 590
120	CALL HED12 GO TO 160	FFE 591
		FFE 592
		FFE 593
		FFE 594
		FFE 595
		FFE 596
		FFE 597
		FFE 598
		FFE 599
		FFE 600
		FFE 601
		FFE 602
		FFE 603
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		FFE 617
		FFE 618
		FFE 619
		FFE 620
		FFE 621
		FFE 622
		FFE 623
		FFE 624
		FFE 625
		FFE 626

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130 CALL HED13          FFE 627
      GO TO 160          FFE 628
140 CALL HED14          FFE 629
      GO TO 160          FFE 630
150 CALL HED15          FFE 631
160 RETURN             FFE 632
      END(0,1,0,0,0)     FFE 633
*TYPE (FORTRAN)
C   SELECT THE PRF SUBROUTINE TO BE ENTERED
      SUBROUTINE PREI(I)  FFE 634
        4 IF(I)160,160,6  FFE 635
        6 IF(I-15)8,8,160  FFE 636
        8 GO TO (10,20,30,40,30,60,70,80,80,100,100,120,70,140,140),I FFE 637
10   CALL PREI           FFE 638
      GO TO 160           FFE 639
20   CALL PREF2          FFE 640
      GO TO 160           FFE 641
30   CALL PRE3           FFE 642
      GO TO 160           FFE 643
40   CALL PRE4           FFE 644
      GO TO 160           FFE 645
50   CALL PRE6           FFE 646
      GO TO 160           FFE 647
60   CALL PRE7           FFE 648
      GO TO 160           FFE 649
70   CALL PRE8           FFE 650
      GO TO 160           FFE 651
80   CALL PRE9           FFE 652
      GO TO 160           FFE 653
90   CALL PRE10          FFE 654
      GO TO 160           FFE 655
100  CALL PRE12          FFE 656
      GO TO 160           FFE 657
110  CALL PRE14          FFE 658
      GO TO 160           FFE 659
120  CALL PRE12          FFE 660
      GO TO 160           FFE 661
130  CALL PRE14          FFE 662
      GO TO 160           FFE 663
140  CALL PRE14          FFE 664
      GO TO 160           FFE 665
150  CALL PRE8           FFE 666
      GO TO 160           FFE 667
160  CALL PRE10          FFE 668
      GO TO 160           FFE 669
170  CALL PRE12          FFE 670
      GO TO 160           FFE 671
180  CALL PRE12          FFE 672
      GO TO 160           FFE 673
190  CALL PRE14          FFE 674
      GO TO 160           FFE 675
200  CALL PRE14          FFE 676
      GO TO 160           FFE 677
210  CALL PRE14          FFE 678
      GO TO 160           FFE 679
*TYPE (FORTRAN)
C   SELECT THE FUN SUBROUTINE TO BE ENTERED
      SUBROUTINE FUNI(I)  FFE 680
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 681
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVFA,SAVFP,VARA,VAPP,FI,F,IH,NSP FFE 682
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,KII,KI2 FFE 683
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)    FFE 684
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 685
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),KI2(300)                         FFE 686
CALL SETA(A)
CALL SETP(P)
IF(I)6,6,5
      5 IF(I-15)8,8,6
      6 NG#II

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	GO TO 160	FFE 697
8	GO TO (10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,120,130,140,150),I	FFF 698
10	CALL FUN1 GO TO 160	FFE 699
20	CALL FUN2 GO TO 160	FFE 700
30	CALL FUN3 GO TO 160	FFE 701
40	CALL FUN4 GO TO 160	FFE 702
50	CALL FUN5 GO TO 160	FFE 703
60	CALL FUN6 GO TO 160	FFE 704
70	CALL FUN7 GO TO 160	FFE 705
80	CALL FUN8 GO TO 160	FFE 706
90	CALL FUN9 GO TO 160	FFE 707
100	CALL FUN10 GO TO 160	FFE 708
110	CALL FUN11 GO TO 160	FFE 709
120	CALL FUN12 GO TO 160	FFE 710
130	CALL FUN13 GO TO 160	FFE 711
140	CALL FUN14 GO TO 160	FFE 712
150	CALL FUN15	FFE 713
160	RETURN END(0,1,0,0,0)	FFE 714
*TYPE (FORTRAN)		
C	SELECT THE OUT SUBROUTINE TO BE ENTERED	FFE 715
	SUBROUTINE OUT1(I)	FFE 716
4	IF(I)160,160,6	FFE 717
6	IF(I-15)8,8,160	FFE 718
8	GO TO (10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,80,100,100,120,130,10,10),I	FFE 719
10	CALL OUT1 GO TO 160	FFE 720
20	CALL OUT2 GO TO 160	FFE 721
30	CALL OUT3 GO TO 160	FFE 722
40	CALL OUT4 GO TO 160	FFE 723
		FFE 724
		FFE 725
		FFE 726
		FFE 727
		FFE 728
		FFE 729
		FFE 730
		FFE 731
		FFE 732
		FFE 733
		FFE 734
		FFE 735
		FFE 736
		FFE 737
		FFE 738
		FFE 739
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		FFE 747
		FFE 748
		FFE 749
		FFE 750
		FFE 751
		FFE 752
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		FFE 754
		FFE 755
		FFE 756
		FFE 757
		FFE 758
		FFE 759
		FFE 760
		FFE 761
		FFE 762
		FFE 763
		FFE 764
		FFE 765
		FFE 766

60	CALL OUT6	FFE	767
	GO TO 160	FFE	768
70	CALL OUT7	FFE	769
	GO TO 160	FFE	770
80	CALL OUT8	FFE	771
	GO TO 160	FFE	772
100	CALL OUT10	FFE	773
	GO TO 160	FFE	774
120	CALL OUT12	FFE	775
	GO TO 160	FFE	776
130	CALL OUT13	FFE	777
150	RETURN	FFE	778
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	FFE	779
*TYPE(FORTRAN)		FFE	780
C	SET KEY WORDS FOR ATOM COORDINATES	FFE	781
	SUBROUTINE SETKX(I)	FFE	782
C	I#IN(K), THE INSTRUCTION INTEGER SPECIFYING THE ATOM NUMBER	FFE	783
	COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE	FFE	784
	COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP	FFE	785
	COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12	FFE	786
	DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)	FFE	787
	DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)	FFE	788
	DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)	FFE	789
	IF(I)119,119,111	FFE	790
111	J#JX+JXP*(I-1)	FFE	791
	K12(J)#I	FFE	792
	K12(J+1)#I	FFE	793
	K12(J+2)#I	FFE	794
119	RETURN	FFE	795
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	FFE	796
*TYPE(FORTRAN)		FFE	797
C	SET KEY WORDS FOR ATOM BETAS	FFE	798
	SUBROUTINE SETKB(I)	FFE	799
C	I#IN(K), THE INSTRUCTION INTEGER SPECIFYING THE ATOM NUMBER	FFE	800
	COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE	FFE	801
	COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP	FFE	802
	COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,RR,P,ROW,K11,K12	FFE	803
	DIMENSIION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)	FFE	804
	DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)	FFE	805
	DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)	FFE	806
	IF(I)119,119,111	FFE	807
111	J#JB+JBP*(I-1)	FFE	808
	DO 117 K#I,6	FFE	809
	K12(J)#I	FFE	810
117	J#J+I	FFE	811
119	RETURN	FFE	812
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	FFE	813
*TYPE(FORTRAN)		FFE	814
C	STORE METRIC TENSOR	FFE	815
	SUBROUTINE STOAA	FFE	816
	COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JRP,JB,NM,SCALF,ITF,NQ,INSAVE	FFE	817
	COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP	FFE	818
	COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12	FFE	819
	DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)	FFE	820
	DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)	FFE	821
	DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)	FFE	822
	AA(1,1)#A(1)*A(1)	FFE	823
	AA(2,2)#A(2)*A(2)	FFE	824
	AA(3,3)#A(3)*A(3)	FFE	825
	AA(1,2)#A(1)*A(2)*A(6)	FFE	826
	AA(2,1)#AA(1,2)	FFE	827
	AA(1,3)#A(1)*A(3)*A(5)	FFE	828
	AA(3,1)#AA(1,3)	FFE	829

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AA(2,3)*A(2)*A(3)*A(4) FFE 837
AA(3,2)*AA(2,3) FFE 838
RETURN FFE 839
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 840
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C STORE RECIPROCAL METRIC TENSOR FFE 841
SUBROUTINE STOBB FFE 842
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 843
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 844
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,KII,KI2 FFE 845
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(2000),DFDP(2000),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 846
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 847
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),KI2(300) FFE 848
DIMENSIONAI(6),CI(6),BBII(3),BBJK(3) FFE 849
DO121I#1,3 FFE 850
IF(A(I))111,111,115 FFE 851
111 NG#6 FFE 852
GOTO225 FFE 853
115 AI(I)#A(I) FFE 854
AI(I+3)#A(I) FFE 855
CI(I)#A(I+3) FFE 856
121 CI(I+3)#A(I+3) FFE 857
(#1.0/(AI(I)*AI(2)*AI(3)*(1.0-CI(1)*CI(1)-CI(2)*CI(2) FFE 858
1-CI(3)*CI(3)+2.0*CI(1)*CI(2)*CI(3))) FFE 859
DO205I#1,3 FFE 860
BBII(I)#X*(1.0-CI(1)*CI(1))*AI(I+1)*AI(I+2)/AI(I) FFE 861
BBJK(I)#X*AI(I)*(CI(I+1)*CI(I+2)-CI(I)) FFE 862
225 BBII(1)#BBII(1) FFE 863
BB(1,2)#BBJK(3) FFE 864
BB(1,3)#BBJK(2) FFE 865
BB(2,1)#BBJK(3) FFE 866
BB(2,2)#BBII(2) FFE 867
BB(2,3)#BBJK(1) FFE 868
BB(3,1)#BBJK(2) FFE 869
BB(3,2)#BBJK(1) FFE 870
BB(3,3)#BBII(3) FFE 871
225 RETURN FFE 872
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 873
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C ATOM COORDINATE SUBROUTINE FFE 874
SUBROUTINE ATOM(I,Z) FFE 875
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 876
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 877
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,KII,KI2 FFE 878
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(2000),DFDP(2000),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 879
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 880
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),KI2(300) FFE 881
DIMENSIONI(2),X(3),Y(3),Z(3) FFE 882
IF(I(1))109,109,117 FFE 883
109 X(1)#0.0 FFE 884
X(2)#0.0 FFE 885
X(3)#0.0 FFE 886
GOTO125 FFE 887
117 K#JXP*(I(1)-1)+JX FFE 888
IF(K+2-NP)119,119,503 FFE 889
503 NG#5 FFE 890
GOTO325 FFE 891
119 DO123J#1,3 FFE 892
X(J)#P(K) FFE 893
123 K#K+1 FFE 894
125 KC#I(2)/100 FFE 895
KS#I(2)-100*KC FFE 896
IF(KS-NS)203,203,403 FFE 897
403 NG#1 FFE 898
GOTO325 FFE 899
203 IF(KS)403,205,213 FFE 900
205 Y(1)#X(1) FFE 901
Y(2)#X(2) FFE 902
Y(3)#X(3) FFE 903
GOTO311 FFE 904
FFE 905
FFE 906

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213 D0215J#1,3 FFE 907
215 Y(J)#TS(J,KS) FFE 908
  D0309K#1,3 FFE 909
  D0307J#1,2 FFE 910
  L#IS(J,K,KS) FFE 911
  IF(L)225,307,305 FFE 912
225 L#-L FFE 913
  Y(K)#Y(K)-X(L) FFE 914
  GOTO307 FFE 915
305 Y(K)#Y(K)+X(L) FFE 916
307 CONTINUE FFE 917
309 CONTINUE FFE 918
311 KC4#KC/4 FFE 919
  KC3#KC-4*KC4 FFE 920
  KC2#KC3/2 FFE 921
  KC1#KC3-2*KC2 FFE 922
  Z(1)#Y(1)-FLOATF(KC1) FFE 923
  Z(2)#Y(2)-FLOATF(KC2) FFE 924
  Z(3)#Y(3)-FLOATF(KC4) FFE 925
325 RETURN FFE 926
  END(C,I,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      STORE TRANSFORMED ANISOTROPIC TEMP FACTOR MATRIX FFE 927
C      INS IS ATOM DESCRIPTION, Z IS TRANSFORMED MATRIX FFE 928
SUBROUTINE BETA(INS,Z) FFE 929
COMMON NG,1PM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 930
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IIH,NSP FFE 931
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 932
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 933
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)FFE 934
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 935
DIMENSION INSL(2),Z(3,3),B1(6),B2(9) FFE 936
IF(ITF-1)100,111,115 FFE 937
100 IF(JBP-6)111,115,115 FFE 938
111 NG#4 FFE 939
  GOTO423 FFE 940
115 KS#XMODF(INS(2),100) FFE 941
  IF(KS)121,119,119 FFE 942
119 IF(KS-NS)125,125,121 FFE 943
121 NG#1 FFE 944
  GOTO423 FFE 945
125 IF(INS(1))211,201,207 FFE 946
201 D0203I#1,6 FFE 947
203 B1(I)#0.0 FFE 948
  GOTO221 FFE 949
207 J#JBP*(INS(1)-1) FFE 950
  IF(J+5-NP)215,215,211 FFE 951
211 NG#5 FFE 952
  GOTO423 FFE 953
215 D0219I#1,6 FFE 954
  B1(I)#P(J) FFE 955
219 J#J+1 FFE 956
221 B2(I)#B1(1) FFE 957
  B2(2)#B1(4) FFE 958
  B2(3)#B1(5) FFE 959
  B2(4)#B1(2) FFE 960
  B2(6)#B1(6) FFE 961
  B2(9)#B1(3) FFE 962
  D0421I#1,3 FFE 963
  D0419J#1,3 FFE 964
  IF(KS)121,313,319 FFE 965
313 M#I*XJ FFE 966
  B3#B2(M) FFE 967
  GOTO415 FFE 968
319 B3#0.0 FFE 969
  D0413K#1,2 FFE 970
  D0411L#1,2 FFE 971
  M#IS(K,I,KS)*IS(L,J,KS) FFE 972
  IF(M)407,411,403 FFE 973
403 33#B3+B2(M) FFE 974
  FFE 975
  FFE 976

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GOTO411
407 M=M
B3#B3-B2(M)
411 CONTINUE
413 CONTINUE
415 Z(I,J)#B3
Z(J,I)#B3
419 CONTINUE
421 CONTINUE
423 RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   MULTIPLY TWO MATRICES
C   Z(3,3)*X(3,3)*Y(3,3)
SUBROUTINE MM(X,Y,Z)
DIMENSIONX(3,3),Y(3,3),Z(3,3)
DO117I#1,3
DO117K#1,3
Z(I,K)#0.0
DO117J#1,3
117 Z(I,K)#Z(I,J)+X(I,J)*Y(J,K)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   MATRIX * VECTOR
C   Z(3)*X(3,3)*Y(3)
SUBROUTINE MV(X,Y,Z)
DIMENSIONX(3,3),Y(3),Z(3)
DO113I#1,3
Z(I)#0.0
DO113J#1,3
113 Z(I)#Z(I)+X(I,J)*Y(J)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   TRANSPOSED VECTOR TIMES MATRIX
C   Z(3)*X(3)*Y(3,3)
SUBROUTINE VM(X,Y,Z)
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3,3),Z(3)
DO115J#1,3
Z(J)#0.0
DO115I#1,3
115 Z(J)#Z(J)+X(I)*Y(I,J)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   TRANSPOSED VECTOR * VECTOR
C   VV*X(3)*Y(3)
FUNCTION VV(X,Y)
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3)
VV#0.0
DO111I#1,3
111 VV#VV+X(I)*Y(I)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   TRANSPOSED VECTOR * MATRIX * VECTOR
C   VMV#W(3)*X(3,3)*Y(3)
FUNCTION VMV(W,X,Y)
DIMENSIONW(3),X(3,3),Y(3),Z(3)
CALLMV(X,Y,Z)
VMV#VV(W,Z)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
-*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   VECTOR - VECTOR
C   Z(3)*X(3)-Y(3)
SUBROUTINE DIFV(X,Y,Z)
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3),Z(3)
DO111I#1,3

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FFE 1046

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    III Z(I)*X(I)-Y(I)                                FFE 1047
    RETURN                                              FFE 1048
    END(0,1,0,0,0)                                     FFF 1049
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      COMPUTE THE SUM OF TWO VECTORS                FFE 1050
C      Z(3)*X(3)+Y(3)                                 FFE 1051
C      SUBROUTINE SUMV(X,Y,Z)                         FFE 1052
C      DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3),Z(3)                        FFE 1053
C      DO111I#1,3                                     FFE 1054
    III Z(I)*X(I)+Y(I)                                FFE 1055
    RETURN                                              FFE 1056
    END(0,1,0,0,0)                                     FFF 1058
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      COSINE OF ANGLF BETWEEN VECTORS X AND Y       FFE 1059
FUNCTION COSVVIX,Y)
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1060
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1061
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,KII,KI2 FFE 1062
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)      FFE 1063
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1064
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),KI2(300)                         FFE 1065
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3)                                                 FFE 1066
D#SQRTE(VMV(X,AA,X)*VMV(Y,AA,Y))                               FFE 1067
IF(D)111,111,115
    III NG#0
    GOTO117
115 COSVV#VMV(X,AA,Y)/D
117 RETURN
    END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      ARCCOS(X) IN DEGREES                           FFE 1076
FUNCTION ARCCOS(X)
ARCCOS#90.0-(57.29577951)*SIGNF(ASINF(X),X)
RETURN
    END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      STORE A VECTOR Z NORMAL TO VECTORS X AND Y     FFE 1077
SUBROUTINE NORM(X,Y,Z)
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1078
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1079
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,KII,KI2 FFE 1080
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)      FFE 1081
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1082
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),KI2(300)                         FFE 1083
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3),Z(3),XI(6),YI(6),ZI(3)                         FFE 1084
DO115I#1,3
    XI(I)*X(I)
    XI(I+3)*X(I)
    YI(I)*Y(I)
115 YI(I+3)*Y(I)
    DO119I#1,3
119 ZI(I)*XI(I+1)*YI(I+2)-XI(I+2)*YI(I+1)
    CALLMV(BB,ZI,Z)
    RETURN
    END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      STORE THREE MUTUALLY PERPENDICULAR               FFE 1102
C      VECTORS X(I,1), X(I,2), AND X(I,3) GIVEN        FFE 1103
C      VECTORS U AND V.
SUBROUTINE AXFS(U,V,X)
DIMENSIONU(3),V(3),X(3,3)
DO113I#1,3
113 X(I,1)*U(I)
    CALLNORM(U,V,X(I,2))
    CALLNORM(X(I,1),X(I,2),X(I,3))
    RETURN
    END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      FIND EIGENVALUES Y OF MATRIX W                 FFE 1114
SUBROUTINE EIGVAL(W,Y)

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COMMONNG
DIMENSIONW(3,3),Y(3),X(3),Z(6,6)
DO119J#I,3
DO119I#I,3
Z1#W(I,J)
Z(I,J)#Z1
Z(I+3,J)#Z1
Z(I,J+3)#Z1
119 Z(I+3,J+3)#Z1
P#0.0
Q#0.0
R#0.0
DO207I#I,3
P#P-Z(I,I)
Q#Q+Z(I,I)*Z(I+1,I+1)-Z(I,I+1)*Z(I+1,I)
207 3#R+Z(3,I)*Z(2,I+1)*Z(1,I+2)-Z(1,I)*Z(2,I+1)*Z(3,I+2)
P3#P/3.0
A#Q-P*P3
B#2.0*P3*P3-Q*P3+R
B2#B/2.0
A3#A/3.0
B4#B2*B2
A27#A3*A3*A3
IF(B4+A27)303,303,215
215 IF(B4+1.0001*A27)220,220,225
220 A27#-B4
GOTO303
225 NG#7
GOTO317
303 PHI3#(ASINF(SQRTF(1.0+(B4/A27)))1/3.0
IF(B)307,306,307
305 B#0.0
307 C#-SIGNF((2.0*SQRTF(-A3)),B)
X(1)#C*COSF(PHI3)
X(2)#C*COSF(PHI3+4.188790205)
X(3)#C*COSF(PHI3+2.094395103)
IF(B)311,313,313
311 HOLD#X(1)
X(1)#X(3)
X(3)#HOLD
313 DO315I#I,3
315 Y(I)#X(I)-P3
317 RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C COMPUTE EIGENVECTOR Z OF MATRIX
C W GIVEN EIGENVALUE Y
SUBROUTINE FIGVEC(W,Y,Z)
COMMONNG
DIMENSIONW(3,3),X(6,6),Z(3),P(3)
DO123J#I,3
DO123I#I,3
X1#W(I,J)
X(I,J)#X1
((I+3,J)#X1
X(I,J+3)#X1
123 X(I+3,J+3)#X1
Y1#Y
DO209I#I,3
X(I,I)#X(I,I)-Y1
X(I+3,I)#X(I+3,I)-Y1
X(I,I+3)#X(I,I+3)-Y1
209 X(I+3,I+3)#X(I+3,I+3)-Y1
S#0.0
DO307I#I,3
S#0.0
DO223J#I,3
PJ#X(I,J+1)*X(I+1,J+2)-X(I,J+2)*X(I+1,J+1)
P(J)#PJ
223 S#S+PJ*PJ

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      IF(S-S1)307,307,301          FFE 1187
301 S1#S                         FFE 1188
      DO305J#1,3                  FFE 1189
305 Z(J)#P(J)                   FFE 1190
307 CONTINUF                     FFE 1191
      IF(S1)311,311,313           FFE 1192
311 NG#8                         FFE 1193
313 RETURN                        FFE 1194
      END(0,1,0,0,0)              FFE 1195
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      COMPUTE TRACE OF MATRIX X
      FUNCTION TRACE(X)
      DIMENSIONX(3,3)
      TRACE#0.0
      DO111I#1,3
111 TRACE#TRACE+X(I,I)
      RETURN
      END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      ANGLE SUBROUTINE USED BY FUN2, FUN5, FUN6
      FUNCTION FUNA(I)
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1208
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1209
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1210
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1211
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1212
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1213
      DIMENSIONI(6),X1(3),X2(3),X3(3),VI(3),V2(3) FFE 1214
      CALLSTOAA
      CALLATOM(I(1),X1)             FFE 1215
      CALLATOM(I(3),X2)             FFE 1216
      CALLATOM(I(5),X3)             FFE 1217
      IF(NG)123,117,123            FFE 1218
117 CALLDIFV(X1,X2,VI)           FFE 1219
      CALLDIFV(X3,X2,V2)           FFE 1220
      FUNA#ARCCOS(COSVV(V1,V2))
123 RETURN                         FFE 1221
      END(0,1,0,0,0)              FFE 1222
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      DISTANCE SURROUTINE USED BY FUN1 AND FUN4
      FUNCTION FUND(I)
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1226
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1227
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1228
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1229
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1230
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1231
      DIMENSIONI(4),X1(3),X2(3),V(3) FFE 1232
      CALLSTOAA
      CALLATOM(I(1),X1)             FFE 1233
      CALLATOM(I(3),X2)             FFE 1234
      CALLDIFV(X2,X1,V)             FFE 1235
      FUND#SORTF(VMV(V,AA,V))      FFE 1236
      RETURN                         FFE 1237
      END(0,1,0,0,0)              FFE 1238
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      HEADING 1
      SUBROUTINE HEDI
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107
107 FORMAT(34H0INTERATOMIC DISTANCE IN ANGSTROMS)
      RETURN                         FFE 1239
      END(0,1,0,0,0)              FFE 1240
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      SET KEY WORDS FOR INTERATOMIC DISTANCE
      SUBROUTINE PRF1
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1241
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1242
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1243
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1244
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1245

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DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1257
CALLSETKX(IN(2)) FFE 1258
CALLSETKX(IN(4)) FFE 1259
RETURN FFE 1260
END(C,I,0,0,0) FFE 1261
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1262
C COMPUTE INTERATOMIC DISTANCE FFE 1263
SUBROUTINE FUNI FFE 1264
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1265
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1266
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1267
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1268
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1269
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1270
FX#FUND(IN(2)) FFE 1271
RETURN FFE 1272
END(C,I,0,0,0) FFE 1273
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1274
C PUT OUT DESCRIPTION OF INTERATOMIC DISTANCE FFE 1275
SUBROUTINE OUTI FFE 1276
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1277
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1278
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1279
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1280
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1281
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1282
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107,(IN(I),I#2,5) FFE 1283
107 FORMAT(12H0 (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,IH)) FFE 1284
RETURN FFE 1285
END(C,I,0,0,0) FFE 1286
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1287
C HEADING 2 FFE 1288
SUBROUTINE HED2 FFE 1289
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,107 FFE 1290
107 FORMAT(46HBOND ANGLE IN DEGREES. CENTRAL ATOM IS VERTEX) FFE 1291
RETURN FFE 1292
END(C,I,0,0,0) FFE 1293
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1294
C PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 2 FFE 1295
SUBROUTINE PRE2 FFE 1296
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1297
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1298
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1299
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1300
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1301
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1302
DO1071#2,6,2 FFE 1303
107 CALLSETKX(IN(I)) FFE 1304
RETURN FFE 1305
END(C,I,0,0,0) FFE 1306
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1307
C BOND ANGLE SUBROUTINE FFE 1308
SUBROUTINE FUN2 FFE 1309
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1310
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1311
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1312
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1313
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1314
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1315
FX#FUNA(IN(2)) FFE 1316
RETURN FFE 1317
END(C,I,0,0,0) FFE 1318
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1319
C OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 2 FFE 1320
SUBROUTINE OUT2 FFE 1321
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1322
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1323
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1324
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1325
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1326

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      )IMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1327
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,107,(IN(I),1#2,7) FFE 1328
107 FORMAT(12HO          (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,IH)) FFE 1329
      RETURN FFE 1330
      END(0,I,O,O,O) FFE 1331
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1332
C   HEADING 3 FFE 1333
SUBROUTINE HED3 FFE 1334
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 9,107 FFE 1335
107 FORMAT(58HDDIHEDRAL ANGLE BFTWEEN PLANES EACH DEFINED BY THREFF ATOFFE 1336
      IMS) FFE 1337
      RETURN FFE 1338
      END(0,I,O,O,O) FFE 1339
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1340
C   PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 3 FFE 1341
SUBROUTINE PRF3 FFE 1342
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1343
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1344
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1345
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1346
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1347
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1348
DO107I#2,12,2 FFE 1349
107 CALLSETKX(IN(I)) FFE 1350
      RETURN FFE 1351
      END(0,I,C,O,O) FFE 1352
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1353
C   DIHEDRAL ANGLE SUBROUTINE FFE 1354
SUBROUTINE FUN3 FFE 1355
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALF,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1356
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVFP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1357
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1358
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1359
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1360
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1361
DIMENSIONX(3,6),V1(3),V2(3),V3(3),V4(3),V5(3),V6(3) FFE 1362
CALLSTOAA FFE 1363
CALLSTOBB FFE 1364
IF(NG)207,113,207 FFE 1365
113 DO115I#1,6 FFE 1366
115 CALLATOM(IN(2*I),X(I,I))
      IF(NG)207,119,207 FFE 1367
119 CALLDIFV(X(I,2),X(I,1),V1) FFE 1368
      CALLDIFV(X(I,3),X(I,1),V2) FFE 1369
      CALLDIFV(X(I,5),X(I,4),V3) FFE 1370
      CALLDIFV(X(I,6),X(I,4),V4) FFE 1371
      CALLNORM(V1,V2,V5) FFE 1372
      CALLNORM(V3,V4,V6) FFE 1373
      FX#ARCCOS(COSVV(V5,V6)) FFE 1374
      FFE 1375
207 RETURN FFE 1376
      END(0,I,O,O,O) FFE 1377
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1378
C   OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 3 FFE 1379
SUBROUTINE OUT3 FFE 1380
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1381
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1382
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1383
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1384
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1385
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1386
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107,(IN(I),I#2,13) FFE 1387
107 FORMAT(12HO          (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,IH)/12H FFE 1388
      I          (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,IH)) FFE 1389
      RETURN FFE 1390
      END(0,I,O,O,O) FFE 1391
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1392
C   HEADING 4 FFE 1393
SUBROUTINE HED4 FFE 1394
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107 FFE 1395
107 FORMAT(45HDDIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO INTERATOMIC DISTANCES) FFE 1396

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      RETURN
      END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1397
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1398
C   PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 4 FFE 1399
SUBROUTINE PR4 FFE 1400
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1401
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1402
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1403
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1404
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1405
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1406
DO107I#2,8,2 FFE 1407
107 CALLSETKX(IN(1)) FFE 1408
      RETURN FFE 1409
      END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1410
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1411
C   DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BOND DISTANCES FFE 1412
SUBROUTINE FUN4 FFE 1413
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1414
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1415
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1416
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1417
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1418
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1419
FX#FUN4(IN(2))-FUN4(IN(6)) FFE 1420
      RETURN FFE 1421
      END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1422
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1423
C   OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 4 FFE 1424
SUBROUTINE OUT4 FFE 1425
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1426
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1427
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1428
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1429
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1430
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1431
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107,(IN(1),1#2,9) FFE 1432
      107 FORMAT(12H0 (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,IH)/12H FFE 1433
          I,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,IH)) FFE 1434
      RETURN FFE 1435
      END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1436
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1437
C   HEADING 5 FFE 1438
SUBROUTINE HED5 FFE 1439
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107 FFE 1440
107 FORMAT(35HCDIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO BOND ANGLES) FFE 1441
      RETURN FFE 1442
      END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1443
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1444
C   DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BOND ANGLES FFE 1445
SUBROUTINE FUN5 FFE 1446
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1447
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1448
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1449
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1450
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1451
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1452
FX#FUN5(IN(8))-FUN5(IN(2)) FFE 1453
      RETURN FFE 1454
      END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1455
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1456
C   HEADING 6 FFE 1457
SUBROUTINE HED6 FFE 1458
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107 FFE 1459
107 FORMAT(27HDSUM OF SEVERAL BOND ANGLES) FFE 1460
      RETURN FFE 1461
      END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1462
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1463
C   PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 6 FFE 1464
SUBROUTINE PR6 FFE 1465

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COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE    FFF 1467
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP    FFF 1468
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1469
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)      FFE 1470
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1471
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)
J#IN(2)*6+1
DO109I#3,J,2
DO110I#3,J,2
109 CALLSETKX(IN(1))
      RETURN
      END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   SUM OF BOND ANGLES
      SUBROUTINE FUN6
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JPP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE    FFF 1481
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP    FFF 1482
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1483
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)      FFE 1484
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1485
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)
N#IN(2)
FX#C.0
DO111I#1,N
111 FX#FX+FUNA(IN(6*j-3))
      RETURN
      END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 6
      SUBROUTINE OUT6
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JPP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE    FFF 1496
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP    FFF 1497
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1498
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)      FFE 1499
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1500
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)
J#IN(2)*6+2
WRITEOUTPUTTAPF9,109,(IN(1),I#3,J)
109 FORMAT(I2H0          (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,IH)/(I2FFF 1504
     IH          (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,IH)))
      RETURN
      END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   SET UP MATRIX AND GET EIGENVALUE
      SUBROUTINE FUNB(W,Z,Z1)
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE    FFF 1511
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP    FFF 1512
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1513
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)      FFE 1514
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1515
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)
DIMENSIONB(3,3),W(3,3),Y(3)
CALLSTOAA
CALLBETA(IN(2),B)
IF(NG)I23,I13,I23
113 CALLMM(R,AA,W)
      CALLEIGVAL(W,Y)
      I#IN(4)
      Z#Y(I)
      Z#SQRTE(Z*2.0506605918)
123 RETURN
      END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   COS ANGLE OF PRINCIPAL AXIS AND VECTOR
      SUBROUTINE FUNC(C,Z)
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE    FFF 1529
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP    FFF 1530
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1531
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)      FFE 1532
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1533
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)
      FFE 1534
      FFE 1535
      FFE 1536

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DIMENSIONW(3,3),XI(3),X2(3),VI(3),V2(3) FFE 1537
CALLFUNB(W,Y,Z) FFE 1538
IF(NG)125,111,125 FFE 1539
111 CALLFIGFC(W,Y,VI) FFE 1540
1F(NG)125,115,125 FFE 1541
115 CALLATOM(IN(5),XI) FFE 1542
CALLATOM(IN(7),X2) FFE 1543
IF(NG)125,121,125 FFE 1544
121 CALLDIFV(X2,XI,V2) FFE 1545
C#COSVV(V1),V2) FFE 1546
125 RETURN FFE 1547
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1548
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1549
C COS ANGLE OF PRINCIPAL AND CARTESIAN AXES
SUBROUTINE FUNX(C,Z) FFE 1550
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1551
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1552
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1553
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1554
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1555
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1556
DIMENSIONW(3,3),V(3),X(3,4),VI(3),V2(3),AX(3,3) FFE 1557
CALLFUNB(W,Y,Z) FFE 1558
CALLSTOBB FFE 1559
IF(NG)207,113,207 FFE 1560
113 CALLFIGVEC(W,Y,V) FFE 1561
IF(NG)207,117,207 FFE 1562
117 DO119I#1,4 FFE 1563
119 CALLATOM(IN(2*I+4),X(I,I)) FFE 1564
IF(NG)207,123,207 FFE 1565
123 CALLDIFV(X(I,2),X(I,1),VI) FFE 1566
CALLDIFV(X(I,4),X(I,3),V2) FFE 1567
CALLAXES(VI,V2,AX) FFE 1568
I#IN(5) FFE 1569
C#COSVV(V,AX(I,I)) FFE 1570
207 RETURN FFE 1571
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1572
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1573
C HEADING 7 FFE 1574
SUBROUTINE HED7 FFE 1575
WRITEOUTPUTAPE9,107 FFE 1576
107 FORMAT(72HORMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT ALONG PRINCIPAL AFFE 1577
IXIS R. ANGSTROMS/25HD ATOM R) FFE 1578
RETURN FFE 1579
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1580
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1581
C PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 7 FFE 1582
SUBROUTINE PRF7 FFE 1583
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1584
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1585
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1586
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1587
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1588
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1589
CALLSETKB(IM(21)) FFE 1590
RETURN FFE 1591
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1592
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1593
C RMS PRINCIPAL DISPLACEMENT FFE 1594
SUBROUTINE FUN7 FFE 1595
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1596
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,S/VEP,VARA,VARP,E1,E,IH,NSP FFE 1597
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1598
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1599
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1600
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1601
DIMENSIONW(3,3) FFE 1602
CALLFUNB(W,Z,FX) FFE 1603
RETURN FFE 1604
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1605
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFE 1606

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*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 7
      SUBROUTINE OUT7
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVFP,VARA,VAPP,E1,F,IH,NSP
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107,(IN(1),I#2,8)
                                         (12,IH,I3,6H)    11
107 FORMAT(12H0
          RETURN
          END(0,1,0,0,0)

*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      HEADING 8
      SUBROUTINE HED8
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107
107 FORMAT(16H0ANGLE BETWEEN PRINCIPAL AXIS R AND VECTOR DEFINED BY TWFFF
          10 ATOMS/40HD           ATOM      R      VECTOR) 1624
          RETURN
          END(3,1,0,0,0)

*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 8
      SUBROUTINE PRE8
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVFP,VARA,VAPP,E1,E,IH,NSP
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)
      CALLSFTKB(IN(1))
      DO109I#5,7,2
109  CALLSFTKX(IN(1))
      RETURN
      END(0,1,0,0,0)

*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      ANGLF BETWEEN PRINCIPAL AXIS AND VECTOR
      SUBROUTINE FUN8
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JE,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVFP,VARA,VAPP,E1,E,IH,NSP
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12
      DIMENSION TITLF(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)
      CALLFUNC(C,Z)
      FX#ARCCOS(C)
      RETURN
      END(0,1,0,0,0)

*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 8
      SUBROUTINE OUT8
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVFP,VARA,VAPP,E1,F,IH,NSP
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107,(IN(1),I#2,8)
                                         (12,IH,I3,6H)    11,5H    (12,IH,I3,3H)  (12,FEE 1657
107 FORMAT(12H0
          IH,I3,IH)
          RETURN
          END(0,1,0,0,0)

*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C      HEADING 9
      SUBROUTINE HED9
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107
107 FORMAT(113H0RMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT ALONG PRINCIPAL
          1AXIS R PROJECTED ON VECTOR DEFINED BY TWO ATOMS. ANGSTROMS/40HD
          2           ATOM      R      VECTOR) 1673
          RETURN

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END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1677
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   PRINCIPAL AXIS PROJECTED ON VECTOR, FFE 1678
SUBROUTINE FUN9 FFE 1679
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1680
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1681
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1682
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1683
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1684
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1685
CALLFUNC(C,Z) FFE 1686
FX#C#Z FFE 1687
RETURN FFE 1688
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1689
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   HEADING 10 FFE 1690
SUBROUTINE HED10 FFE 1691
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107 FFE 1692
107 FORVAT(85HDANGLE BETWEEN PRINCIPAL AXIS R AND AXIS I OF CARTESIAN FFE 1693
  ISYSTEM DEFINED BY TWO VECTORS/45HD ATOM R I DEF1 FFE 1694
  2NING VECTORS) FFE 1695
  RETURN FFE 1696
  END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1697
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 10 FFE 1698
SUBROUTINE PRE10 FFE 1699
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1700
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1701
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1702
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1703
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1704
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1705
CALLSETKB(IN(2)) FFE 1706
DO109I#6,12,2 FFE 1707
109 CALLSETKX(IN(I)) FFE 1708
RETURN FFE 1709
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1710
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   ANGLE BETWEEN PRINCIPAL AND CARTESIAN AXES FFE 1711
SUBROUTINE FUN10 FFE 1712
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1713
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1714
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1715
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1716
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1717
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1718
CALLFUNC(X,C,Z) FFE 1719
FX#ARCCOS(C) FFE 1720
RETURN FFE 1721
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1722
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 10 FFE 1723
SUBROUTINE OUT10 FFE 1724
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1725
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1726
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1727
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1728
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1729
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1730
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107,(IN(I),I#2,13) FFE 1731
107 FORMAT(12H0 (I2,IH,13,4H) I1,I3,4H (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2, FFE 1732
  IH,I3,IH)/30H (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,3H) (I2,IH,I3,3H) FFE 1733
  2IH) FFE 1734
  RETURN FFE 1735
  END(0,1,0,0,0) FFE 1736
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   HEADING 11 FFE 1737
SUBROUTINE HED11 FFE 1738
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107 FFE 1739
107 FORMAT(1D10HMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT ALONG PRINCIPAL FFE 1740
  FFE 1741
  FFE 1742
  FFE 1743
  FFE 1744
  FFE 1745
  FFE 1746

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IAXIS R PROJECTED ON AXIS I OF CARTESIAN SYSTEM/34H DEFINED BY TWO FFF 1747
2VECTORS. ANGSTROMS/45HO          ATOM      R   I   DEFINING VECTOR FFE 1748
3S)                                         FFE 1749
  RETURN                                         FFE 1750
  END(0,1,0,0,0)                                         FFE 1751
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   PRINCIPAL AXIS PROJECTED ON CARTESIAN AXIS             FFE 1752
  SUBROUTINE FUN11                                         FFE 1753
  COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1754
  COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1755
  COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,P,ROW,KII,K12 FFE 1756
  DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1757
  DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1758
  DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),K12(300) FFE 1759
  CALLFUNX(C,Z)                                         FFE 1760
  FX#C*Z                                         FFE 1761
  RETURN                                         FFE 1762
  END(0,1,0,0,0)                                         FFE 1763
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   MEAN SQUARE RADIAL DISPLACEMENT                      FFE 1764
  SUBROUTINE FUNR(I,RSQ)                                         FFE 1765
  COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1766
  COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1767
  COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,P,ROW,KII,K12 FFE 1768
  DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1769
  DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1770
  DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),K12(300) FFE 1771
  DIMENSIONB(3,3),BAA(3,3)                                         FFE 1772
  CALLSTOAA                                         FFE 1773
  CALLBETA(I,R)                                         FFE 1774
  CALLMM(B,AA,BAA)                                         FFE 1775
  RSQ#TRACE(BAA)*0.0506605918 FFE 1776
  RETURN                                         FFE 1777
  END(0,1,0,0,0)                                         FFE 1778
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   COMPUTE QUANTITIES FOR MEAN BOND DISTANCE           FFE 1779
  SUBROUTINE FUNR(C,R)                                         FFE 1780
  COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1781
  COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1782
  COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,KII,K12 FFE 1783
  DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1784
  DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1785
  DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),K12(300) FFE 1786
  DIMENSIONC(21,X(3,2),V(3))                                         FFE 1787
  DO115I#1,2                                         FFE 1788
  CALLFUNR(IN(2*I),RSQ)                                         FFE 1789
  CALLFUNXI(IN(2*I),IN(2),XISO)                                         FFE 1790
  C(I)#RSQ-XISO                                         FFE 1791
  I15 CALLATOM(IN(2*I),X(I,1))                                         FFE 1792
  CALLDIFV(X(I,2),X(I,1),VI)                                         FFE 1793
  R#SQRTF(VMV(V,AA,VI))                                         FFE 1794
  RETURN                                         FFE 1795
  END(0,1,0,C,0)                                         FFE 1796
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C   MEAN SQUARE DISPLACEMENT IN GIVEN DIRECTION         FFE 1797
  SUBROUTINE FUNXI(I,J,XISO)                                         FFE 1798
  COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFE 1799
  COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFE 1800
  COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,P,ROW,KII,K12 FFE 1801
  DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1802
  DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1803
  DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),K12(300) FFE 1804
  DIMENSIONI(2),J(4),B(3,3),X1(3),X2(3),V(3),BAA(3,3),AABAA(3,3) FFE 1805
  CALLSTOAA                                         FFE 1806
  CALLBETA(I,R)                                         FFE 1807
  CALLATOM(J,1,X1)                                         FFE 1808
  CALLATOM(J,3),X2)                                         FFE 1809
  IF(NG)207,117,207                                         FFE 1810
  I17 CALLDIFV(X2,X1,VI)                                         FFE 1811
  D#VMV(V,AA,V)                                         FFE 1812
  FFE 1813
  FFE 1814
  FFE 1815
  FFE 1816

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      IF(D)123,123,201          FFE 1817
123 NG#10                      FFE 1818
      GOTO207                   FFE 1819
201 CALLMM(B,AA,BAA)           FFE 1820
      CALLMM(AA,BAA,AABAA)       FFE 1821
      XISQ#VMV(V,AABAA,V)*0.05066059187D   FFE 1822
207 RETURN                      FFE 1823
      END(0,1,0,0,0)            FFE 1824
*TYPE(FORTRAN)                 FFE 1825
C   HEADING 12                  FFE 1826
      SUBROUTINE HED12          FFE 1827
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107       FFE 1828
107 FORMAT(18H0RMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT IN DIRECTION DEF1FFF 1829
      INED BY TWO ATOMS. ANGSTROMS/40HO          ATOM          VFFE 1830
      2ECTOR)                         FFE 1831
      RETURN                          FFE 1832
      END(0,1,0,0,0)            FFE 1833
*TYPE(FORTRAN)                 FFE 1834
C   PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 12     FFE 1835
      SUBROUTINE PRF12            FFE 1836
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE  FFE 1837
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP  FFE 1838
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12  FFE 1839
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)    FFE 1840
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1841
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)                      FFE 1842
      CALLSETKB(IN(2))          FFE 1843
      DO109I#4,6,2              FFE 1844
109 CALLSETKX(IN(I))          FFE 1845
      RETURN                      FFE 1846
      END(0,1,0,0,0)            FFE 1847
*TYPE(FORTRAN)                 FFE 1848
C   RMS DISPLACEMENT IN GIVEN DIRECTION
      SUBROUTINE FUN12            FFE 1849
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE  FFE 1850
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP  FFE 1851
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12  FFE 1852
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)    FFE 1853
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1854
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)                      FFE 1855
      CALLFUNXI(IN(2),IN(4),XISQ)          FFE 1856
      FX#SQRTF(XISQ)             FFE 1857
      RETURN                      FFE 1858
      END(0,1,0,0,0)            FFE 1859
*TYPE(FORTRAN)                 FFE 1860
C   OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 12
      SUBROUTINE OUT12            FFE 1861
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE  FFE 1862
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP  FFE 1863
      COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12  FFE 1864
      DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6)    FFE 1865
      DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1866
      DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300)                      FFE 1867
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107,(IN(I),I#2,7)          FFE 1868
107 FORMAT(12H0          (12,IH,I3,3H) (12,IH,FFE 1869
      I3,IH))                     FFE 1870
      RETURN                      FFE 1871
      END(0,1,0,0,0)            FFE 1872
*TYPE(FORTRAN)                 FFE 1873
C   HEADING 13                  FFE 1874
      SUBROUTINE HED13            FFE 1875
      WRITEOUTPUTTAPE9,107       FFE 1876
107 FORMAT(51H0RMS RADIAL THERMAL DISPLACEMENT OF ATOM. ANGSTROMS)  FFE 1877
      RETURN                      FFE 1878
      END(0,1,0,0,0)            FFE 1879
*TYPE(FORTRAN)                 FFE 1880
C   RMS RADIAL DISPLACEMENT
      SUBROUTINE FUN13            FFE 1881
      COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE  FFE 1882
      COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP  FFE 1883

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COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BP,P,ROW,KII,KI2 FFF 1887
DIMFNSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFF 1888
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)FFF 1889
DIMFNSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),KI2(300) FFF 1890
CALLFUNR(IN(2),RSQ) FFF 1891
FX#SQRTF(RSQ) FFF 1892
RETURN FFF 1893
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFF 1894
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFF 1895
C   OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 13 FFF 1896
SUBROUTINE OUT13 FFF 1897
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFF 1898
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFF 1899
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BP,P,ROW,KII,KI2 FFF 1900
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFF 1901
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)FFF 1902
DIMFNSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),KI2(300) FFF 1903
WRITEOUTPUTTAPF9,107,(IN(1),I#2,3) FFF 1904
107 FORMAT(12HD (I2,IH,I3,IH)) FFF 1905
RETURN FFF 1906
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFF 1907
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFF 1908
C   HEADING 14 FFF 1909
SUBROUTINE HED14 FFF 1910
WRITEOUTPUTTAPF9,107 FFF 1911
107 FORMAT(88H0INTERATOMIC DISTANCE AVERAGED OVER THERMAL MOTION. SEC0FFF 1912
IND ATOM ASSUMED TO RIDE ON FIRST) FFF 1913
RETURN FFF 1914
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFF 1915
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFF 1916
C   PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 14 FFF 1917
SUBROUTINE PRE14 FFF 1918
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFF 1919
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFF 1920
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BP,P,ROW,KII,KI2 FFF 1921
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFF 1922
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)FFF 1923
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),KI2(300) FFF 1924
DO109I#2,4,2 FFF 1925
CALLSETKX(IN(1)) FFF 1926
109 CALLSETKB(IN(1)) FFF 1927
RETURN FFF 1928
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFF 1929
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFF 1930
C   MEAN BOND DISTANCE ASSUMING RIDING FFF 1931
SUBROUTINE FUN14 FFF 1932
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JPP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFF 1933
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFF 1934
COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BP,P,ROW,KII,KI2 FFF 1935
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFF 1936
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3)FFF 1937
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),KII(300),KI2(300) FFF 1938
DIMENSIONC(2) FFF 1939
CALLFUNCR(C,R) FFF 1940
FX#R+(C(2)-C(1))/(2.0*R) FFF 1941
RETURN FFF 1942
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFF 1943
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFF 1944
C   HEADING 15 FFF 1945
SUBROUTINE HED15 FFF 1946
WRITEOUTPUTTAPF9,107 FFF 1947
107 FORMAT(87H0INTERATOMIC DISTANCE AVERAGED OVER THERMAL MOTION. ATOMFFF 1948
IS ASSUMED TO MOVE INDEPENDENTLY) FFF 1949
RETURN FFF 1950
END(0,1,0,0,0) FFF 1951
*TYPE(FORTRAN) FFF 1952
C   MEAN INTERATOMIC DISTANCE ASSUMING INDEPENDENT MOTION FFF 1953
SUBROUTINE FUN15 FFF 1954
COMMON NG,IPM,NP,IAM,NS,NV,JXP,JX,JBP,JB,NM,SCALE,ITF,NQ,INSAVE FFF 1955
COMMON DMAX,NA,F,FX,LNZ,KK,KKD,SAVEA,SAVEP,VARA,VARP,EI,E,IH,NSP FFF 1956

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COMMON TITLE,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,P,ROW,K11,K12 FFE 1957
DIMENSION TITLE(12),PM(20100),DP(200),DFDP(200),AM(21),DA(6) FFE 1958
DIMENSION DFDA(6),IN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3) FFE 1959
DIMENSION P(300),ROW(6),K11(300),K12(300) FFE 1960
DIMENSION C(2) FFE 1961
CALLFUNC(R,C)
FX#R+(C(2)+C(1))/(2.0*R)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C DUMMY SUBROUTINE. MAY BE CHANGED BY USER.
SUBROUTINE SETA(A)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C DUMMY SUBROUTINE. MAY BE CHANGED BY USER.
SUBROUTINE SETP(P)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)

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SUBROUTINES FOR EXAMPLES

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*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C EXAMPLE 1 AND 2. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ.
SUBROUTINE SETA(A)
DIMENSION A(6)
A(2)#A(1)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C EXAMPLE 1. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ.
SUBROUTINE SETP(P)
DIMENSION P(100)
P(5)#P(4)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)
*TYPE(FORTRAN)
C EXAMPLE 2. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ.
SUBROUTINE SETP(P)
DIMENSION P(100)
P(17)#P(16)
P(20)#P(19)
P(24)~-P(23)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)

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DATA FOR EXAMPLES

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*DATA
EXAMPLE 1. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ. USES CARD INPUT. FFE 1999
   1 6 1 5 4 3 1 0 0 FFE 2000
   .4155727 .2676554 .1179998 .5294765 .5294765 .3333333 FFE 2001
   111100 FFE 2002
   1.0 FFE 2003
   .85384856-7 .73725640-7-.29955735-7-.68440656-8 .13675298-6-.57040983-7 FFE 2004
   .11775529-7 .97987015-7 .20795807-7 .33845897-7 FFE 2005
   4.913     0     5.404     0     0    -0.5 FFE 2006
   .005      0     .010     0     0 FFE 2007
   1-2          -2          -3 FFE 2008
   2-1          -1     .33333333+3 FFE 2009
   1          2-1     .33333333-3 FFE 2010

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	2		I-2	.66666667+3	FFE 2012					
	2		I	.66666667-3	FFE 2013					
I	2300	I	2		FFE 2014					
I	2300	1300			FFE 2015					
2	I	2	2300	I	3	FFE 2016				
2	1300	2300	1305		FFE 2017					
2	1300	2300	I	2	FFE 2018					
3	2300	I	2	I	3	2300	I	1300	1305	FFE 2019
4	2300	I	2	2300	1300		FFE 2020			
5	I	2	2300	I	3	1300	2300	I	1305	FFE 2021
0						FFE 2022				
*DATA										FFE 2023
EXAMPLE 2. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ. USES OR FLS TAPE.										FFE 2024
I	0	I	5							FFE 2025
4.913		0	5.404		0	0	-0.5			FFE 2026
.005		0	.010		0	0				FFE 2027
	1-2		-2		-3					FFE 2028
	2-1		-1		.33333333+3					FFE 2029
	I		2-1		.33333333-3					FFE 2030
	2		I-2		.66666667+3					FFE 2031
	2		I		.66666667-3					FFE 2032
I	2300	I	2							FFE 2033
I	2300	1300								FFE 2034
2	I	2	2300	I	3					FFE 2035
2	1300	2300	1305							FFE 2036
2	1300	2300	I	2						FFE 2037
3	2300	I	2	I	3	2300	I	1300	1305	FFE 2038
4	2300	I	2	2300	1300					FFE 2039
5	I	2	2300	I	3	1300	2300	I	1305	FFE 2040
207	2	0								FFE 2041
108	I	2	2300	I	2					FFE 2042
110	I	2	2300	I	2	2300	I	3		FFE 2043
110	2300		2300	2	0	2300	2700			FFE 2044
12	I	2	2300	I	2					FFE 2045
12	2300	2300	I	2						FFE 2046
13	I	2								FFE 2047
13	2300									FFE 2048
15	2300	I	2							FFE 2049
0										FFE 2050

*TYPE(BINARY)	FFE 2051
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PROGRAM OUTPUT FOR EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ. USES CARD INPUT.

INPUT DATA TO BE READ FROM CARDS

NUMBER OF STRUCTURE PARAMETERS IS 6

VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX AND PARAMETER SELECTION INFORMATION WILL BE USED

NUMBER OF SYMMETRY CARDS IS 5

CELL PARAMETER ERRORS ARE TO BE READ IN THE FORM OF STANDARD ERRORS

ORDER OF THE VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR THE STRUCTURE PARAMETERS IS 4

PERIOD OF THE POSITION PARAMETERS IN THE PARAMETER LIST IS 3

POSITION OF THE FIRST X COORDINATE IN THE PARAMETER LIST IS 1

INPUT DATA

I	P(I)	KIII(I)
1	0.4156	1
2	0.2677	1
3	0.1180	1
4	0.5295	1
5	0.5295	0
6	0.3333	0

EXAMPLE 1. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ. USES CARD INPUT.

CELL PARAMETERS

4.9130 0. 5.4040 0. 0. -0.5000

STANDARD ERRORS, RESPECTIVELY, OF THE ABOVE CELL PARAMETERS

0.0050 0. 0.0100 0. 0. 0.

SYMMETRY INFORMATION

TRANSFORMED X	TRANSFORMED Y	TRANSFORMED Z
-0. 1-2	-0. -2-0	-0. -3-0
-0. 2-1	-0. -1-0	0.333333 3-0
-0. -1-0	-0. 2-1	0.333333-3-0
-0. -2-0	-0. 1-2	0.666667 3-0
-0. 2-0	-0. 1-0	0.666667-3-0

EXAMPLE 1. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ. USES CARD INPUT.

INTERATOMIC DISTANCE IN ANGSTROMS

(2,300) (1, 2)

1.6012 +OR- 0.0019 (0.0012)

(2,300) (1,300)

1.6131 +OR- 0.0021 (0.0012)

BOND ANGLE IN DEGREES. CENTRAL ATOM IS VERTEX

(1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)	109.2048 +OR- 0.1013 (0.0975)
(1,300) (2,300) (1,305)	110.1962 +OR- 0.1689 (0.1443)
(1,300) (2,300) (1, 2)	109.9518 +OR- 0.0875 (0.0755)

DIHEDRAL ANGLE BETWEEN PLANES EACH DEFINED BY THREE ATOMS

(2,300) (1, 2) (1, 3)	
(2,300) (1,300) (1,305)	89.1600 +OR- 0.1128 (0.0478)

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO INTERATOMIC DISTANCES

(2,300) (1, 2)	
(2,300) (1,300)	-0.0119 +OR- 0.0026 (0.0022)

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO BOND ANGLES

(1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)	
(1,300) (2,300) (1,305)	0.9914 +OR- 0.1787 (0.1681)

EXAMPLE 2. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ. USES OR FLS TAPE.

INPUT DATA TO BE READ FROM OR FLS TAPE

VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX AND PARAMETER SELECTION INFORMATION WILL
BE USED

NUMBER OF SYMMETRY CARDS IS 5

CELL PARAMETER ERRORS ARE
TO BE READ IN THE FORM OF STANDARD ERRORS

NUMBER OF STRUCTURE PARAMETERS IS 24

PERIOD OF THE POSITION PARAMETERS IN THE PARAMETER LIST IS 11

POSITION OF THE FIRST X COORDINATE IN THE PARAMETER LIST IS 5

PERIOD OF THE TEMPERATURE FACTOR COEFFICIENTS IN THE PARAMETER LIST IS 11

POSITION OF THE FIRST TEMPERATURE FACTOR COEFFICIENT IN THE PARAMETER LIST IS 8

ORDER OF THE VARIANCE-COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR THE STRUCTURE PARAMETERS IS 15

INPUT DATA

I P(I) KII(I)

I	1.0004	I
2	0.	O
3	1.0000	O
4	1.0000	O
5	0.4156	I
6	0.2677	I
7	0.1180	I
8	0.0039	J
9	0.0045	I
10	0.0027	I

11	0.00020	1
12	0.00000	1
13	0.0002	1
14	2.00000	0
15	0.50000	0
16	0.5295	1
17	0.5295	0
18	0.3333	0
19	0.0067	1
20	0.0067	0
21	0.0040	1
22	0.0034	1
23	0.0002	1
24	-0.0002	0

EXAMPLE 2. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ. USES OR FLS TAPE.

CELL PARAMETERS

4.9130	0.	5.4040	0.	0.	-0.5000
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STANDARD ERRORS, RESPECTIVELY, OF THE ABOVE CELL PARAMETERS

0.0050	0.	0.0100	0.	0.	0.
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SYMMETRY INFORMATION

TRANSFORMED X	TRANSFORMED Y	TRANSFORMED Z
-0.	-1-2	-0.
-0.	2-1	-0.
-0.	-1-0	-0.
-0.	-2-0	-0.
-0.	2-0	-0.
		-3-0
		0.333333 3-0
		0.333333-3-0
		0.666667 3-0
		0.666667-3-0

EXAMPLE 2. HYPOTHETICAL PROBLEM BASED ON ALPHA QUARTZ. USES OR FLS TAPE.

INTERATOMIC DISTANCE IN ANGSTROMS

(2,300) (1, 2)	1.6012 +OR- 0.0019 (0.0012)
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(2,300) (1,300)	1.6131 +OR- 0.0021 (0.0012)
-------------------	------------------------------

BOND ANGLE IN DEGREES. CENTRAL ATOM IS VERTEX

(1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)	109.2048 +OR- 0.1014 (0.0977)
--------------------------	--------------------------------

(1,300) (2,300) (1,305)	110.1962 +OR- 0.1688 (0.1441)
----------------------------	--------------------------------

(1,300) (2,300) (1, 2)	109.9518 +OR- 0.0875 (0.0756)
---------------------------	--------------------------------

DIHEDRAL ANGLE BETWEEN PLANES EACH DEFINED BY THREE ATOMS

(2,300) (1, 2) (1, 3)	89.1600 +OR- 0.1128 (0.0477)
--------------------------	-------------------------------

(2,300) (1,300) (1,305)	
----------------------------	--

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO INTERATOMIC DISTANCES

(2,300) (1, 2)	
------------------	--

(2,300) (1,300)	-0.0119 +OR- 0.0026 (0.0022)
-------------------	-------------------------------

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO BOND ANGLES

(1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)
 (1,300) (2,300) (1,305)
 0.9914 +OR- 0.1784 (0.1679)

RMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT ALONG PRINCIPAL AXIS R. ANGSTROMS

ATOM	R	
(1, 0)	1	0.0600 +OR- 0.0073 (0.0073)
(1, 0)	2	0.0619 +OR- 0.0050 (0.0050)
(1, 0)	3	0.0668 +OR- 0.0068 (0.0068)
(2, 0)	1	0.0742 +OR- 0.0033 (0.0033)
(2, 0)	2	0.0785 +OR- 0.0033 (0.0033)
(2, 0)	3	0.0798 +OR- 0.0035 (0.0035)

ANGLE BETWEEN PRINCIPAL AXIS R AND VECTOR DEFINED BY TWO ATOMS

ATOM	R	VECTOR	
(1, 2)	1	(2,300) (1, 2)	76.6802 +OR-56.4312 (56.4311)
(1, 2)	2	(2,300) (1, 2)	79.0386 +OR-57.5388 (57.5340)
(1, 2)	3	(2,300) (1, 2)	17.3808 +OR-39.1984 (39.1957)

ANGLE BETWEEN PRINCIPAL AXIS R AND AXIS I OF CARTESIAN SYSTEM DEFINED BY TWO VECTORS

ATOM	R	I	DEFINING VECTORS	
(1, 2)	1	1	(2,300) (1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)	76.6802 +OR-56.4312 (56.4311)
(1, 2)	1	2	(2,300) (1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)	77.3633 +OR-51.2667 (51.2667)
(1, 2)	1	3	(2,300) (1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)	161.4757 +OR-80.2633 (80.2633)
(1, 2)	2	1	(2,300) (1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)	79.0386 +OR-57.5388 (57.5340)
(1, 2)	2	2	(2,300) (1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)	164.9587 +OR-32.7963 (32.7957)
(1, 2)	2	3	(2,300) (1, 2) (2,300) (1, 3)	100.1726 +OR-48.7792 (48.7790)

{ 1, 2)	3 1	(2,300) (1, 2)	
		(2,300) (1, 3)	17.3808 +OR-39.1984 (39.1957)
{ 1, 2)	3 2	(2,300) (1, 2)	
		(2,300) (1, 3)	81.9750 +OR-43.5891 (43.5834)
{ 1, 2)	3 3	(2,300) (1, 2)	
		(2,300) (1, 3)	74.6870 +OR-37.9786 (37.9784)
{ 2,300)	1 1	(2,300) (2, 0)	
		(2,300) (2,700)	90.0000 +OR- 0. (0.)
{ 2,300)	1 2	(2,300) (2, 0)	
		(2,300) (2,700)	45.2094 +OR-24.2878 (24.2720)
{ 2,300)	1 3	(2,300) (2, 0)	
		(2,300) (2,700)	44.7906 +OR-24.2879 (24.2721)
{ 2,300)	2 1	(2,300) (2, 0)	
		(2,300) (2,700)	179.9815 +OR- 1.4866 (1.3871)
{ 2,300)	2 2	(2,300) (2, 0)	
		(2,300) (2,700)	89.9902 +OR- 3.0562 (2.6073)
{ 2,300)	2 3	(2,300) (2, 0)	
		(2,300) (2,700)	90.0183 +OR- 5.7403 (4.8985)
{ 2,300)	3 1	(2,300) (2, 0)	
		(2,300) (2,700)	90.0000 +OR- 0. (0.)
{ 2,300)	3 2	(2,300) (2, 0)	
		(2,300) (2,700)	135.2073 +OR-24.0921 (24.0671)
{ 2,300)	3 3	(2,300) (2, 0)	
		(2,300) (2,700)	45.2073 +OR-24.0921 (24.0672)

RMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT IN DIRECTION DEFINED BY TWO ATOMS. ANGSTROMS

ATOM	VECTOR	
{ 1, 2)	(2,300) (1, 2)	0.0662 +OR- 0.0067 (0.0067)
{ 2,300)	(2,300) (1, 2)	0.0791 +OR- 0.0022 (0.0022)

RMS RADIAL THERMAL DISPLACEMENT OF ATOM. ANGSTROMS

{ 1, 2)	0.1090 +OR- 0.0036 (0.0036)
{ 2,300)	0.1343 +OR- 0.0016 (0.0016)

INTERATOMIC DISTANCE AVERAGED OVER THERMAL MOTION. ATOMS ASSUMED TO MOVE INDEPENDENTLY

{ 2,300) (1, 2)	1.6072 +OR- 0.0019 (0.0012)
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